The Bombay Gazette

No. 11,925 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1887.

ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

STEAM TO ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MALTA, GIBRALTAR, PLYMOUTH, LONDON, BRINDISI, VENICE, TRIESTE, AND MARSEILLES.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES.

Vessel.	Tons.	H. P.	Captain	FRIDAY.
MALWA	2953	500	G. W. Atkinson	25th Feb.
KAISAR-I-HINDUSTAN	7371	1500	C. G. Stead	4th Mar
NEPAUL	3438	650	T. J. Allerton	11th "
ASSAM	3035	500	J. C. Hassall	18th "
THAMES	4101	800	W. A. Seaton	25th "
TASMANIA	4151	800	C. P. Perrins	1st Apl
GANGES	1496	340	E. Stewart	8th "
NIGAM	2724	500	H. Hazlewood	15th "
COROMANDEL	4136	800	J. Reeves	22nd "
SURAT	3142	550	W. G. Nantes	29th "
PESHAWAR	3939	600	L. H. Meade	6th May.
SIAM	3041	500	W. U. Worcester	13th "
CATHAY	2953	500	S. Ashdown	20th "

TUESDAY.

MEDINA	4732	900	W. B. Andrews	24th May.

The steamers marked L proceed direct to London via Malta; and those marked M via Marseilles. By the others, passengers for London change vessels at Suez. All London steamers call at Plymouth.

Through Tickets are issued including Railway Fare from Brindisi to London and names registered for places in the sleeping Cars.

A steam-barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 5 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey passengers on board.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	To sail. 1887.
CATHAY	2953	500	E. Ashdown	4th March.
BOKHARA	2911	500	C. Edwards	18th "
ROHILLA	3307	700	W. Arratt	1st April.
ROSETTA	330	700	G. W. Brady	15th "
VERONA	3115	600	W. J. Webber	29th "

Return Tickets are issued, at greatly Reduced Rates, to all ports, for particulars of which apply to

F. D. PARKER,
Superintendent P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, Febuary 19, 1887.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA

SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail-steamers leave BOMBAY at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, NAPLES, GENOA, and MARSEILLES, and from GENOA on dates given below:—

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340.
" to Marseilles " 520, " 350.

First and second respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers for Marseilles transhipped at Genoa.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual discount to Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE

Steamer.	Tons. H.P.	Bombay.	Genoa.
SINGAPORE	5,000 800	20th	10th April.
R. RUBATTINO	5 000 800	10th March	1st May.
D. BALDINO	5 000 700	1 April	20th "
MANILLA	5,000 800	20th April	10th June.
SINGAPORE	5,000 800	10th May	7th July.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Tons.	To sail
BORMIDA	4,000	16th Feb.

For Handbooks of Information and othe particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Feb. 7, 1887.

AUSTRO HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

FORTNIGHTLY LINE OF STEAMERS BETWEEN BOMBAY, BRINDISI AND TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To leave
POSEIDON	G. Doucich	4000	600	3rd March
THISBE	L. Lomesich	3800	450	18th do.
ORION	G. Matijanel	3500	550	1st April.
AMPHITRITE	B. Gelcich	4000	650	7th do.
ELEKTRA	G. Rausich	4200	600	1st May.
MEDUSA	E. Perini	3500	550	7th do.
PANDORA	P. Meras	3800	550	1st June.
TITANIA	S. Meras	4200	600	7th do.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 150

RETURN TICKETS are now issued available for SIX MONTHS at the following rates:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 18th.
BRINDISI on the 20th, of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch, on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail. 1887.
MEDUSA	E. Perini	3,500	550	14th March.

No Cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street.
Bombay, Feb. 14, 1887.

ANCHOR LINE.

S.S. VICTORIA.

FOR LIVERPOOL DIRECT; SAILING MARCH 3rd

ATTENTION is invited to this well-known and favourite passenger steamer of 3,358 tons, sailing punctually as above. Carries a Surgeon and Stewardess, and has every comfort for first class passengers only.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 10th February, 1887.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.

THE following departures are arranged:—

Steamers.	Tons.	Commander.	On or about
*CLAN GRAHAM	2935	James White	2nd March

The Saloons and State Rooms are all on the Upper Deck and are fitted with every requisite for comfort. Surgeon and Stewardess carried. For rates of passage, &c., apply to the Agents.

Special quotations for families and parties.

FINLAY, MUIR & CO.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th February 1887.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES BOOKED by P. and O. and all other steamers without charge for commission. A pamphlet giving rates and full particulars forwarded on application. Grindlay's Hand book for Travellers may also be had free.

GRINDLAY, GROOM, AND Co., BOMBAY,
GRINDLAY AND Co., CALCUTTA.

KEMP & CO.'S DIGESTIVE TABLETS.

A sure and pleasant Remedy for

INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, HEARTBURN, &c.

Per Bottle, Re. 1.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP & Co., Ld., BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO.'S SEIDLITZ POWDER.

For Making the Celebrated Mineral Water of the Seidlitz Springs in an Effervescent form.

WE can RECOMMEND this as superior in its cooling and purifying effects to any other preparation sold under the same name, and as approaching nearer to the renowned Natural Water for which the above spring is so celebrated.

Per Bottle Rs. 1-8.

KEMP & CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

CRYSTOLEUM SETS AND APPARATUS FOR PAINTING ON GLASS.

THE Crystoleum system of painting on glass has of late come prominently before the World, and enjoys a great and increasing popularity on account of its easiness and the small amount of trouble with which it is mastered.

To excel in Crystoleum Painting, not the slightest previous knowledge of Art is necessary, and there is no reason why the first attempt of an entire novice should not be a perfect success.

Complete Sets, from Rs. 15 to 35.

KEMP AND CO., Ld., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED).

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S.S. PACHUMBA," 867 tons, on FRIDAY, 25th Feby., 1887, at noon, calling at Veraval Mangrole, Porebunder, and Kutch Mandvie.

FOR CUTCH AND PERSIAN GULF.

S.S. "PURULIA," 1,554 tons, on MONDAY, 21st February, on arrival of Outward English Mail calling at Kurrachee, Gwadur, Muscat, Jask, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bushire, Mohr, and Muscat, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR ADEN AND MOCHA.

S.S. "ETHIOPIA," 2,032 tons, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd February, at 5 p.m., calling at such ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR ADEN, ZANZIBAR AND MOZAMBIQUE.

THE S.S. "MECCA," 1,450 tons, on FRIDAY, the 25th February, at 5 p.m.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE.

S.S. "KANGRA," 1,978 tons, on or about FRIDAY, 18th March, at 5 p.m.

s.s. HENZADA ..... 2073 tons, on 15th April.
s.s. HUZARA ..... 2078 " " 13th May.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.

Bombay, February 19, 1887. Agents.

COOK'S TRAVELLING TICKETS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED without charge for commission and THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED from any Railway Station in India to all parts of Europe, Egypt, Palestine, Japan, America, Australia, &c., allowing breaks of journey anywhere *en route* and available by—

ALL TRAINS AND ANY LINE OF STEAMERS.

Through Bookings to London *at lowest rates*. Quotations and every information re Quarantine, Steamer Sailings, Sleeping Cars, &c., freely given. Cook's Coupons for nearly 800 Hotels.

Cook's Traveller's Gazette, yearly Subscription Rs. 3, with the Howard Vincent Map of the World (Just published).

Address—THOMAS COOK & SON,
BOMBAY: RAMPART-ROW, FORT.
CALCUTTA: 11 Old Court House Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARTISTS' WATER COLOURS.

WINSOR AND NEWTON'S.

	Cash prices. Rs. as.
One-Shilling Cakes, Pans or Tubes.....each	0 10
Eighteen-Penny do. do. ..... "	1 0
Two-Shilling do. do. ..... "	1 2
Three-Shilling do. do. ..... "	1 12
Five-Shilling do. do. ..... "	2 12

BOXES OF DRY CAKE WATER COLOURS.

Six-Shilling Box, fitted with 6 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	4 4
Twelve-Shilling Box, fitted with 12 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	8 8
One-Guinea Box, fitted with 12 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	15 0
Two-Guinea Box, fitted with 24 Colours, Brushes, &c. ..... "	30 0
Five-Guinea Box, especially fitted for Architects, Surveyors, &c., containing 16 Colours, Liquid Colours, Sable Brushes, Pens, Pencils, Chinaware, &c., &c. ..... "	72 0

And other sizes.

BOXES OF MOIST PAN COLOURS.

Half-Guinea Box, fitted with 6 whole Pans of Colour, &c. ..... "	6 8
One-Guinea Box, fitted with 12 whole Pans of Colour, &c ..... "	13 0
Thirty-Shilling Box, fitted with 18 whole Pans of Colour, &c. ..... "	22 0

And other sizes.

BOXES OF MOIST TUBE COLOURS.

Twenty-two-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 12 Tubes, Colour, &c ..... "	15 0
Thirty-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 24 Tubes, Colour, &c. ..... "	35 0
Seventy-Shilling Japanned Tin Box, fitted with 30 Tubes, Colour, &c. ..... "	52

And other sizes.

For colours contained in all the above boxes see our Illustrated Catalogue.

GOLD PAINT.
GOLD INK. LIQUIDS.
INDIAN INK. MEDIUMS, &c.

Solid Sketching and Drawing Blacks.

SCHLEICHER AND SCHULL'S SECTIONAL AND DRAWING PAPERS.

FINEST RED AND BROWN SABLE BRUSHES.
SKY AND WASH BRUSHES.
BEST CAMEL'S-HAIR BRUSHES.
WATER BOTTLES. DIPPERS.
BEST CUMBERLAND LEAD ARTISTS' PENCILS.
FRENCH PASTEL CRAYONS.
CONTE CRAYONS.
ARTISTS' MATERIALS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Illustrated Catalogues on application.

TREACHER & CO., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

LACE CURTAINS.
LENO CURTAINS.
REP CURTAINS.
CURTAIN RINGS.
CURTAIN HOOKS.
BRASS POLES.
POLE FINIALS.
POLE BRACKETS.
BRASS CORNICES.
CURTAIN HOLDERS.
HOLDER HOOKS.
CURTAIN BORDERINGS.
PURDAH BORDERINGS.
FANCY BRASS NAILS.
FURNITURE GIMPS.
BLIND CORD.
PICTURE CORD.

DESCRIPTIVE LIST ON APPLICATION.

WATSON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE HOTEL,
BOMBAY.

HALF-ANNA STATIONERY.

ONE SHEET and one Envelope Weighing under the half Tola.

EACH CASE CONTAINS

50 Sheets Cream-laid Note Paper, and 50 Court 8vo. Envelopes to match.

Per Box, Re. 1.

KEMP and Co., Ld.,
FORT, CUMBALLA HILL, AND BYCULLA.

RHEUMATIKON.

A CERTAIN AND NEVER FAILING SPECIFIC

For the Cure of Rheumatism, Lumbago, Sciatica, Sore Throats, Cold at the Chest, Sprains, Contusions, etc.

Per Bottle, Re. 1.

PREPARED ONLY BY
KEMP AND CO., Ld., BOMBAY

THE NEW LAND REVENUE POLICY OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT:

TAXATION OF SUBSOIL WATER

AT THE

FORTHCOMING REVISION SETTLEMENTS IN GUJARAT,

BEING

A REPRINT OF ARTICLES AND LETTERS CHIEFLY FROM THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*,

WITH

Appendix containing the Resolutions of Bombay Government, dated the 26th March and 25th July, 1884, respectively.

Price, 1 Re.; postage, 1 Anna.

Bombay Gazette Office, Rampart-row.

NOTICES

BYCULLA CLUB.

THE HALF-YEARLY GENERAL MEETING of the members of the Byculla Club will be held at the Club House, on SATURDAY, the 26th February 1887, at 6 o'clock p. m.

H. P. YELD, Surgeon-Major,
Honorary Secretary.
January 1887.

TO LET

THE PREMISES commonly known as the "INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION" in New Sonapoor. They will be let in portion as may be considered Suitable. Full particulars can be ascertained by reference to the Undersigned.

ADAMJEE PEERBHOY,
Parel Road, Old Imambara, No. 10.

INDIAN GUARANTEE & SURETYSHIP ASSOCIATION, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that a DIVIDEND of 10 per cent. for the year ending 31st December 1886 will be paid to Registered Shareholders on and aft. FRIDAY the 25th instant at the Offices, No. 9, Elphinstone Circle.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
D. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, E. I. A.,
Secretary.

FOR SALE for delivery on the 15th March the undermentioned HORSES, the property of the Bombay Hunt:—

B. W. G. aged price	Rs. 550
B. A. H. 6 years, about 14.2½, broken to harness "	5 0
G. A. H. 6 years, about 14.1½ ..... "	500

The above horses have been regularly hunted throughout the season and are believed to be sound.

For further particulars apply to the Undersigned at The Kennels, Worlee.

GEORGE K. REMINGTON.

NOTICE.

THE PRINCIPAL MEDICAL STOREKEEPER, Bombay, invites SEALED TENDERS for the supply of the undermentioned ARTICLES for one year, commencing from 1st April, 1887, and ending on the 31st March, 1888, for the use of the Medical Store Department:—

1 Spirit of Wine.
2 Beef Battens free from bones and fat.
3 Covering and Dammering to cases and casks.
4 Straw Rice.
5 Deal wood Boxes.
6 Country Medicines, &c.

2. The Forms for Tenders can be obtained on application to the undersigned, and the tenders for each item named above should be forwarded separately.

3. Tenders, with samples of the articles to be supplied, duly sealed and endorsed "Tender for ....." will be received by the undersigned on the 7th March 1887, at 12 noon.

4. No tender will be received or attended to after the date and hour above given, and unless accompanied by the necessary earnest money in Treasury Receipt, viz., 2½ per cent. on the estimated value of the contract.

5. A security deposit on acceptance of each tender must be furnished to the extent of 15 per cent. of the estimated value of the contract.

6. No reason will be assigned for the rejection of the lowest or any tender.

W. DYMOCK, Brigade Surgeon.
Principal Medical Storekeeper.
Bombay, 3rd February 1887.

STEAMER SERVICE BETWEEN CALCUTTA AND PORT BLAIR.

INVITATION FOR TENDERS.

TENDERS are invited for a Steamer Service once in four weeks from Calcutta to Port Blair and thence to Nancowry (Camorta and back *viâ* Port Blair, Rangoon, and Port Blair to Calcutta. The steamers may also be required to call at the Cocos and occasionally at the Krishna Light Vessel.

2. The contract will begin on the 1st January 1888, or as soon thereafter as practicable, and will last for five years or ten years as may hereafter be determined. Tenders are invited for a service for either of these periods.

3. No fixed subsidy will be given, but the service will have the monopoly for the transport of passengers, convicts, live stock, and stores on behalf of Government at fixed rates to be under-bid for. Tenders may also fix the minimum sum to be paid by Government annually on account of passage money and freight.

4. Tenders must be submitted before noon on 30th April 1887 at the office of the Post Master General of Bengal in Calcutta. Further particulars can be obtained on application to the Post Master General of Bengal.

DIAMOND AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS.

A FINE COLLECTION in all the latest Designs on hand.

From Rs. 35 to Rs. 600.

GEMS mounted to order of any of the undermentioned patterns desired in the time specified. A single Stone, Claw or Gipsy, setting in one day.
5 Stones, half hoop, setting in three days.

LOOSE BRILLIANTS, RUBIES, EMERALDS, SAPPHIRES, &c., to pick from at the current market value.

MARCKS & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

A. B. FLEMING & Co., LIMITED.

SCOTTISH PRINTING INK FACTORY AND CHEMICAL WORKS—OIL REFINERS AND BOILERS—PAINT AND VARNISH MAKERS—

MERCHANTS AND SHIPPERS,
EDINBURGH, LONDON—NEW YORK, MELBOURNE.

BEG to announce to friends and buyers, that Mr. WM. CUTHBERTSON, of their Company, will be in India during the spring months in their interests. Correspondence invited.

Address.—Poste restant Calcutta.
" Bombay.
" Madras.

WEST OF INDIA PORTUGUESE RAILWAY. NOTICE.

PASSENGER COMMUNICATION WITH SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY AND THE DECCAN.

A PASSENGER TRAIN leaves Mormugao Harbour at 7-45 a.m. reaching Sonauli (at the foot of the Ghats) at 11-20. The corresponding train from Deuli (at the top of the Ghats) for Dharwar and the Deccan leaves at 7-40 p.m.

A PASSENGER TRAIN reaches Deuli (at the top of the Ghats) at 8-43 a.m. from Dharwar and the Deccan. The corresponding train leaves Sonauli (foot of the Ghats) at 2-39 p.m. reaching Mormugao Harbour at 6-5 p.m.

This train is met daily by Messrs Shepherd's steamer for all Ports between Mormugao Harbour and Bombay.

FARES TO AND FROM MORMUGAO HARBOUR.

	1st	2nd	3rd
Sonauli.	Rs. 2-9-0.	Rs. 1-4-0	Rs. 0-14-0
BOMBAY BY SHEPHERD'S STEAMER deck passage Rs. 1-0-0.			

W. I. P. R. GOODS RATES.

Until further notice Goods Rates per maund for through booking between Bombay and Deuli and *vice versâ* will be as under:—

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND DEULI.

Miles from Bombay.	Stations.	Special class per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. Rs. a. p.	Ordinary Goods Rates per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. 1st Class. Rs. a. p.	2nd Class. Rs. a. p.	3rd Class. Rs. a. p.	4th Class. Rs. a. p.	5th Class. Rs. a. p.	Cotton Rates per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. Full Pressed. Rs. a. p.	Half Pressed. Rs. a. p.	Docras. Rs. a. p.	Grain, Seed, Salt and Kerosine Oil per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. 21 and upwards Rs. a. p.	Under 21 and 3rd upwards Rs. a. p.
118	Mormugao Harbour	0 3 0	0 7 0	0 5 0	0 3 6	0 2 6	0 1 9	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 3	0 2 0	0 1 3
300	Dadar	0 9 0	0 15 0	0 11 0	0 7 6	0 5 6	0 3 9	0 7 0	0 4 6	0 2 9	0 4 6	0 2 9

BETWEEN BOMBAY AND DEULI.

Miles from Deuli.	Stations.	Special class per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. Rs. a. p.	Ordinary Goods Rates per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. 1st Class. Rs. a. p.	2nd Class. Rs. a. p.	3rd Class. Rs. a. p.	4th Class. Rs. a. p.	5th Class. Rs. a. p.	Cotton Rates per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. Full Pressed. Rs. a. p.	Half Pressed. Rs. a. p.	Docras. Rs. a. p.	Grain, Seed, Salt and Kerosine Oil per maund of 82 2-7 lbs. 21 and upwards Rs. a. p.	Under 21 and 3rd upwards Rs. a. p.
165	Mormugao Harbour	0 4 0	0 9 0	0 6 0	0 4 0	0 2 9	0 1 9	0 3 0	0 2 0	0 1 3	0 2 0	0 1 3
182	Bombay	0 11 0	1 1 0	0 15 0	0 10 0	0 7 6	0 5 6	0 9 0	0 5 6	0 3 3	0 5 6	0 3 3

Further particulars can be obtained on application to Messrs. Mackinnon Mackenzie & Co., or to the undersigned.

E. S. PEMBERTON,
Deputy Agent.
Mormugao, 1st Feb. 1887.

NOTES

INDIAN LAND REVENUE.

A PLEA FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,

BY

TODAR MAL.

Price Re. 1. Postage half anna.

Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

DRAWING AND SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS AND ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

TREACHER & Co. are direct Importers of the highest class of Instruments only. They are the special manufacture of a leading London Maker, and are in use in the principal Government Offices, this being a sufficient guarantee for their accuracy and for their excellence of workmanship and finish. The Prices will be found to bear favourable comparison with the best London Houses.

DRAWING INSTRUMENTS.

CASES BRASS INSTRUMENTS.
CASES ELECTRUM INSTRUMENTS.
SPARE INSTRUMENTS, HALF SETS.
BOWS, DIVIDERS, PROTRACTORS.
PROPORTIONAL COMPASSES.
BEAM and POCKET COMPASSES.
ARCHITECTS' and BUILDERS' SCALES.
ENGINEERS' and TRIANGULAR SCALES.
PARALLEL and POCKET RULES.
STRAIGHT EDGES. THE SQUARES.
CURVES, SET SQUARES.
DRAWING BOARDS, STENCIL PLATES.

SURVEYING INSTRUMENTS.

THEODOLITES.
LEVELS. LEVELLING STAVES.
CLINOMETERS. SEXTANTS.
PRISMATIC COMPASSES.
MAGENTIC COMPASSES.
DUMPY LEVELS.
OPTICAL SQUARES.
CROSS STAFF HEADS.
METALLIC TAPES.
LAND CHAINS and ARROWS.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

TREACHER & Co. are appointed Special Agents for Messrs. Winsor & Newton, the excellent quality of whose manufactures is so well known and appreciated.

WATER COLOURS, in Cakes, Pans and Tubes.
PAPERS, BOOKS, BLOCKS
TRACING PAPER and CLOTH
SABLE and CAMEL-HAIR BRUSHES
PENCILS, CRAYONS, SAUCERS, SLANTS
OIL COLOURS, in Collapsible Tubes.
COLOUR BOXES. CANVAS.
PAPER, MILLBOARDS, PANELS.
SABLE and HOG-HAIR BRUSHES
VARNISHES, OILS, MEDIA

AGENTS FOR
SCHLEICHER AND SCHULL'S CELEBRATED PAPERS.

ILLUSTRATED PRICED CATALOGUES ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

EXTRA LIGHT FELT HATS. SUPERIOR QUALITY.

COMFORTABLE. DURABLE.
Easy Fitting.

"Immense Choice"—BLACK & COLOURS—The Newest Shapes.

CASH PRICES—Rs 8-6, 9-4, 10-8. { THE BEST VALUE OBTAINABLE.

HOAR & CO., { HATTERS, &c., BOMBAY.

INFANTS' FOODS.

SWISS MILK.
(Milk-Maid Brand.)
Guaranteed Fresh. Frequent consignments arriving direct.
Per tin, As. 7.

DR. MUNRO'S FOOD.
(Prepared particularly for Infants.)
To the special request of Phillips & Co., in England, is a most excellent article of Diet. Every requirement having been considered in its Manufacture. It forms the most perfect substitute for the Infant's Natural Food.
Per tin, As. 8 only.

SWISS MILK
"Unsweetened."
Specially imported by Ourselves, and recommended by Medical Men.
Per tin, As. 8.

OTHER FOODS AND EVERY NURSERY REQUISITE IN STOCK.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD., BOMBAY & POONA.

LIPP'S PIANOS,
SYMPATHETIC AND SEMI-GRAND.

J. NEUBERG,
5, MEADOW STREET, BOMBAY.

SHIRTS!
SHIRTS!!
SHIRTS!!!
EASY AND PERFECT FITTING.

MADE TO MEASURE, OR READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE.

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

THORPE AND CO.'S

OXFORD-CLOTH SHIRTS.

The best Oxford-cloth or Jute, with Collars attached. Per ½ doz., Rs. 30.

CAMBRIC SHIRTS.

Pretty designs, Paris manufacture, all fast colours, and durable materials.
Shirts, Collars attached. Rs. 27 per ½ dozen.

LONG-CLOTH SHIRTS.

A capital Shirt for wearing under Uniform, or Troopship wear. Shirts, per ½ doz. Rs. 20.

OUR BEST WHITE SHIRTS.

Long-cloth, with Linen Fronts and Cuffs, ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 25.
Ex-fine Long-cloth do. do. ½ dozen for Rs. 27.
Best Long-cloth, with best Linen Fronts, Cuffs, and Collars attached, ½ dozen Shirts, Rs. 27
Ex-fine Long cloth do. do. ½ dozen Rs. 30

FLANNEL SHIRTS.

A large assortment of best wove Flannels, Silk and Wool, have just arrived, thoroughly shrunk, and especially adapted for wear in India.
Flannel Shirt, each Rs. 8-8; Silk and Wool Shirt, each Rs. 8-8

CRICKETING SHIRTS.

Best white Saxony Flannel, thoroughly shrunk Shirts, Rs. 8-8 each.

SPUN SILK SHIRTS.

Delightfully cool, and pleasant to the skin, Rs. 10-8 and 12-8.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

THACKER & CO., LIMITED, BOMBAY.

SURVEYING AND MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS.

THACKER & Co. (LIMITED) import Surveying and Mathematical Instruments only from well-known makers, principally ELLIOTT BROS., and W. F. STANLEY, for whom they are appointed Agents, as it is the experience of the Management that the guarantee of perfection and accuracy afforded by such names as the above is highly esteemed by the Profession, although Instruments by unknown makers may be procured at as lightly cheaper rate.

Theodolites.
Dumpy Levels.
Levelling Staves.
Prismatic Compasses.
Pocket Sextants.
Optical Squares.
Clinometers.
Spirit Levels.
Pocket Levels.
Pantographs.
Cases of Instruments.
Pocket Sets.
Half Sets.
Spare Instruments.
Architects' Scales.
Marquois Scales.
Protractors (all kinds).
Pocket Rules.
Parallel Rulers (all kinds).
Measuring Tapes.
Measuring Chains.
T. Squares
Set Squares.
Straight Edges.
Railway Curves
French Curves.
Drawing Boards.
Stencil Plates.
Field Books.
Level Books.
Note Books.
Mapping Pens
Indian Ink.
Plotting Scales.
Mounted Drawin Papers.
Cartoon Papers.
Tracing Cloth.
Tracing Paper
Sectional Paper.
Sundries.

ARTISTS' MATERIALS.

Dry Water-colours.
Moist do. in pans.
Slow-drying do. in Tubes.
Oil-colours in Tubes.
Dry Water-colour Boxes.
Moist do.
Oil-colour Boxes.
Illuminating Colour Boxes.
Camel-hair Pencils.
Siberian Pencils.
Sable-hair Pencils.
Hog-hair Tools for Oils.
Sable do.
Varnishes, Oils, &c.
Drawing Papers.
Oil Sketching Paper.
Prepared Canvas.
Prepared Millboards.
Mahl Sticks.
Palettes, Slabs, &c.
Palette Knives.
Dippers, &c.
Bristol Boards.
Mounting Boards.
Drawing pencils.
Crayons.
Gold and Silver Shells.
Gold Leaf.

ILLUSTRATED PRICED LISTS ON APPLICATION.

**ALL ARTICLES ADVERTISED ARE KEPT IN STOCK.

THACKER & CO, LD., BOMBAY,

AGENTS FOR—ELLIOTT BROTHERS, LONDON.
W. F. STANLEY, LONDON.
T. H. STEWARD, LONDON.

McCABE'S WATCHES.

THE proper pride of the Proprietors of the late firm of JAS. McCABE & Co., of the Royal Exchange, London, in refusing tempting offers for their good-will when retiring from business, while striking a sympathetic chord of admiration throughout the East, has awakened a feeling of regret that so admirable and highly esteemed a class of watches should be no longer procurable. MARCKS & COMPANY, Limited, have been at considerable pains to reproduce by the Agency of McCabe's old hands some of the most popular styles of Watches which were formerly identified with Jas. McCabe's name, and which are identical in all respects, except of course, that they bear the name of MARCKS & Co., Limited, Bombay and Poona.

Gentlemen's size in heavy hunting case .....cash Rs. 350
Ladies' do. do. do. ..... " " 310

MARCKS AND COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY.

PURE INDIAN (KANGRA VALLEY) TEAS.

MORTON, MAJU & CO.,

SUPPLIERS OF HIGH-CLASS TEAS TO MESS, CLUBS, &c.

SOLE AGENTS FOR COL. HAWES' AND OTHER FIRST CLASS TEAS.

OUR celebrated and unrivalled TEAS of the choicest quality (from Col. HAWES' and other Plantations) cannot be surpassed by any other Teas in India. We offer our unsurpassable selection of the BEST and CHEAPEST Kangra Valley Teas, possessing on exceedingly fine and delicious flavour, a real Luxury to every Tea-Drinker.

Numerous Testimonials from different Connoisseurs prove that our Teas have enjoyed the highest reputation for their purity and delicacy of aroma. A LARGE STOCK of HOLTA TEAS on hand.

PRICE LISTS ON APPLICATION. 22, CHURCH-GATE-STREET, BOMBAY

NEW CROP! FRESH STOCK!
CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

MANUFACTURED of Choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, carefully selected from the NEW SEASON'S CROP, to the high class quality of which he would respectfully draw the special attention of SMOKERS.

The different Brands held in stock are all *specialities*, of superb finish, and GUARANTEED quality, and Mr. Neuberg is confident that they will meet that approval from connoisseurs he has always studied to indulge.

PRICE LIST ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG, BOMBAY.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.'S
INVALID'S PORT WINE.
RECOMMENDED BY MEDICAL MEN.

Price Rs. 28-8 Net per dozen Quarts.

See that our Brand is on the Cork, Capsule, and Label.

THE OLDEST ESTABLISHMENT IN BOMBAY.] [ESTABLISHED 185.

SORABJEE SAPOORJEE & CO.,
BOMBAY FOUNDRY AND IRON WORKS

KHETWADY BOMBAY,

ENGINEERS, IRON & BRASS FOUNDERS, &c.

MANUFACTURERS OF CAST AND WROUGHT IRON MATERIALS.

IRON ROOFS
ROAD ROLLERS
LAMP POSTS
GIRDERS
BRIDGES
CRANES
CYLINDERS
GATES
RAILINGS
COLUMNS
BEVEL AND ROPE GEARINGS,
ORNAMENTAL AND GENERAL CASTINGS

OUR Foundry, one of the largest in India, is complete with every appliance for all kinds of General Loam and Heavy Castings up to 20-tons weight. The Fitting Department, furnished with First-Class Machines for every description of High-Class Work, and the Smithy, are under our personal supervision. Orders entrusted to us will be promptly executed and efficiently discharged.

Machines Tools etc., imported through our Agents from the well-known English makers

PLANS AND ESTIMATES ON APPLICATION.

SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & CO.

NOW READY.

[*TWELFTH ANNUAL PUBLICATION.*]

MACLEAN'S GUIDE TO BOMBAY.

AND

BOMBAY DIRECTORY

FOR

1887.

Printed and published at the "BOMBAY GAZETTE" Office.

INDIAN PRICE—Rs. 5; WITH POSTAGE Rs. 5-4 ENGLISH PRICE—Ten Shillings.

The GUIDE and DIRECTORY for the year 1887 has been carefully revised and corrected up to date. The information contained in this Guide is compressed so as to bring it within the limits of a handy volume. It is however sufficiently full and comprehensive for all practical purposes; nothing being omitted that would be likely to be of use either to the passing traveller or the permanent resident.

Great pains have been taken to ensure accuracy of the names and addresses given in the Directory.

AGENTS IN LONDON:

Messrs. GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill E. C.
Messrs. TRUBNER & Co., Ludgate Hill, City.
Mr. P. S. King, Canada Buildings, King St., Whitehall
Messrs. W. H. SMITH and Co., Strand.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LAST WEEK! LAST WEEK!! LAST WEEK!!!

POSITIVELY THE LAST WEEK!

MONDAY THE 21st FEB. 1887.

NO MORE VOLPI & HIS CELEBRATED

FOUR-LEGGED ARTISTS IN BOMBAY.

DON'T LOOSE THIS CHANCE.

AN AFTERNOON PERFORMANCE

FOR CHILDREN AND FAMILY

ON SATURDAY THE 26TH INST.

PRICES AS USUAL.

MINNESINGERS'

AN EXTRA CONCERT, to which Ladies will be admitted, will be given at the Gymkhana Pavilion, Fort, on SONDAY, the 28th February, commencing at 9-30 p.m. Members of the Society can obtain free Admission Tickets for themselves, and also Tickets for their guests, price two rupees each, on application to the Honorary Secretary, Minnesingers.

G. W. ROUGHTON,
19, Tamarind Lane.

CONTRACT FOR LANDING AND SHIPPING COAL.

TENDERS for the above will be received by the Undersigned up to noon of MONDAY, the 28th Feb. 1887. For tender form and other particulars, apply to the STORE KEEPER, at this Dockyard.

J. HEXT, Captain, R. N.,
Director of Indian Marine.

H. M. I. M. Dockyard, Bombay, 19th Feb. 87.

WESTERN INDIA TURF CLUB.

NOTICE!

THE STARTING DECLARATIONS for the Races on the 22nd and 24th must be in the Box at the Race Course by 2 p.m. the day before.

Ordinaries will be held immediately after the Box is opened.

A. C. GAYE,
For Honorary Secretary.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO per s. s. CLAN GRAHAM, arrived from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL, are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our COUNTERSIGNATURE, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective Goods from the Prince's Dock.

The steamer's Surveyor, Captain MACAULAY, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted before the Goods are removed from the landing sheds.

After removal from the landing sheds, the steamer will not be responsible for any damage whatever, and all claims must be certified to by the Surveyor and sent in within a fortnight of the steamer's arrival, or they will not be entertained.

FINLAY, MUIR & Co.,
Agents.

Bombay, February 18, 1887.

COMMISSARIAT NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Executive Commissariat Officer, Secundrabad, up to 12 noon, on 11th March 1887, for contracts as specified below for 1887-1888.

Forms of Tenders and Schedules and all further particulars can be obtained on application at the above Offices.

For purchase of ship skins; under schedule No. 31.

By order of Commissary General,

W. H. FRANKLYN, Major,
Assistt. Commissary General.

Exe. Comtt. Office, Secundrabad, 15th Feb. 1887.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of Section 45 of the Bombay Port Trust Act, the undermentioned articles will be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION at the Mazagon Reclamation, on SATURDAY the 26th instant, at 3 p.m.

The articles can be seen on application to the Inspector in charge of the Reclamation.

150 Drums Gasoline containing about 32 Gallons each
10 Tins " " 4 "
31 Bottles " "
A quantity of old timber pieces.

By order,
J. P. BAIRD,
Traffic Manager, P. T. Boards.

THE INDIAN MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Ld.

NOTICE is hereby given that the FIFTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the above Company will be held on MONDAY, the 7th day of March 1887, at 4 p.m. at the Registered Office of the Company, No. 12, Hummum Street, Fort, for the purpose of transacting the following business:—

1st.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Accounts and Balance Sheet for the year ending 31st December, 1886.

2nd.—To declare a Dividend.

3rd.—To elect two Directors in place of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.

4th—To appoint Auditors and to fix their Remuneration for the current year.

By order of the Board of Directors,
DAMODHER THACKERSEY MOOLJEE & Co,
Secretaries, Treasurers & Agents.

Bombay, 19th February, 1887.

N. B.—The TANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 1st to 7th March 1887, both days inclusive.

IMMISICH'S PATENT METALLIC WATCH-SHAPED CLINICAL OR FEVER THERMOMETERS

(ALSO USED FOR ORDINARY PURPOSES.)

VERY accurate, neat, elegant and convenient Clinical Thermometer, and being of watch-shape and size can be either worn on the Watch Chain as a CHARM or carried in a neat case in the VEST POCKET. It is a RELIABLE INSTRUMENT with LESS LIABILITY to BREAKAGE than other ordinary glass ones. As a SURFACE THERMOMETER it is unsurpassed for readily recording the temperature. It is highly recommended by the best medical authorities and and highly praised by the Medical Papers and other Scientific Journals.

"Sensitive, Durable and Reliable."—*Provincial Medical Journal.*

"It is equally sensitive and accurate as Glass Clinical Thermometers."—*Lancet*, December 1885.

"Tested in the usual way, the result coincided with that obtained by means of a certified Thermometer of the shape ordinarily in use, and its Sensitiveness appeared at the least fully equal to that of the Bulb Instrument."—*British Medical Journal*, December, 1885.

"It is in fact the smallest accurate Thermometer we have yet seen."—*Meteorological Magazine*, September, 1885.

"A striking Invention, combining the utile and dulce in a remarkable manner, the action is simple, accurate and extremely sensitive and non-mercurial."—*Empire*, October, 1885.

&c., &c.

In neat Silver Case, with Kew Certificate, Rs. 21.

COOPER, MADON & CO., LD.,
BOMBAY.

BASEL MISSION INDUSTRIAL ESTABLISHMENTS,
MEADOW STREET.

TABLE LINEN TOWELS, SIDE SLIPS, SHIKAR CLOTHS, &c.
TABLE CLOTHS.
DAMASK PATTERN.

Each	Rs.	as.		Each	Rs.	as.
5½ ft. by 5½	3	4	7 ft. by 10	8	0	
5½ ft. by 7½	4	6	7 ft. by 12	9	8	
6 ft. by 6	4	0	7½ ft. by 7½	6	4	
6 ft. by 8	5	6	7½ ft. by 10	8	8	
6½ ft. by 6½	4	14	7½ ft. by 12	10	4	
6½ ft. by 9	6	12	7½ ft. by 18	15	8	
7 ft. by 7	5	8	8½ ft. by 8½	7	4	
7 ft. by 9	7	0	8½ ft. by 15	13	4	

DIAMOND PATTERN.

Each	Rs.	as.		Each	Rs.	as.
6 ft. by 5	2	12	6½ ft. by 10	5	14	
5 ft. by 6	3	4	7 ft. by 7	4	4	
6 ft. by 8	4	6	7½ ft. by 10	6	6	

TABLE NAPKINS.
DAMASK PATTERN.

Per doz.	Rs.	as.	Per doz.	Rs.	as.
20 in. by 20	4	8	24 in. by 24	5	8

DIAMOND PATTERN.

	Per doz	Rs.	as.
24 in. by 24		4	12

SIDE SLIPS.

Damask patterns, 24 in. wide, As. 12 per yard.

TOWELS.

34 in. by 34	per doz.	Rs.	8 8
34 in. by 45	"	"	10 8
34 in. by 54	"	"	12 8
28 in. by 36 (Toilette)			6 8

COUNTERPANES.
(White)

5 ft. by 7½ ft.	each	Rs.	5 0
7½ ft. by 8½ ft.	"	"	8 0
8½ ft. by 9 ft.	"	"	9 12

SHEETING.

9 inches wide ..... 14 annas per yard.

SHIKAR CLOTH

Can be had Retail from Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co., Ld., Fort, or Wholesale from

WARDEN & Co.,
Agents, Basel Mission Industrial Establishment.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE*, POONA AGENCY.

FROM this date we have appointed Messrs. COOPER, MADON and Co. our Agents at Poona for the sale of

The *Bombay Gazette* Daily
" Overland Summary,
" " Weekly Budget,
" " Bi-weekly,
The Indian Travellers' Guide,
Maclean's Guide to Bombay

and for all other publications issuing from this office.

Apply at Messrs. COOPER, MADON & Co Branch Establishment East-street, Poona.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF G. A. BARNETT, Esq., Agent, G. I. P. R., and of Mrs. BARNETT.

A CONCERT in aid of the CHOIR FUNDS of ST. MARY'S CHURCH, Parel, to be held at the G. I. P. R. Institute, Parel, on TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 22nd, at 9 p. m., Local Time.

PART I.

Pianoforte Duet. Miss Cooper and Mr. T. Waite.
Song, "Jack and I," Celler, Mr T Lamb
Song, "Best of All," Moir. Mr R C Dixon.
Song, "The Maid of the Mill." Adams. Mrs. Crimmens.
Song, "Shipmates." Adams, Mr Bernard Thelenburg.
Duet. "While old time rolls gaily on." Messrs Lamb and Dixon.
Violin Solo. "Home, Sweet Home." Balfe. Herr Zimmer. (With Pianoforte Accompaniment.)

PART II.

Flute Duet. Messrs Steers.
Song. "Saved by a Child." Piccolomini, Mr Bernard Thelenburg.
Soprano Solo: "The Morn of Love" Marks, Mrs Nixon
Duet. "The Battle Eye" Bonheur, Messrs B Thelenburg and Mr W A Wickham
Song "England," Varley, Mr. T. Lamb
Song. "I am waiting" Birch. Mr R C Dixon
Duet "Morning". Keller, Mrs C E Nixon and Mr R B Nixon.

BOMBAY RACES.

ALL STARTING DECLARATIONS for the SECOND DAY must be in the Box at the Race Course by 2 p.m., on MONDAY, 21st instant.

Ordinaries will be held there at 3 p.m.

A. C. GAYE,
For Honorary Secretary.

20th Febuary, 1887.

FOR SALE.

A 10-HORSE POWER Nominal Improved High Pressure PORTABLE STEAM ENGINE by Messrs. MARSHALL, SONS and Co., Gainsborough, Lincolnshire, Fly Wheel 5 ft. 1 in. diameter, fitted with Hartnell's Patent Automatic Expansion Gear and Gresham's Patent Injector. For further particulars apply to the HONORARY SECRETARY, Royal Bombay Yacht Club.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under the scale.

BREAKFAST SETS.—Our Kite Pattern, New Stock to hand by the mail. Set of 43 pieces Rs. 11 only; also great variety of Glassware and Crockery. Very Cheap, SHROFF BROTHERS.

UMBRELLAS.—In Silk, Merino and Cloth from Rs. 1-14; also Ladies' Parasols and Plush and Leather Hand Bags. Prices exceptionally cheap. SHROFF BROTHERS.

TOILET SETS for Dressing Table. A large variety to select from, Rs. 2-14; also Washing Table Sets, complete, from Rs. 3-14. Other Ladies' requisites. Very cheap. SHROFF BROTHERS.

WANTED MECHANICAL WORKMEN, for Fine Works only. Apply to C. JOST and Co., 15, Horuby Row.

HAVE you written to the CASH BAZAAR, Limited, Church Gate Street, for Samples of their Famous Rs. 10 Trousers?

AN OTTO SAFETY BICYCLE, very little used, will be SOLD at Mess:s. CRAWFORD and Co's. Auction TO-DAY, at 4 p.m.

NURSE REQUIRED at once,—In return for passage, for baby 3 months old. Apply WM. WATSON and Co., 28, Apollo Street, Fort.

ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB.—WANTED a HEAD COOK—Apply, with Certificates, to the HONORARY SECRETARY.

THE SINGER MANUFACTURING CO.'S SINGER'S SEWING MACHINES can be had, for cash or on hire, at 5, Church Gate Street, Bombay.

NOW READY.—Part I. Murray's Avifauna of British India, and its Dependencies (Illustrated). Price Rs. 5. Apply to EDUCATION SOCIETY'S PRESS.

WANTED, Male and Female SHOP ASSISTANTS, must be European, and accustomed to the work Apply, enclosing copies of certificates, to "X. Y. Z." care of this office.

WELL-BRED Bay Arab, 14·2, 5 years, and Mail Phaeton to be seen at Crawford Market, North, from 7 to 8 in the morning. Apply to Mr. J. HOWELL, Grant Road. Tura-out Rs. 700.

WANTED for Railway work TWO SURVEYORS, who can use Theodolite and Level. Apply stating previous experience to to EXECUTIVE ENGINEER, Bhaonagar Gondal Railway, Dhoraji.

FOR SALE, in Bombay, a strong built roomy LANDAU, made to order by a well known Coachbuilder and only recently re-lined and varnished for the Jubilee. No reasonable offer refused. Apply to M. D. DAVE SETH, Surat.

DEWJEE CANJEE & CO., Chuckla, No. 6. First class Furniture for sale or hire. Inspection respectfully invited.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the best French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to Messrs. Soundy and Co., Rampart-row.

ROPES FOR SALE.—HARTON'S OILED COIR and MANILLA. Apply OWEN & OKELL, Apollo-street.

EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES, imported at regular Intervals from Cairo direct by P. and O. Mail Steamer, Rs. 3-12 and Rs. 2-8 per 100.

J. NEUBERG, Bombay.

PASSAGES BOOKED to ENGLAND and the CONTINENT, 1st class from Rs. 250. No commission charges. Apply to WILLIAM WATSON & Co, 28, Apollo-street, Bombay.

ADELPHI HOTEL, BYCULLA, near the Byculla and Grant-road Railway Stations. Situated in a quiet locality. Large airy Rooms.

£6,466,527-17-5 STG. is the amount of the Invested Funds of the Standard Life Office. Claims by death paid last year. £549,974-15-10 Stg.

WANTED 36 Second-hand IRON PILLARS or POSTS, 12 feet long. Apply by letter to Mr. N. N. KHAREGOT, Trinity Lane, Bombay.

VARNISHES, White Lead, White Zinc Ground Paints, and Dry Colours. WILKINSON, HEYWOOD & CLARK, 1, Dean Lane.

JUBILEE ADDRESS CASKETS, with Music, very effective. A small consignment just unpacked, from Rs. 80. MARCKS & Co., Limited, Bombay.

WANTED First Volume of the *Bombay Samachar*. Liberal price given for a complete set. Communicate with Enquirer, care of this Office.

ONLY FEW COPIES LEFT of Guzerati Version of Col. Meadows Taylor's Tara (illustrated). Apply at *Dufter Ashkara* Press, or at the Booksellers.

MATHERAN—GRAND VIEW HOTEL, recently built occupies most central and commanding position. It is near the Gymkhana, Church, &c. Each bedroom has bath and dressing rooms attached.

MACLEAN'S GUIDE to BOMBAY and BOMBAY DIRECTORY for 1887. Price, Rs. 5; with postage, Rs. 5-4. To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

BOMBAY RACES, 1887.—Early application for places to the Carriage Enclosure should be made to LUDHA EBRAIM & Co., from whom Tickets for Admission to the Grand Stand can also be obtained.

ALL WOOL TWEED SUITS, Stylishly cut and well made, from Rs. 14-8 to 23. S B Coat and Trousers. A. H. MACKA & Co., Tailors and General Outfitters, Fort, Bombay.

PERMANENT SETTLEMENT for the DEKKHAN; by W. WEDDERBURN, Bombay Civil Service. Price, 8 annas; postage, 1 anna.

LIVERPOOL DRIVING BITS, also Snaffle, Double Bridoon, Pelham, Weymouth, New market, and great variety of Bits too numerous to describe, always in stock.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Rampart-row, Bombay.

JUST RECEIVED.—Scotch Mauds, Austrian Rugs, Railway Rugs, Red, White and Blue Witney Blankets. All of the very best quality and at most moderate prices.—JOHN MAHOMED & Co., 16, Meadow-street.

JUBILEE! JUBILEE!! JUBILEE!!!—For the Season a Choice Stock of very unique and rare Foolkaries and Rangoli to hand, suitable for Drawing room Purdahs and Roofs and Piano Covers. Prices cheap.—HURKISONDAS & Co., Indian Jewellers, Meadow Street and Rampart Row.

LADIES' and GENTLEMEN'S HAIR-CUTTING SALOONS, Frascia and Fucile, Cosmi and Historical Hair Dressers, Perfumers and Theatrical Wig Makers, Esplanade Road, No. 26, Below Bombay Club and Meadow Street, No. 38, Bombay.

GENUINE OIL PAINTINGS and Works of Art taken from Carte-de-visite photos to life size pictures. Orders received and samples to be seen at Mrs. Neuman's Baby Linen Warehouse, No. 35, Meadow Street, Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE BI-WEEKLY, cheap edition for up-country readers, published twice a week, same size as the *Gazette* Daily. Subscription Rs. 12 per year; ostage, Rs. 3.

PEARSE and CO. are removing to CHURCH GATE STREET, in the premises lately occupied by Mrs. LAKE.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

AUCTION SALE of Railway plant, stores, &c., &c., at the B. B. & C. I. Railway Stores Depot, Parel.

Messrs. MENESSE & Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on MONDAY, the 21st instant and the following days, at 1 p.m. on each day, until the whole is disposed of, at the B. B. & C. I Railway Stores Depot, Parel.

A large quantity of railway plant, stores, &c., being partly surplus and partly used stock, consisting of steel scrap, coiled keys, fire bars, scoops, bevil bars, rails, fish plates, timber scrap, furniture, photographic materials, old tents, leather scrap, portable engine 10 H. P. and sundry other miscellaneous articles.

Catalogues are ready and can be had on the premises or of the undersigned.

MENESSE & Co.

Bombay, 21 February, 1887.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & COMPANY,
41, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

AUCTION SALE OF THE REMAINING STOCK from the Clearance Sale of Fancy Goods, Medicines, &c., belonging to Messrs. Cooper Madon & Co.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction without reserve at their auction room, No. 21, Meadow Street, on SATURDAY, the 26th day of February, Sale to commence at 2 p.m.

The same comprising valuable and rich assortment of morocco leather photo albums of all sizes, scent frames, ladies' work baskets, hand bags, writing folios, pocket books, wallets, inkstands, paper weights, scrap albums, boxes of fine notepaper and envelopes, steel pens, smoking pipes, fans and varieties of writing requisites, toys, perfumery, patent medicines, cases of tea, cigars, smoking tobacco, &c.

The property is now on view.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

Bombay, Feb. 1st, 1887.

NOTICES.

NOTICE.

WANTED immediately TWO OVERSEERS, on Rs. 60 and 40 per mensem each with travelling allowance of one Rupee per diem subject to Code Rules. Security required for Rs. 500.

2. One DRAUGHTSMAN on salary of Rs. 50 per mensem.

Apply with Copies of Certificates,

G. W. ANDERSON,
District Engineer, Dr. Bd. Malabar,
Calicut, 2nd February, 1887.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

PATENT ROOFING TILES, made on the most modern and approved principle, cheaper, lighter, more durable, and in every way more advantageous than any others in the market, and a considerable saving in covering space.

From their exactitude in make and fit there is no possibility of leakage. Purchasers can always rely upon their requirements being promptly supplied.

Also, Machine-made Bricks of best quality.

For full particulars and prices apply to

THE INDIAN TILE COMPANY,
78, Tamarind Lane (opposite the Cathedral.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST.

TENDERS are invited for the SUPPLY of LABOUR for LANDING CARGO at PRINCE'S DOCK from 1st April 1887. Formes of contract may be had on application to the Undersigned with whom Tenders must be lodged on or before 12 o'clock noon on 22nd February 1887.

By order of the Trustees,
G. MANSON,
Secretary.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

OLD IRON

FOR SALE BY AUCTION, at the Stores Depot, Parel, on FRIDAY the 25th instant, at 2 p.m., in convenient lots, about 1,000 tons of mixed wrot scrap iron consisting of shop cuttings from wrot iron rods, bars, plates and sheet, bolts, nu's, punchings, hoops, &c.

Can be viewed on application at the Storekeeper's Office.

ALFRED KING,
Storekeeper's Office, Parel, 18th February 1887. Storekeeper.

SUBMISSION OF TENDERS.

IT is hereby notified that the date for Submission of tenders for 600 tons CAST IRON PIPES for Waterworks, Residency Bazaars, Hyderabad, is POSTPONED till the 25th of March instead as before advertised.

G. M. PRICHARD, Captain,
Secretary, L. P. Committee,
Residency Bazaars, Hyderabad.
Hyderabad Residency, 15th February 1887.

THE IMPERIAL COTTON MILLS COMPANY, LD.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a DIVIDEND of Rs. 25 per share, being at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum, for the half-year ending 31st December 1886, have been declared, and made payable at the Office of the Company on and after MONDAY, the 21st February 1887.

By order,
R. HYDE CHEETHAM & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

Bombay, 11th February 1887.

BOMBAY GYMKHANA.

LAWN TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

1. CHALLENGE NGL S.
2. CHALLENGE DOUBLES

THE above Matches are OPEN to MEMBERS of any Club or Service. Entrance Fee for Singles Rs. 3 Entrance Fee for Doubles Rs. 6.

Cups will be given by the Gymkhana.

Entries close on February 25th, at 6 p.m.

The Matches will be played off between 7th and 14th March 1887.

C. M. H. MERRIMAN,
Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY, Limited.

MISCELLANEOUS STORES, COUNTRY PRODUCE

1. THE Agent is prepared to receive tender for Miscellaneous Stores of Country Produce for 12 months, commencing from 1st April 18:7.

2. Tenders must reach the office of the undersigned before 12 o'clock noon on MONDAY the 7th March 1887 in sealed covers endorsed Tender for supply of Country Stores.

3. The tenderers' schedules with specification and conditions of supply may be had from the Company's Storekeeper at Hotgi on payment of Rs. 10 only.

I. Metals manufactured and unmanufactured. II. Tools. III. Hardware, IV. Cloths, V. Ropes, VI. Tallow, Soap, &c. VII. Hides. Leather and Leather work. VIII. Timber, Bullies, Charcoal, &c. IX. Furniture and Glassware. Painters' Stores, XI. Chemical, XII. Wicker-work and Bamboos, XIII. Earthen, XIV. Linen and Woollen, XV. Lamps, XVI. Miscellaneous. XVII. Medical Stores, XVIII. Oils.

4. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender.

5. For further information respecting probable quantities, &c., &c., apply to the Chief Storekeeper, Hotgi.

G. M. STEWART, Agent.
Agent's Office, Dharwar, 1887.

GOLD MEDAL TEA.

TRADE MARK K T E IN A TRIANGLE.

THE K T E TEAS, grown at an elevation of nearly 7,000 feet, reputed for their exquisite delicacy of flavour and aroma for which they have been awarded eight prizes, seven diplomas, and one first class certificate, are to be had from us in 1 lb. packets, and we respectfully solicit a trial from all who like a good cup of tea.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

FOR SALE,
AT
JAFFER SULLIMAN'S BAZAAR.

JUST RECEIVED per s. s. "Patiala" two new English-built BROUGHAM, one with Side Lights, very well finished, by Watson of Lowstaff.

One canoe shaped new English BAROUCHE, with inside folding steps and enamelled leather canopy on the head, by Lewis of Salisbury.

Another new English BAROUCHE, by Kiaross.

One new circular-fronted English BROUGHAM.

And one new English DOGCART.

Apply to

CUMMU JAFFER SULLIMAN & CO.

INDIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT COMPANY, Ld.
(Gramme and Jablochkoff Patents)

AUSTRALASIAN ELECTRIC LIGHT POWER AND STORAGE COMPANY, Ld.,
(Edison and Swan's Patents)

SPIECKER AND CO. ELECTRIC LIGHT CO., Ld.

WE have been appointed agents of the above Companies, which comprise all the chief systems of Electric Light and Power in use in Europe. Large stocks with latest improvements on hand and arriving constantly.

PRICES OF ALL MATERIAL HAVE BEEN CONSIDERABLY REDUCED.

F. FISCHER AND CO.
Agents for India.

DAVEY, PAXMAN & Co, STANDARD IRON WORKS, STEAM ENGINES as supplied to Windsor Castle for H. M. the Queen, H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh, the Home and Colonial Governments, the Austrian, Italian, Spanish, Dutch, Swedish and other Governments.

The International, Fisheries, Healtheries, Collideries, Exhibition Post Offices Lloyds, Board of Works &c., &c.

HIGHEST AWARDS—SIXTH CLASS.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPMAN KEROSINE ENGINE Co., Boston. These Steam Engines require no fuel but kerosine oil. Do not require the attendance of an Engineer. Can be seen at work at the *Bombay Gazette*. THE BEST ENGINE FOR INDIA. Stocks on hand.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.

STEAM ENGINES FOR SALE!
A BARGAIN
MARSHALL'S Portable, 12 H. P. Second-hand, in Perfect Condition
ROBEY'S 12 H. P. Semi-portable, new
F. FISCHER & Co.

CIE DES CRISTALLERIES DE BACCARAT.

THE Depot of this world-famed Company's Glass and Crystal Ware is now opened, and the Public is invited to visit an exhibition of CRYSTAL CHANDELIERS, TABLE AND ORNAMENTAL WARE, VASES, &C., ART PORCELAINS, REAL AND ZINC ARTISTIC BRONZE WARE, MIRRORS, &c., such as has never been seen in India.

ORDERS FROM DEALERS REGISTERED FREE OF COMMISSION, AT FABRIK PRICES.

F. FISCHER & Co.,
Agents for India.
Depot, New Buildings, Meadows Street.

PILSENER BEER—UNSURPASSED QUALITY.

Special price to introduce it largely.

QUARTS..... Rs. 4-4 per doz.
PINTS..... " 2-10 "

In quantities of not less than 1 case.

F. FISCHER & CO.

THOMSON AND MYLNE'S PATENT SUGARCANE MILLS.

For particulars of Depots, Authorized Makers, &c.,

Apply to

EWART LATHAM AND CO., BOMBAY,
Agents for the Patentees.

NOTICE

Messrs. HENRY S. KING CO.,
LONDON,
EXECUTE ORDERS FROM ANY
CO-OPERATIVE STORE CATALOGUE,
Supplying Goods of equal quality and at the same prices. No Orders executed unless accompanied by a full remmittance.

KEATING'S COUGH-LOZENGES:

COUGHS, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, DIFFICULTY of BREATHING are speedily cured by Keating's Cough Lozenges recognised and recommended by the Medical Faculty. No other remedy is half so effective. One Lozenge alone gives relief. They contain no Opium, Morphia, nor any violent drug and may be taken by the most delicate. One on two at bed-time ensures rest when troubled by the throat. Sold at all Chemists, in small tins.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.

SUBSCRIBED and PAID-UP CAPITAL.....£8,100,000
RESERVE FUND 800,000

LONDON BANKERS
BANK OF ENGLAND,
UNION BANK OF LONDON,
Messrs. C. J. HAMBRO & SON.
LONDON OFFICE—21, THREADNEEDLE STREET E. C.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods at rates to be obtained on application. No deposits received for less than thirty days.

BILLS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.

DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks received for customers without charge, if remitted sometime through the Bank.

C. LOWELL, Manager.

Rampart Row, W.

THE AGRA BANK (LIMITED).

CAPITAL—£1,000,00
RESERVE FUND—£200,000.
BOMBAY BRANCH.

CURRENT ACCOUNT are kept, and Interest allowed when the Credit Balance does not fall below Rs. 1,000.

DEPOSITS received available at any time, for Remittance to England in the Bank's Bills and interest allowed thereon at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

DEPOSITS are also received for fixed periods on terms which may be learnt on application.

DRAFTS granted at the exchange of the day on London Scotland, Ireland, and the Bank's Agencies in the East.

CIRCULAR NOTES issued, negotiable in the principal places in Europe.

GOVERNMENT and other STOCKS, and SHARES bought and sold, and the safe custody of the same undertaken.

INTEREST, PAY and PENSIONS collected; and every other description of Banking Business and Money Agency transacted.

All Remittances should be made payable to the Agra Bank, Limited.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL	$7,500,000
RESERVE FUND	$4,500,000
RESERVE FOR EQUALIZATION OF DIVIDENDS	$500,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PROPRIETORS	$7,500,000

LONDON BANKERS—LONDON & COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.

BOMBAY—INTEREST ALLOWED

On Current Deposit Accounts, at the rate of 2 per cen per annum on Daily Balances of Rs. 500 and upward but not exceeding Rs. 100,000.

On Fixed Deposits:—
For 6 months, at 4 per cent. per annum.
For 12 months, at 4½ per cent. per annum.

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

DRAFTS granted on London, and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

F. DE BOVIS,
Agent.

Offices of the Corporation, Church-gate-street, Bombay
December 12, 1885.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEER, &c.

NOTICE.

PHIPSON & Co. are now IMPORTING WINES from the LEADING CONTINENTAL HOUSES, from whom the CLUBS and MESSES obtain their Supplies, thus removing the difficulty so often experienced by Europeans in this country of obtaining thoroughly sound Wines at a moderate cost.

For list of Prices apply to

THE HEAD GODOWN-KEEPER,
6, Apollo Street, Bombay.

PRICE LIST of WINES, &c., ON SALE at the Godowns of the undersigned:—

CHAMPAGNE

	Per Quarts.	Per 2 doz. pints.
Ernest Irroy's Carte d'Or	Rs. 55 0	Rs 58 0
Charles Heidsick's Grand Vin Premium, White Seal	" 52 0	" 54 0
Heidsick's Dry Monopole	" 68 0	" 66 0
Perr Ellis' Dry Champagne	" 40 0	" ..
First Quality Dry	" 38 0	" ..

From MESSRS. DEUTZ AND GELDERMANN AY-EN-CHAMPAGNE.

Goldsick, extra	Rs. 44 0	" 47 0

STILL HOCKS.

From J. M. FABSTMANN, SOHN, MAYENCE.

Laubenheimer	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Deidesheimer	" 16 0	" 19 0
Geisenheimer	" 17 0	" ..
Leibfraumilch	" 21 0	" 24 0
Steinwein	" 21 0	" ..
Hochheimer Berg	" 25 0	" 28 0
Rudesheimer	" 25 0	" 31 0
Marcobrunner	" 25 0	" 31 0

From OTTO PRUMM, MAYENCE.

Brauneberger	Rs. 15 0	Rs. 18 0
Liebfraumilch	" ..	" 21 0
Berncastler-Rosenberg	" 18 0	" 21 0
Oberhofer	" 26 0	" ..
Oberemmeler-Rosenberg	" 28 0	" ..
Steinberger	" 28 0	" 31 0
Scharzhofberger	" 34 0	" ..
Johannisberger	" 35 0	" 38

FRENCH WHITE WINES.
From A. DUPUILE, MACAU MEDOC.

Sauterne	Rs. 20 0 ...

PORT WINES.

From J. W. BURMESTER, OPORTO.

Good Old Red Port	Rs. 19 0 ...
Fine "	" 22 0 ...
Very fine "	" 27 0 ...
Most particular Preserved Old Red Port	" 38 0 ...

CLARETS.

From MESSRS. H. & C. BLASQUOUD, BORDEAUX.

Chateau de Frands	Rs. 13 0	Rs. 16 0
St. Julien Medoc	" 14 0	" ..
Les Canons	" 15 0	" 18 0
Chateau Grand Lebrun	" 15 0	" ..
Chateau Leoville	" 19 0	" ..
Chateau Los St. Estephe	" 21 0	" ..
Chateau Lafite	" 22 0	" ..
Chateau Mauvesin	" 27 0	" ..

From MUNIER & FILS.

Haut Canon	Rs. 15 0	" ..
Margaux Medoc	" 17 0	" ..
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" ..

From A. DUPUILE, MACAU MEDOC.

Listrac Medoc	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 23 0
Cru de Barreyre	" 16 0	" ..

From J. ROEMER & SOHN, WIEN.

Hungarian Claret	Rs. 17 0	" ..
Chateau Roemer	" 16 0	" ..

From FRANZ SCHWARZ.

Carlowitzer	Rs. 12 0	" 14 0

From BRANDENBURG FRERES, BORDEAUX.

St. Julien, Star Label	Rs. 12 0	Rs. 14 0
" Red Bar	" 12 0	" 14 0
Chateau Larose	" 20 0	" 22 0

BRANDY.

H. Montroe and Co. ***	Rs. 18 0
F. Dessandier & Co.'s * Brandy	" 21 0
Cognac, Gold labels, Gold capsules, Red Bars	" 24 0
Cognac, Gold labels, Silver capsules	" 28 0
Vieux Cognac fine Champagne	" 34 0
Charles Larvoire very old Brandy ***	" 36 0

BURGUNDY.

From A. DUPUILE, MACAU MEDOC.

Volnay	Rs. 1 0
Chambertin	" 28

WHISKY.

Thistle Blend Whisky ***	Rs. 21 0
" *	" 23 0
Ben Cruachan's Blend *	" 20 0

BEER.

	Per doz. qts	Per doz. pts.
St. Paull Bosr	Rs.	Rs. 3 12
Bavarian Export Beer	Rs. 5 6	" 3 8
Grimm's Pilsener Beer	" 5 4	" 3 0
Pilsener Beer	" 5 6	" 3 8
Romford Light Bitter Beer in Champagne bottles	" 5 4	" ..
Antone Dreher's Vienna Beer	" 6 0	" 4 0

SUNDRIES.

Vin Marasque a case of 24 Bottles	Rs. 40 0	..
Finest Rummel	" 30 0	..
Finest Italian Vermouth	" 24 0	..
Swiss Cheese in tins from lbs. 10 to 20	Rs. 0 11	per lb.
Best Swiss Honey in tins of 2 lbs.	" 2 4	per tin.

PRESERVED MEATS, VEGETABLES, &c.

TERMS—

Net cash, no discount.

No order for less than one original package of Wines Beer, &c. (Provisions excepted) will be executed.

Quotation orders should be accompanied by a reference or references for payment in Bombay.

Interest charged at the rate of Nine per cent. per annum on all accounts, after three months.

VOLKART BROTHERS,
Rampart Row.

Bombay, Feb. 1, 1887.

INDISPENSABLE TO TRAVELLERS IN INDIA.

THE INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE,

A MONTHLY PUBLICATION containing time and fare tables of the Railway Companies, steam-boats and Dâk companies, the routes between the principal

THE CAMBAY INQUIRY.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 18.

THE Commission, consisting of Mr. J. Moore and the Hon. Mr. Naylor, which is appointed by Government to investigate the charges preferred by Mr. Shamrao N. Laud, Dewan of Cambay, against Mr. G. Wilson, Political Agent of Cambay, sat again this morning after the Jubilee holidays. Mr. H. M. Mehta appeared for Mr. Shamrao, and Mr. Inverarity for Mr. Wilson.

Harilal Revadas said, in answer to Mr. Inverarity:—I am the chitnis of the Collector of Kaira. I was Mr. Wilson's chitnis in November last. On the 18th November the saheb was at Kaira, and went after stopping at two intervening stations, Shikarpore and Mairaj, to Cambay on the 22nd November. Mr. Wilson originally intended to go to Cambay on the 20th. The intention was changed in consequence of a telegram from the Dewan stating that he would not be in Cambay till the 22nd. I do not remember exactly how many sowars the saheb had when he was at Shikarpore.

Q.—What is the largest number of sowars attached to the Collector's camp?

A.—Four—two police and two Cambay sowars. Two of these sowars are employed on the post. I do not know which two were employed for that purpose at Shikarpore. While the saheb's camp was at Mehmudabad in December last, I remember Nathooram, the Brahmacharya, and Nazumkhan coming to his tent. I believe Mirza Ali was there too. I went into Mr. Wilson's tent, as I had been sent for. The head clerk, Javerbhai, was also called in.

Q.—What took place while you were in the tent?

A.—The saheb said "Hear what I say." Then turning towards Nathooram, the saheb said "The Brahmacharya has told me that the Dewan had sent with him a message that it would be better if Nazumkhan's matter was settled, and that I should kindly write a note to that effect to the Dewan. Have you come here on the business? If so, have you brought a *mukhtyarnama* from the Nawab or the Dewan?" Then Nathooram replied that he was simply told by the Dewan that he was called at Mahmudabad, and that he should accordingly go there and hear what the saheb had to say. The saheb then rose from his chair and said "Good bye, you can go away." The saheb said further that the Dewan had insulted him, and that until he apologized he would hear nothing from him. I have been serving in the Kaira district for about 21 years.

Q.—Did you know Krishnarao?

A.—I did. Krishnarao was never employed as Mr. Wilson's chitnis in Kaira. When Mr. Wilson was in Kaira, Krishnarao was employed as Shirestadar to the First Assistant Collector and before that he was municipal secretary.

Q.—Do you know whether the saheb's head butler was at Shikarpore or not?

A.—I do not remember. (After a pause) I now remember that he had gone to Dharwar.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mehta. Q.—How many domestic servents had Mr. Wilson when he went to Cambay?

A.—I do not remember. When Nathooram and others were in the saheb's tent, I did not hear the saheb say to him that Nathooram had no business to be there, and that all that he could perceive was *farab* (trick, conspiracy).

Q.—Under whom did Krisnarao work when he was municipal secretary?

A.—One of the men he acted under was the President. Mr. Wilson was then President. As municipal secretary Krishnarao probably received Rs. 40 per mensem. He was secretary only for about a month and a half, and after that he was appointed Shirestadar.

Q.—Who appointed him Shirestadar?

A.—He was appointed by the Collector, who then was Mr. Wilson. As Shirestadar to the Assistant Collector, he got Rs. 50 per month. He served in that capacity for a year or a year and a quarter. During the period Krishnarao was employed as Shirestadar Mr. Wilson, according to my recollection, was acting Collector for about a month or a month and a half. The total period during which Mr. Wilson served as acting Collector was for 7 or 8 months.

When Mr. Sheppard returned to his appointment, I do not remember exactly where Mr. Wilson was transferred.

Mr. Inverarity: You will see, sir, from the Civil List, that on Mr. Sheppard's return, Mr. Wilson went to Ratnagiri.

Goolam Mohideen Abdulkadar was the next witness examined by Mr. Inverarity. I am now a muccadum in a silk mill at Surat. I was before employed under Mr. Wilson first as second servant and then as butler. I believe I was employed under him from 1874 to 1884. I accompanied Mr. Wilson when he went to Ratnagiri, where I remained blown to the time I left his service. I know Jahlia malee.

Q.—How long after Mr. Wilson had gone to Ratnagiri, did Jahlia come there?

A.—About two months after. Jahlia stayed in Ratnagiri for about 8 or 9 days.

Q.—Except for those eight or nine days had Jahlia malee ever been in Ratnagiri during the time you were there?

A.—No, he did not come again. While I was in the Saheb's service I did not know or heard that Krishnarao's daughter was going to the saheb, nor that any women of respectable families used to visit him.

Cross-examined: Jahlia malee had come to Ratnagiri to seek service under Mr. Wilson. Mr. Wilson allowed him to remain in his service, but after a few days he went away, as he was a Gujerati man and could not understand the people around, who spoke Marathi.

Mirza Nazimkhan Nawab Hoosein Zavarkhan, brother of the present Nawab of Cambay, being examined by Mr. Inverarity, said:—I remember Mr. Wilson returning from England during the last rains. At that time I invited him to put up at my bungalow at Hoosenibaugh in Cambay. He accepted the invitation. When he came to Bombay in November last, he put up at my bungalow for four days. I do not precisely recollect how long he stayed at the Lalbaugh.

Q.—Have you certain claims against the Nawab, your brother?

A.—Yes. One of those claims was the payment of arrears of the revenue of two villages, and the other was about the promised grant of certain waste lands. When Mr. Wilson was in Cambay, the Nawab had promised to grant these claims. I have two other claims about which nothing has yet been done. After Mr. Wilson had left Cambay for Mehmudabad I went to see him. I went there to obtain payment of the arrears of the revenue of the two villages. I saw at Mehmudabad station the Brahmacharya, Fakrudin and Nathooram. I saw Mr. Wilson too at the station. He said the Brahmacharya and Nathooram had come there with reference to my claims. Myself, the Brahmacharya, Nathooram and another person went into Mr. Wilson's tent. After we had taken our seats, the chitnis and the head clerk came there. Mirza Ali was with me. Mr. Wilson said the Brahmacharya had come to him on behalf of Shamrao and asked him to write a letter to Shamrao with reference to my claims. The saheb asked Nathooram if he had brought a letter either from the Dewan or the Nawab. Nathooram said he had not, whereupon Mr. Wilson said he did not wish to speak to him unofficially, and he might go away. As all got up to leave, Mr. Wilson said "Shamrao has written to me an insulting letter on account of which I am very sorry; and unless he apologizes, I will have nothing to do with him, except officially." As we came out, Nathooram said he had brought a letter from Shamrao, but as the chitnia and the head clerk had been called into the tent, he did not produce it. Nathooram told me to *samjao* the saheb that he may not report about the affairs of Cambay, and that Shamrao would soon send tender an apology. I replied that I did not wish to interfere either in Mr. Wilson's private affairs or in any Government business, except my own. I also said that I might take Nathooram to Cowasji who might speak to the saheb. I took him to Cowasji, and then went away.

Q.—From whom did you first learn what the insulting letter was about?

A.—From Cowasji, who told me that he came to know about it from Nathooram. I did not see Mr. Wilson again that day at all. The next day, when Nathooram, Cowasji and Fakrudin went to Mr. Wilson's tent, I did not go with them. I stopped at the station. After they had returned from the tent, Nathooram said I might beg of Mr. Wilson not to put his case in the hands of his solicitors; that he would bring Shamrao to Bombay and make him call on the saheb and apologize. The same evening Mr. Wilson went to Bombay. I too went by the same train. While I was in Bombay I had no conversation with Mr. Wilson with reference to the private dispute. On Thursday, the 9th, Nathooram, Shamrao, as well as Cowasji, came to Bombay. Cowasji came to my bungalow and a little while after Nathooram come in. While in Bombay I was busy preparing a representation to Government with reference to the Cambay state inviting attention to the waste of the public money that was going on there, and also with reference to my claims. When Nathooram came to my bungalow he said he had brought an *yadi* from the Nawab, addressed to the Political Agent with reference to my claims; and he asked me to get him and the Dewan an interview with the saheb. I asked Cowasji and Mirza Ali to see the *yadi*, and after that I asked the saheb to grant them an interview, if he chose. I myself saw the letter the next day (10th December). It bore my brother's signature. On the evening of the 9th Shamrao came to my bungalow and said the saheb had sent a malee to him to speak to him about his daughter, and that siterwards the saheb himself had spoken to him about the same matter. I said it was nonsense, and that even child of four years would not believe that Mr. Wilson should make such a proposition to the father of a girl. I also said I had known Mr. Wilson for a long time, that he had come to Cambay three or four times during the lifetime of my father, and that I and Gopalbhai, the late Dewan knew Mr. Wilson very well, and had never noticed any sort of misbehaviour on his part. The Dewan said he himself too was very much astonished, and did not know whether Mr. Wilson had been told by somebody to make such a proposal. Then something passed between the Dewan and Cowasji in English which I cannot say. I saw the Nawab's letter at the Dewan's house on the 10th,

Q.—What occurred on that occasion?

A.—I, Cowasji, and Mirza Ali and one Adam went to Shamrao's house, where Shamrao showed me a letter and said "I have got this letter signed by your brother. I will deliver it to the saheb, after I have had an interview with him." I asked him to write a *yadi* to me in Gujerati. He said he would think over the matter and asked me to consider him as one of his own. He also said he had seen many such Politicals and had kicked them with his boots. I then went to Mr. Craigie, and after giving him certain instructions, I drove away. I left Bombay by the mail train on the 10th, and went to Mehmadabad to take from Mr. Wilson a letter of introduction to Mr. Spence. I saw Mr. Wilson on the 12th.

Q.—Was the private matter referred to either by yourself or Mr. Wilson at the time?

A.—No, Mr. Wilson had previously asked me not to speak about it.

Q.—Had you any communication with any one that day?

A.—Nathooram had sent me a telegram. I believe on the 11th, from Bombay. The telegram is not with me here. I do not know whether I have got it at Cambay or destroyed it. But a copy of it might be had at the telegraph office. Before I received the telegram, it was agreed that I should see Mr. Wilson and that afterwards Nathooram should send me a telegram to go to Anand, where, according to the arrangement, Nathooram was to bring Shamrao with him. I did not speak to Mr. Wilson about the private dispute, nor did I go to Anand. I started again for Bombay on the 12th, after seeing Mr. Cowasji at Ahmedabad. I went to Bombay in order to see Mr. Spence. On the 14th Shamrao and Fakrudin came to my bungalow, to give me the *yadi* which I had asked for, and also the letter of the Nawab to Mr. Wilson. I received the papers on the following day, and I handed over, for my part, the certificates which the saheb had sent me to be delivered to Shamrao. Here is the *yadi* given to me. (Produced.) Some alterations were afterwards made in it at my request, and they have been initialled by Mr. Shamrao.

Q.—Were you paid any money in Bombay on account of your claim?

A.—Yes. Rs. 5,000. I think on the 15th I left Bombay, and on the 16th with Mirza Ali and Fakrudin went to Mehmudabad. I took the Nawab's letter to Mr. Wilson at Mehmudabad. We had no conversation whatever on that occasion about the private dispute. On the 18th I saw Shamrao at the station. Mr. Cowasji, whom I had sent for, was also there. That evening Mr. Shamrao told me that he wanted to make peace with Mr. Wilson and was going to write a note to him. He then took Cowasji into a room. I did not see Mr. Wilson on the 18th. On the 19th Cowasji came to my bungalow at Kaira, and said to me "I have brought with me copy of a letter of apology, and the original is with Fakrudin and Shamrao's brother. Let us show it to the saheb. If he approves of it, it will be good; but if not it will be sent back to Cambay for alteration." I and Cowasji went to the saheb and showed the copy to him. The saheb said in Hindustanee that it was not a proper apology. Cowasji said "Your Madam's health is not good. You are in a hurry to go to Bombay, and it would take some time, if the letter were taken to Cambay for alterations; while in purport it is about what you want." Cowasji also said that Shamrao had accepted the answer which Mr. Wilson had given to his (Shamrao's) letter. The saheb said "I have no objection to accept it, if it conveys the meaning you say it does." Then Mr. Wilson wrote something which Cowasji took away and returned with the original apology.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mehta:—I have known Mr. Wilson for a very long time and am on the same terms, with him as I have been with all other Politicals.

Q.—Do you remember that when Mr. Sheppard was Collector of Kaira he had asked your father to sign an agreement about certain salt duties?

A.—I am here to answer questions about this case and not to say anything about state matters.

Mr. Naylor told the witness to answer the question.

Witness: I do not remember anything about it. I do not recollect if I had gone to Mr. Wilson about it.

Q.—Don't you know that you had written to your father that Mr. Wilson advised him not to sign the agreement?

A.—I did not write any such thing.

Q.—Don't you remember writing to your father that Mr. Wilson would shortly act for Mr. Sheppard, which would relieve your father from the necessity of signing the agreement?

A.—I do not remember.

Q.—Do you remember writing to your father that Mr. Wilson would be displeased if he signed the agreement?

A.—I do not remember.

Q.—Do you positively say that you did not write what I have just asked you about?

A.—I positively say I did not.

Q.—Is this your signature to this letter? (Letter shown to witness.)

A.—No, it is not my signature.

Q.—Will you swear that this is not your signature? Just look also at the eddorsement at the back.

A.—I swear that it is not my signature.

Q.—Just read this letter and see if it was not written at your dictation. It may refresh your memory. (The letter which was in Persian was read aload by the interpreter.)

A.—I swear that I did not dictate this letter or cause it to be sent to my father.

Q.—Since when did you first ask Cowasji to help you in regard to your claims?

A.—It was when Mr. Grant was Collector. I did not ask Mr. Cowasji to speak about my claims either to Mr. Spry or Mr. Allen. I had, however, sent Cowasji to Mr. Wilson.

Q.—Was that because you thought Mr. Cowasji had great personal influence with Mr. Wilson?

A.—No, I sent Cowasji to Mr. Wilson not because I thought him a friend of Mr. Wilson, but because he is a friend of mine. Mr. Cowasji took all the trouble for me purely out of friendship. It was not proposed even to pay him his travelling expenses.

Q.—Did you ever intend eventually to make Cowasji some present for his trouble.

A.—No, never.

Q.—Were not the villages of Makhol and Kel held in Jivai (for maintenance) by Chota Bibi?

A.—They originally came to Gazerakhanum as a marriage portion and she gave them over in her lifetime to her niece Chota Bibi. Chota Bibi was one of the wives of the late Nawab. She was not my mother. Chota Bibi gave the villages to me.

Q.—Do you know that Mr Grant held that Chota Bibi had no right to give away the villages to you, and that on your death they should go to the Durbar?

A.—Mr Grant never told me that he wanted to make peace with Mr. Wilson and was going to write a note to him. He then took Cowasji into a room. I did not see Mr. Wilson on the 18th. On the 19th Cowasji came to my bungalow at Kaira, and said to me "I have brought with me copy of a letter of apology, and the original is with Fakrudin and Shamrao's brother. Let us show it to the saheb. If he approves of it, it will be good; but if not it will be sent back to Cambay for alteration." I and Cowasji went to the saheb and showed the copy to him. The saheb said in Hindustanee that it was not a proper apology. Cowasji said "Your Madam's health is not good. You are in a hurry to go to Bombay, and it would take some time, if the letter were taken to Cambay for alterations; while in purport it is about what you want." Cowasji also said that Shamrao had accepted the answer which Mr. Wilson had given to his (Shamrao's) letter. The saheb said "I have no objection to accept it, if it conveys the meaning you say it does." Then Mr. Wilson wrote something which Cowasji took away and returned with the original apology.

Cross-examined by Mr. Mehta:—I have known Mr. Wilson for a very long time and am on the same terms, with him as I have been with all other Politicals.

Q.—Do you remember that these men asked pecuniary assistance from you to enable them to get up an agitation against Mr. Shamrao?

A.—No, they was not even on friendly terms with them. There was some dispute between us. I know Champakram Doolabhram who was employed in Cambay during the time of Mr. Shamrao.

Q.—Do you remember that Champakram was one of the agitators against Shamrao?

A.—I do not know. He did not write letters to me while the agitation was going on. I am told that Shamrao had made a petition against a resolution passed by Government upon Cambay affairs.

Q.—Do you know that in that petition Mr. Shamrao had written that you were giving pecuniary help to the agitators?

A.—It is all a lie. I had never given any money or assisted the agitation.

Q.—Do you know that Mr. Spry has reported that there was nothing to be said against Mr. Shamrao's honesty?

A.—I don't know.

Q.—Do you know that an attempt is now made to make imputations against his honesty?

A.—I do not know.

Q.—And is it not simply with that view that it is now asserted that Mr. Shamrao paid you Rs. 5,000 and obtained a receipt for Rs. 7,000?

A.—It is so said because it is a fact.

Q.—Do you know that Mr. Wilson had an interview with the Nawab at Lalbaugh about your claims?

A.—He twice met the Nawab at Lalbaugh, but I do not know for what purpose. I know from the statement of the Dewan and of Mirza Ali that my claims had formed one of the topices of discussion.

Q.—Did not Mr. Wilson, while in Cambay, tell you that he would confer with the Nawab about your claim?

A.—He had said so to me at Kaira.

Q.—Then do I understand that he did not say so to you at Cambay?

A.—No he did not.

Q.—Did Mr. Wilson, while at Cambay, tell you that he had an interview with the Nawab about your claims?

A.—I do not remember his having said so to me.

Q.—Did Mr. Wilson tell you that the Nawab had agreed to give you two years arrrears of revenue.

A.—I do not remember having heard that from Mr. Wilson. But Mr. Shamrao did say so to me.

Q.—Did Mr. Wilson tell you that the Nawab had partially agreed to give you wastelands at Pist?

A.—No; nor that the Nawab had refused to employ me in the administration. I am already in the administration as a first class magistrate.

Q.—You knew that Mr. Wilson was to speak to the Nawab about your claims. Did it not occur to you to go to him and learn the result of his interview with the Nawab?

A.—No, because I had already learnt the result from the Dewan. I had sent Mirza Ali to the Dewan to learn the result from him. Cowasji was in Cambay when Mr. Wilson was there.

Q.—Did you ask him to come during Mr. Wilson's visit to Cambay in reference to your claims?

A.—No, I had been asking him long since to come to Cambay simply for a visit. At the same time, I was receiving assistance from him in regard to my claims.

Q.—Were you not disappointed to learn that the Nawab had declined to continue the villages to your heirs?

A.—No, because I did not hear such a thing.

Q.—Did you ask Nathooram what had prevented him to produce the Dewan's letter in the presence of Harilal and Javerbhai?

A.—No, I did not. I did not interfere in the private dispute, although Nathooram proposed to get my claims settled, if I spoke to Mr. Wilson about the private matter.

Q.—Did you ask Cowasji to interfere in the dispute with the object of getting your claims settled?

A.—No. I spoke to Cowasji about the dispute because both Nathooram and Fakrudin had begged hard of me to do so.

Q.—When you returned from the saheb's tent did you ask Nathooram what was the insulting letter to which the saheb referred?

A.—I did not. Cowasji told me the whole story on the evening of the 4th December. I went to Bombay on the 5th on my own private business. Before the Commission adjourned, Mr. Moore asked how many more witnesses there were yet to be examined.

Mr. Inverarity replied that he had one or at the most two short witnesses to call.

Mr. Moore observed that if there was any change in the evidence being concluded on Saturday the Commission might sit on Monday in Bombay to hear Mr. Mehta's reply. He suggested this course believing that it would be convenient to all parties. He, however, wished it to be distinctly understood, on the part of himself and his colleague, Mr. Naylor, that they were quite ready to hear as many witnesses as the parties chose to call, and that they were quite prepared to sit there as many days more as they liked.

The learned counsel on both sides thought there was every chance of the evidence being concluded on Saturday, and were in favour of the Commission sitting in Bombay on Monday to hear Mr. Mehta's address.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Social Gathering, Elphinstone College, 4 p.m.
Bombay Yacht Club Regatta.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 18th:—Lawada (s), from London; Penthesilea (ship), Penarth.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 19th:—Gulisnar (schooner), for Mozambique; Glen Caladh (barque), Falso Point; Olimpia (s), Elephant Point; Bormida (s), China. On the 20th:—Hiate Esperance, for Mozambique; Thirlmere (s), Calcutta; Singapore (s), Genoa; and Poshawur (s), China and Australia.

FAIR.—The Maha Sivratree fair will be held this day at Walkeshwar.

FRAUDULENT POSSESSION OF PROPERTY.—Sheik Abdools Shaik Essnif, a Mahomedan vagrant, was on Saturday last convicted by Mr. Dosabhoy Framjee of having in his possession fifteen glass tumblers, valued Rs. 1-4, reasonably suspected to have been stolen or fraudulently obtained. He was sentenced to one month's rigorous imprisonment.

SUICIDE.—An inquest was held by the coroner on Saturday, at Dockyard Road, Mazagon, touching the death of Pemoo, a woman aged 13 years. Deceased was the wife of a carpenter. About twenty days ago, the husband and mother-in-law scolded her for taking money out of a cupboard without their permission. On the 15th inst. she was missing from the house, and subsequently her body was recovered from a well close to their house. There were no external marks of violence on it, but all the ornaments she wore were on her person. A verdict of suicidal death by drowning was recorded.

NEWSPAPER ENTERPRISE.—The *Bombay Gazette* affords a notable instance of newspaper enterprise in India during the Jubilee. The arrangements made by that paper, for securing from all parts of India, reports of the Jubilee celebration were remarkable. Fully a month before the time about 200 agents in all parts of the Peninsula had been retained for the purpose. Of these nearly a hundred were Karbharees of native States and sixty military officials, representing the important military stations. From these correspondents our contemporary received 22 columns of telegrams, which, at an average of Rs. 80 per column, represents an expenditure of Rs. 1,800.—*East Gollar.*

A FIGHT BETWEEN HINDOO FISHERMEN AND MAHOMEDANS.—On Friday night, between 9 and 10 o'clock, a fight took place between Mahomedans and Hindoo fishermen at Lower Colaba. It appears that a procession of Hindoo fishermen, carrying an idol, was moving about that locality, and on the route they had to pass by a Mahomedan mosque now in course of construction, where they paused awhile, and commenced beating their *Sam-tums* in a noisy manner. A Mahomedan, who was standing by the mosque, requested them to move on, but the fishermen declined to do so, when a row took place, in which several persons were more or less injured. The police proceeded to the spot and arrested some of the persons who had taken a prominent part in the affray, and at once quelled the disturbance.

A VETERAN EDUCATIONAL OFFICIAL.—We understand that Mr. John Bocarro, head assistant to the Director of Public Instruction, will shortly retire on pension. Mr. Bocarro has done no less than 42 years' service in the educational department. He entered the service of Government in 1844, as head clerk to the Board of Education. On the abolition of the Board's office in 1857, Mr. Bocarro's services were placed at the disposal of Mr. C. J. Erskine, C.S., the first Director of Public Instruction in Bombay. He has since served under seven successive Directors and acting Directors, namely, Mr. Howard, Sir Alexander Grant, Colonel Etty, Colonel (now General) T. Waddington, Mr. J. P. Peile, Dr. Cooke, Mr. Lee-Warner, and Mr. Chatfield, and will now retire with the esteem of all who have had to transact business with his office. —*Bombay Educational Record.*

FORT PRESS COMPANY.—An extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of the company was held on Saturday at its registered office, Horaby Road, for the purpose of considering an agreement proposed to be entered into by the company with the Colaba Press Company and the New Apollo Press Company for the joint working of their presses. Mr. Rustomjee Pestonjee Bilimoria, chairman of the board of directors, presided. The proposed agreement was read to the meeting and after some discussion, it was proposed by Mr. Jamsadas Vundravandas, seconded by Mr. Sorabjee Hormusjee Bottlewalla, and carried, that the shareholders having heard the terms of the agreement to be entered into between this company, the Colaba Press Company, and the New Apollo Press Company, for the joint working of all the companies' presses, approve of the agreement and confirm it. The proceedings terminated with a vote of thanks to the chairman.

THE SUSPICIOUS MURDER.—The adjourned inquest was resumed on Saturday at the morgue, Cammatapoora, by the coroner, into the circumstances connected with the death of Sivdan Sivdas, aged about 25 years, a ramoosee in the service of Nursee Kutao, a wool merchant, whose body was found lying tied up in a sheet at Chunna Butcher Street on the morning of the 5th instant, with a slight wound on the chin, also a wound on the right side of the head, and cut on the right ear, and the head and face satured with blood. The coroner, after recording the evidence of Sew Narayan Baladeen, also a ramoosee in the service of Nursee Kutao, and two other Purdasees named Jeodyal Kalika Prusad and Dowlaree Lallitha, who were in company of the deceased on the night of the 4th instant, whose statements went to corroborate the statement made by the first witness Wagjee Hirjee, the mehtr in the service of the deceased's master in every material point, adjourned the inquest for further enquiry untill to-morrow, the 22nd instant.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE TRANSCENDENTALLY ORTHODOX VIEW OF THE HINDU WIDOW QUESTION.

A WIFE is the *Sahadharmini* of a Hindu husband—his equal in religious rights and privileges. She is the better half of her husband—his mother inasmuch as he is evolved out of her womb in the shape of a child she may have given birth to. She has no separate spiritual existence—she is one with her husband. Hence a man, until he is wedded to a wife, is incomplete—only half of him. His imperfections must be made up by the feminine virtues of woman, and vice versa should she feel a perfection in her life or in death, a Hindu wife is united to her husband for all time to come. And whether dead or alive, her affection has been so firmly concentrated upon her Lord that her fidelity is eternal. The memory of her dead lord is for ever c.upled with her own and what is called "enforced widow-hood" by our so-called reformers, actually finds no place in our society. The very idea is revolting to our femaledom, and those who have any knowledge of the high moral standard prevailing in our society, must testify to it unreservedly. By death we understand nothing more or less than a mere change of planes of existence by the human entity. The King of Terrors has no terrors for the Hindu widow. He cannot sever the bonds of marriage as we understand it. He can separate, at the most the physical substances of the lampati. Spiritually they are as united after death as in life. And as the ego, released of its physical bondage, recovers its spiritual powers, its better half in the material world devotes herself solely to the growth and development of her moral strength which purifies her heart and illumines with a transcendental lustre over the remembrance of her departed lord. She has known the secret of "death" and cheerfully looks forward to the day when her journey has been over, and the spiritual egos, purified of the dross consequent upon their phenomenal changes, resolve themselves into an "unit," and resume their "backward" course towards their final goal. What a grand idea! What a glorious consummation! Young Bengal! reflect upon this grand system of marriage, evolved out of the infinite womb of our Indian wisdom, and beware of the advancing materialization which threatens to be the greatest curse that could befall India!—*Hindu Herald.*

THE JUBILEE HONOURS.

IN honouring Mr. Melvill Government honour the whole Service of which he is so distinguished an ornament. We hope the Thakore of Gondal, K.C.I.E., will now finish his medical studies and attend to his business proper, so well managed by his karbhari. What does the veteran Bombayer, Sir George Birdwood, gain by his additional plumage? There is a younger bird of the same family in our midst whom all Bombay would have been delighted to find similarly noticed. His Highness of Rutlam we heartily congratulate; it is meet the Queen-Empress should recognize the personal merits of our princes as well as their public worth. We are glad, too, at Mr. Mackenzie Wallace getting something for his hard unselfish work before and since his arrival in India. Mr. Ranade was doomed, and we are not surprised at his enrolment, as they call it. But what did Mr. Wordsworth do to be thus overtaken at last? Could they not have let him alone? Even if they were determined to do him, it might have been as graceful, and more consonant to his own feeling, if they had elevated Mrs. Wordsworth instead to the ladies' Order of the Empire. However, the educated classes of Bombay may well recognize the services of their guide, philosopher and friend, now that Government themselves have appreciated the services of a consistent but sympathetic critic. While on the subject, we may be pardoned the curiosity to know why not a single journalist has been honoured on this occasion. Mr. Digby got his C. I. E. for his labours during the Madras famine. We could point to another who has laboured in other fields, as traveller, journalist and citizen, and has acquired a high position in this triple capacity. And what is more important from the native point, he has, on many occasions, thrown in the weight of his influence on the side of justice and progress. These are other English journalists outside of Bombay, whom we could name similarly. Among natives there was Mr. Kristodas Pal, Member of Council, Rai Bahadur, C.I.E., who might by this time have been a Raja or Maharaja had the poor fellow been spared a few years. Is there no one in Bengal to take his place? We could name at least three. Let us hope these omissions are only temporary and that they are not by no one as much as by Government themselves. The last name in the list is that of our venerable Parsee, Sir Dinshawji Mancokji Petit, whom we had the pleasure of nominating as far back as in 1883.—*Indian Spectator.*

THE PROSPECTS OF HIGHER EDUCATION.

WE repeat that the danger which threatens superior education in the presidency is not so serious as it is apprehended. Those who desired the privileges of free citizenship are now taken at their word. They had better begin to exercise the privileges. A beginning will have to be made sooner or later. Why not a little too soon than too late? Self-help will be our best friend, if we are honest enough to recognize it. As to Government, we need scarcely exhort them not to withdraw from the management of educational institutions without due forethought and ample provision. If the thing has to be done, let it be done slowly and constatively, so that in case of the experiment miscarrying it may not be found impossible to revert to the old arrangement. We believe, the high education in Bombay will not suffer under the present system, though we will not hesitate to admit that the great need of the time is technical instruction to develop and utilize the resources of the country, and popular instruction, to lighten the effort and to make the masses, reasonably, independent of the classes. —*Indian Spectator.*

COMPLAINTS are made in respect of mismanagement in case of native children who were invited to the feast on Saturday. The Tramway Company seems to have treated some of the Chandanwady and Girgaum schools unfairly. It is stated that the Company refused to run cars for certain schools though arrangements had previously been made with the Company. The result was that a number of children had to be taken to the *maidan* in victorias and others had to walk all the way in the sun.—*East Gollar.*

JUBILEE CHARITIES.

WE hear that Sir Dinshaw Petit has expressed to Government his desire to give a sum of Rs. 1,25,000 towards the founding of a female Medical College in connection with the Cama Hospital. We publish the report as we have received it. But we hear on reliable authority that a fund of Rs. 30,000 being necessary for providing a hospital building for trained nurses, Mr. Pestonjee Hormasjee Cama has agreed to pay half the amount.—*East Gollar.*

H. E. THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

"Englishmen, Australians, Canadians, Hindus, Mahomedans are all linked by the same loyal feeling towards their Queen-Empress." Referring to the above words of his Excellency the Governor the *Jam-i-Jamshed* facetiously remarks that the omission of the most distinguished and loyal race, viz., the Parsees, from the list was probably owing to a misapprehension in the mind of His Excellency that the Parsees were going back to Persia at the invitation of the Shah.

The *East Gollar* has the following on the same subject:—"We share the disappointment expressed by our contemporaries at the omission of the Parsees' name from the Governor's speech. We wish it was purely a mistake as some are disposed to think, but we do not think it was a mistake. It is not probable that H. E. the Governor would forget a name, the brightness of which he sees every day at every step. We think the Governor left the name out on the supposition that the Parsees do not form a nation. Their number is too small. We must, however, declare that though few the Parsees constitute a great nation. Bombay is formed principally of Parsees and the prosperity of the city about which the Governor took so much pride is owing to the Parsees. The Parsees are leaders in Bombay of all religious, social, educational and political movements. Take for instance the Jubilee festivities. Parsees contributed the largest sum to the fund. They attended the festivities in the largest number. They did the greater portion of the illuminations. Remove the Parsees from the magnificent gathering which the Governor addressed and see what remains. We are afraid ignoring the existence of the Parsees in this manner was a mistake.

THE ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE JUBILEE.

THE characteristic features of the general festivities both in our midst and in the mofussil have been, as said above, illuminations, prayers and children's fetes, deliverance of prisoners from jail and in some places dinners to the poor, food and clothing to the poor, a feature which is to some a better way of marking the memory of every historical event than the mere burning of so many maunds of oil and the attendant paraphernalia of street decorations on such occasions. In Bombay itself the different native communities—Mahomedans, Parsis, Khojas and Hindus, all alike, have had their prayers said for the long life and prosperity of Her Majesty the Queen-Empress in their respective mosques, fire-temples and Hindu *Mandirs*, and to carry out these separate committees had been improvised. On the whole every thing was so grand and the arrangements made so perfect that no room was left for the most obstinate caviller to point out a single defect in the arrangements made. The police arrangements were equal to the occasion, and though it was impossible were many about the main roads on the 16th instant both by day and night, not a single accident seems to have been allowed to occur. And for this happy termination of the festivities without a hitch or accident the thanks both of Government and the public are largely due to our worthy Commissioner of Police. Well may the citizens of Bombay congratulate themselves on having such a worthy Commissioner to claim to similar honours, particularly Khan Bahadur Munchershaw C. Marashan who has almost been the soul of the fair got up on the Esplanade for the perfection of the arrangements made.—*Native Opinion.*

THE BOMBAY JUBILEE FUND.

We are requested by the Honorary Secretaries to state that the following additional sums have been subscribed to the Fund for the above celebration:—

Names.	Victoria Decennial Institute.	Queen's Jubilee Fund.	School Fund.	Imperial Institute in London.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Sir Dinshaw Manockjee Petit Kt. (second subscription) Rs. 500					
Lady Sakarbai Dinshaw Petit (second subscription „ 200				...	700 0
Mr. Framji M. Petit (second subscription.... „ 150				...	150 0
Mr. Jamsetjee M. Petit (second subscription .... „ 150				...	150 0
Messrs. Thomas Cook and Sons		200	100	...	300 0
Messrs. Fakir Mahomed Babhanbhoy & Co. ...		100	50	50	200 0
Manager Times of India and under ...					
Messrs. H. Curwen, F. C. E. Kane, 50 fifty rupees each					
Mr. Jhandrao Narayen Balaji 20 rupees					
Messrs. Arnold Wright, E. G. White, Mrs. and Captain Russell 10 rupees each and two others eight rupees ...					
The Bombay Port Trust as under:—					168 0
Messrs. W. W. Squire, Rs. 25, P. Glyn Messant, Rs. 15, Ratanjee Dhunjeebhoy, Rs. 15, Graham Hutton, Rs. 10, James Munton, Rs. 30, Herchand Nillaji, Rs. 10, and other employes of the Port Trust Rs. 58 8						
Brigade Surgeon Dymock			100		100 0
Mr. Tharia Topen			50		50 0
Mr. E. C. Olliffaut, C.S., (second subscription)		50		50	50 0
Mr. Sorabjee N. Cooper.	25		5	20	50 0
Messrs. Jamsi Kheraj & Co.				50	50 0
Mr. J. M. Sleator		25	25		50 0
Mr. Jagannath Sadashivjee	40	10	...	...	50 0
Mr. Abdools Meharali Dharamsi		40	...	...	40 0
Mr. E. F. Nicholson	...		30	...	30 0
Mr. Ahmedbhoy Habibhoy (second subscription)	...	...	25	...	25 0
The Hon'ble Sir M. Melvill, Kt., C. I. E., (second subscription)	...	...	20	...	20 0
Mr. Manikshs Cowashs Faltyarkhan	15	5	...	...	20 0
Mr. Gopeeshah Rustamji Mehta.....	10	5	...	...	15 0
Messrs. Merwanji and Byramji (second subscription)	...	...	10	...	10 0
Mr. Alfred King	...	...	10	...	10 0
Khan Bahadur Byramjee Dadabhoy	...	...	10	...	10 0
					2,411 8
Amount previously acknowledged					54,845 6
Total...					57,256 14

NOTE.—The sum credited on the 14th instant to Messrs. Ebrahim and Co., Rs. 300 should have been from Messrs. Viram Ebrahim and Co.

The sum of Rs. 100 credited to Mr. M. H. Starling on the 19th instant, was previously given credit for on the 3rd idem the total subscription therefore up to date is Rs. 57,156-14-0.

GRAFFENBERG PILLS.

Sold by COOPER, MADON & CO., Ld.

Price—As. 10.

These PILLS act with great mildness and may be taken at any time with benefit.

They cure all forms of Malarial Diseases and Fevers, and should be used to stimulate the Liver and Kidneys to healthy action. They are invaluable for Headache, Biliousness and Bowel Complaints.

COLLISION BETWEEN THE 'NEPAUL' AND A CHINESE TRANSPORT.

SERIOUS LOSS OF LIFE.

THE following account of the disastrous collision between the P. & O. Co.'s steamer Nepaul and a Chinese transport is taken from the *Shanghai Mercury* of the 21st ultimo:—One of the most calamitous shipwrecks which ever happened on the China coast, with the attendant loss of many lives, fell to the lot of the P. & O. steamer Nepaul, which left Shanghai, was, it appears, going half-slow about half-past six o'clock, a fog of some density prevailing at the time. She was then about 38 miles from Woosung and eight from the Tungsha lightship, and as the proceeded was blowing her whistle and fog horn. No danger was apprehended, and the first intimation those on board the Nepaul had of such was on their hearing the whistle of a steamer quite close to them. The engines were at once reversed, but it was too late to prevent the Nepaul crashing, within a few seconds, into the Chinese man-of-war Wan Nien-ching amidships.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, FEB. 19

There was a decline of ½ per cent. in Consols at 101, in London yesterday; but French Rentes were ¼ per cent. higher, at 107½. Other quotations were quite unchanged, including Bar Silver at 46 11-16d., and to-day the only additional item of news is that the Indian Council placed one lakh more Wire Transfers on Calcutta at 1s. 5 29-32d. The Specie shipments for the week consisted of £10,000 in Silver, and £40,000 in Gold, all for Bombay

According to the usual weekly quotations wired yesterday, the only change in Mincing Lane was a decline of 1s. in Coffee, which was flat at 80s. per cwt. for Mid-Plantation, Oil seeds being quoted the same all round. In Mark Lane, Wheat was firm, and Club No. 2 was 6d. per quarter higher at 34s. No. 1 Soft White Wheat at Liverpool was 3d. per cental dearer, at 7s.; and No. 2 quality had advanced 1d. at 6s. 7d. per cental The quantity of Wheat afloat for the United Kingdom on Friday was 40,000 quarters less than a week ago, at 1,930 000 quarters. To-day's telegram quotes Liverpool quality of Linseed 15 per cent., 9d. per quarter cheaper at 38s. 6d.; and 25 per cent. 1s. lower, at 36s. 3d. per quarter. The Import of Linseed was 6,000 quarters for the week, or 9,000 quarters less than the week before.

Cotton was quite unchanged in Liverpool yesterday, but the tone was steady at closing; Surats and arrivals quiet. The day's sales amounted to the usual 10,000 bales; of which however only 5 per cent. were Surats. The business for the week ending yesterday was on about the same scale as during that which preceded it, the total sales and the Cotton taken by the trade being, in eache case, 1,000 bales more this week than last. The Imports were 38,000 bales less than during the previous six days. The total stock had increased by only 1,000 bales, while that of Surats had diminished by 2,000 bales. The figures given below show how large the total stock in Liverpool is this year compared with last, viz., nearly 240,000 bales more, though it is on about a par with the stock at the same time in 1885. The total visible supply of Cotton had fallen off by 50,000 bales during the week ending yesterday; but, following the relative position which they have taken of late, Surats show a visible supply of 30,000 bales more than they did last Friday

We learn that the Liverpool market was firm to-day; with sales 8,000 bales, including 500 Surats. Imports were heavy, aggregating 38,000 bales. Spot prices were unaltered; but in consequence, no doubt, of comparatively lighter receipts at the U. S. Ports, American arrivals were quoted 3-64d. dearer for Feb-March deliveries, and 1-32d. higher in all other positions.

Futures for June were one point higher in New York yesterday, at 9·72; but the spot price was unaltered at 9·72. The Receipts were 13,000 bales, against 19,000 last year, and 8,000 the year before. The Receipts at the Ports for the week have aggregated 86,000 bales, and have thus lost 16,000 bales, of their previous gain compared with last year, but the excess still stands at 233,000 bales as against 1886, and 331,000 bales in 1885. It will require smaller receipts than we are now having to bring the figures in a conformance with the final estimate of the Washington Bureau, not to speak of the lesser ones which have been current.

To-day's telegram from New York reports rather light receipts again, viz., 11,000 bales, against 16,000 bales last season, and 4,000 bales only in 1885; and,—on the strength of this we suppose,—June Futures have advanced 3 points, say to 9·75, while Mid-Uplands on the spot have not length made to move to 9 9-16d. The receipts at the Ports are certainly at length showing some falling off compared with last year, but certainly not the perpendicular drop which we have been told to look for; and we are just now going against rather heavy figures for last year.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1887	1886	1885
Week's receipts	86,000	142,000	51,000
" exports to U.K.	60,000	39,000	43,000
" Coastn at	22,000	47,000	17,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept.	4,651 000	4,418,000	4,32 ,800
" exports to U. K.	2,016,000	1,895,000	1,816,400
" Coast	1,259 000	1,378,000	1,166,4 0
" Stock in the Ports	862,000	1,042,000	83 ,000

The total visible supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 18th inst. affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1887	1886	1885
Total supply of all kinds	3,291,000	3,127,710	2,913,340
" " Surats	373,000	354,480	281,880
Stock in Liverpool	913,000	674,920	921,260
" London	9,000	18,000	34,000
American Afloat	240,000	218,000	231,000
East Indian "	43,000	39,000	28,000
	1,205,000	948,920	1,217,260
Price of Mid-Uplands	5¼d.	4 13-16d.	6d.
" Good Fair Dholleras	4d.	4 1-16d.	4¾d.
Difference	1¼d. &	6/32	1 1-4d.

Cotton has been very steady in tone, and without any quotable change in quotations. A fair quantity of ready stuff has been taken at Rs. 176-7 for "Good" Khanguam; Rs. 172-3 for "Good" Julgaum; and Rs. 150-5 for "Fair" Khandeish and Indore, or forward delivery there are more buyers than sellers, but quotations are unchanged.

Wheat and Seeds.—There is certainly nothing encouraging to buyers of Seed in home advices; and in Wheat the rates ruling on the other side are not such as to tempt shippers. Dealers, nevertheless, maintain their position of unwilling sellers even at the high rates, and the position of the Market remains the same, while rates, generally speaking, are nominally the same as before. There has been some enquiry to-day for Club Delhi No. 1 for April-May delivery; but it, and any business which may have resulted, has been confined to Native circles.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	6,788 bales.
Wheat	11,450 cwts.
Linseed	4,552 "
Gingelly	6,291 "
Ground Nuts	10,381 "

Freights are without particular change in quotations; but rates are still firmer for ready business than for forward engagements. We hear that a steam r has been fixed for April loading at 20s. per ton, for favourite ports.

Exchange opened with a weak feeling, and a downward tendency in rates, which ultimately resulted in a decline of 3-32 i. per rupee on yesterday's closing quotations, Calcutta also coming rather lower. A little business was done in 3 months' sight Credits at the decline; but altogether the market was inactive.

Government Paper.—The better tone in this market continues; and although transactions to-day have been on a limited scale, we report further improvement of 1 16 per cent. in Fours, at 95¾. Four-and-a-half Paper is also quoted a little higher, at 99¾.

Shares.—The market was quiet on Saturday and few transactions took place; but we give the following as the latest revised rates for the shares mentioned: Dadiseth P and G, Rs. 112½; Prince of Wales' Press, Rs. 375; K angaum P ess, Rs. 350; Cawnpore Press, Rs. 125; Manockjee Petit Spinning, Rs. 1,212½; Morarjee Goculdas, Rs. 1,470; Port Canning, Rs. 235½; Bombay Ice, Rs. 112; Kemp and Co., Rs. 330; Bapty Brothers, Rs. 112; Marcks and Co., Rs. 92; Badnam, Pile, Rs. 162; Treacher and Co., Rs. 1,180; Thacker and Co., Rs. 175; Soundy and Co., Rs. 70; Phillips and Co., Rs. 104; Pearse and Co., Rs. 53; Oriental Life, Rs. 105.

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G. I. P. R. 5 per cent. Stock	..	£100	–	–	4
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaranteed 5 per cent.	–	£100	–	–	£160

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Ahmedabad S. & W. Company	1,30	1,00	000	..	1,375
Albert Edward Cotton Mills Co., Ld.	1,00	500	500	–	445
Anglo-Indian S. & W. Company	9,345	100	100	Rs. 5	99xd.
Alfred Manf'g. Co.	1,00	500	500	..	251
Alliance Cotton Manufg. Co. Ld.	1,800	1,00	1,00	Rs. 25	625
Bellasis S. & W. Co., Ld.	871	500	all	Rs. 27½	920
Bo. Cotton Mf'g Co. Ld.	600	500	50	Rs. 20	355xd
Bombay United	90	1,00	1,00	Rs. 2	880
Barsi Mf'g. Co., Ld.	2,75	50	20	..	15
Central India S. & W Company	3,07	5	5	Rs. 25	815
New issues	3,000	125	–	Rs. 125	180
Ocean Land & Mill Co.	4,00	70	70	Rs. 12	675
Connaught Mills	8	50	50	Rs. 25	540
Coorla Mills	1,30	1,00	1,00	Rs. 75	615
City of Bombay Shares	50	1,00	1,00	Rs. 55	865
Dharumsey S. & W. Co	..	..	..	..	..
Dhun Mills	1,00	1,00	1,0	Rs. 75	1,070xd
Empress S. & W. Co.	1,30	5	5	Rs. 2	660xd.
Framji Petit Mf'g. Co.	1,25	1,00	1,00	..	655
Jordon Mills	2,00	50	50	..	160
Indian Manufg.	1,62	1,00	1,00	..	730
Hinguchat Mf'g Co. Ld.	70	50	all	37½ p.s.	650
Hydrabad Spinning & Weaving Co.	700	1,0	50	Rs. 2	850
Imperial Cotton Mills Co.	600	50	1,00	Rs. 25	870
Indian Manfg Co. Ld.	868	1,00	50	Rs. 7	1,385
James Greaves Mills	100	50	1,00	Rs. 2½	570
Kaiser-i-Hind Spin. Co.	1,34	5	5	14-5-1	40
Jeevraj Shalloo	1,30	1,00	50	Rs. 45	112½
Khandelah	750	1,0	1,0	Rs. 30	885
Madhavji Mandvie	1,60	1,00	1,00	Rs. 30	810
Leopold & Bleaching & Mfg. Co. Ld.	8,50	1,00	1	Rs. 5	137
Madras United	2,00	1,00	1	Rs. 12	2,725
Manaikukshmi	650	1,00	1,0	..	5 0
Manockjee Petit's	4,050	1,00	1,0	Rs. 50	1212½
Mahim Manufg. Co.	5,000	250	250	..	1825
Morarjee Goculdas	1,150	1,000	1,0	Rs. 75	1,470
National Spinning	800	1,00	1,00	..	410
New Egerton Cloth Manfg Co., Ld.	1,00	1,00	100	..	75
Narayan Cotton Mills	800	1,000	1,000	..	265
New Great Eastern	1,00	1,000	1,00	Rs. 0	815
Oriental	5,72	625	62	Rs. 15	5571
People of India S. & W Company	..	25	250	–	310
Prince of Wales Spinning Company.	0	500	500	..	92
Queen Spinning	0	500	1,00	Rs. 60	930
Tipon	641	1,00	1,0	Rs. 60	86
Sassoon S. & W. Co.	1,50	1,00	00	..	1,500
Sassoon and Alliance Silk Mfg Co., Ld.	1,716	500	500	Rs.	350
Shoiapore Mills	675	1,00	1,00	Rs. 35	1,255
Soundercles	500	1,00	1,00	..	810
Southern India	1,300	500	500	Rs. 12	310
Southern Mahratta S. & W. Co. Ld.	1,21	25	25	..	240
Victoria Mills	65	1,00	1,00	..	485
Western India S. & M Company	1,20	1,00	1,0	Rs. 30	725
Lukmidas Khimji S. W. Co.			1,0	..	730

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The ship Principality, 1,699 tons, arrived yesterday from Cardiff with coal.

The s s Ascalon, 1,523 tons, arrived yesterday from Batoum with kerosine oil.

The brig Nuthewoolie, 240 tons, arrived yesterday from Calicut with timber, having left on Jan 18.

The s s Preston, 1,401 tons, Capt. Frederick Brown, arrived yesterday from Aden in ballast.

The s s Teddington, 1,310 tons, arrived yesterday from Cardiff with coals for the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Company.

The s s Thirlmere, 1,710 tons Captain J Brown, sailed yesterday for Calcutta, laden with a general cargo.

The Ship Penthesclea arrived in Bombay on the 18th instant, from Penarth, under Captain Fortrey, with a cargo of coals.

The Hiate Esperance sailed under its Nakoda yesterday with a general cargo and five deck passengers for Mozambique and Quillimane.

The Italian mail steamer Singapore, 2,134 tons, Captain G Parodi, sailed, on Saturday last, from Bombay for Genoa with a general cargo and passengers.

The Rubattino steamer Bormida, 1,499 tons, Captain Pizzarallo, sailed from Bombay, the day before yesterday, laden with a general cargo for Singapore and Hongkong.

The s s Lawada, 2,157 tons, Captain J Liddiard, arrived in Bombay on Friday last, with a general cargo comprising 1,400 barrels of gun powder and Mrs Payne, a passenger, on board.

The s s Bedouin, 1,276 tons, Capt S W Jennings, arrived yesterday from Cardiff with coals for the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway. She also brought the following passengers:—Mrs Morris and child, Miss Mackenzie, Miss F Mackenzie, and Miss A Mackenzie.

The s s Victoria, 2,207 tons, commander W. M. Russel, arrived yesterday from Liverpool with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Capt A Atkinson, Mrs Atkinson, infant and maid, Mdme La Marquise de Bouchel, three children and maid. Miss Biggs, Mr and Mrs Hume Balfour, the Rev and Miss Beanmann child and man-servant, Miss Beaumann, Major Penrys Evans, Mrs Lamb, Miss E Lamb, Miss M Lamb, Master Lamb, Miss Clara Lamb, Miss Larpent, Mr Ralph Malcolm, Mr J Hamilton Martin, Mrs Martin, Col J W O'Dowda, Col H G Saunders, BSC, Mrs Saunders, child and maid, Miss Saunders, Miss Mary Saunders, Mrs G R Shakespear, and two children, Miss Shakespear and Mr T F Walker.

VESSELS IN THE PRINCE'S DOCK.
19TH FEBRUARY, 1887.

Vessels.	Net Tonnage	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S.S. Singapore	..	.....	A	Bozzoni & Co.
" Britannia	1991	F. Blight	B	W. & A. Graham & Co.
" Malwa	...	.....	C	P. & O. Co.
" Peshawur	213	.....	D	P. & O. Co.
" Lawada	...	.....	E	M. M. & Co.
" C. Graham	..	.....	F	F. M. & Co.
" Cairo	1150	R. Hayn	G	F. Mur & Co.
" Lisbard	127	T. Byrne	H	Captain.
"Wereeth Hall	2690	T. Collics	M	E. Bates & Co.
" Brankelow	1618	D. Stewart	N	K. Nixon & Co.
" Storm Queen	1375	S. Irwin	O	J. Mackintosh & Co.
" Bormida	..	.....	P	F. Bozzoni.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commander	From.
18	Lawada (s)	Liddiard	London, Dec. 31.
20	Penthesclea	Fortrey	Penarth.
	Principality	Jones	Liverpool, Nov 11
	Teddington (s)	Free	New Port, Jan 15

DEPARTURES.

Feb.	Vessels.	Commande	Destination.
19	Gulianz	Nakoda	Mozambique, &c.
	Glenlora	Lamont	False Point.
	Rajputana	Waller	Elephant Point.
	Bormida (s)	Pazzarello	Genoa.
20	Hiate Esperance	Nakoda	Mozambique, &c.
	Thirlmere (s)	Brown	Calcutta.
	Singapore (s)	Parodi	Genoa.
	Peshawur (s)	Monte	China & Australia.

The following vessels commenced loading on Saturday last:—Steamers Dunbar, for Hull; and Malwa, for London.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

Feb.			
16	Manora s	.....	Calcutta.
	Goalpara	.....	Negapatam.
	Canning s	.....	Rangoon.
	L. C. K	.....	Mauritius.
17	Malda s	.....	Rangoon.
	M. Monastchy s	.....	Singapore.

DEPARTURES.

Feb.		
16	Canning s	Calcutta.
17	Goalpara s	Rangoon.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—February 18.

Barnett, Lt., Bo., Burma police, on duty, from Poona.
Gaye, Bde-Surgn., Bo., Mad., Staff, on leave, from Kirkee.
Peaise Col., Mad., Staff-Corps, on privilege leave, from Bangalore.
Moffat, Major, Mad., S. W. Borderers, on privilege leave, from Bangalore.

February 19.

Brodie, Surgn, Bo., Mad., Staff, on leave, from Deolali.
Kingscote, Major, Bo, R. H. A., on leave, from Mhow.

DEPARTURES.—February, 18.

Ducat, Col., Bo., R. E., on duty, to Guzerat.
Peaise, Col., Mad., Staff Corps., on privilege leave, to England.
Moffat, Major, Mad., S. W. Borderers, on leave to England.

February 19.

Harrison, Lt., Bl., Rl. Irish Fus., on leave, to Ceylon.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE CORPS.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS

By Lieut.-Col. the Hon'ble L. H. Bayley, Comdt. B.V.R.C.
Bombay, February 21, 1887.

1. There will be drill at the following places until further orders:—

Oval, at 6-30 a.m., company aiming and position drill for recruits, Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays.
J. J. Hospital—Mondays and Fridays, at 5 p.m.
P. and O. Dockyard—Mondays and Fridays, at 5 p.m.
Byculla Cottage—Wednesdays, at 5 p.m.
Byculla School—Mondays and Thursdays, at 4-45 p.m.
Queen's Statue—Mondays and Wednesdays, at 4-15 p.m.
St. Peter's School—Tuesdays and Thursdays, at 4 p.m.
Byculla Scottish School—Mondays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.
Indo-British Institution—Tuesdays and Fridays, at 4 p.m.
Grant Road Steam Bakery Compound—Tuesdays and Fridays, at 6-40 a.m.
Cathedral High School, and John Connon School Cadets will parade at the Oval and Queen's Statue as above. No recruits will be allowed to commence Target practice until he has, as efficient, been passed at position and aiming drill, all recruits should take their earliest opportunity of qualifying themselves at the above drills.

2. There will be a class of instruction for proficiency certificates on Tuesday the 22nd instant at 6 p.m.

By Order,
(Sd.) H. HODGKINSON, Capt.,
Adjutant, B. V. R. Corps.

DR. F. B. SEERVAI,
SURGEON DENTIST,
NO. 8, HORNBY ROW,
Opposite the Bombay General Post Office.

MR. N. H. GREESTA,
DENTAL SURGEON.
MAY BE CONSULTED FROM 8 A.M. TO 5 P. M.
Extracts teeth under N. O. Gas,
No. 23 RAMPART ROW,
Next to Bombay Gazette Office.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, the best Family Aperient Medicine, without Mercury.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, effectual in all Liver Complaints.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Sick Headaches and Giddiness.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Costiveness and Stomach Pains.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS cure Indigestion and Flatulency.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS may be taken at all times without restraint from business pleasure.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequent y prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not therefore purchase without seeing the Government Stamp over the cork of the bottle.

DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS, W. LAMBERT, LONDON, ENGLAND, "AGENTS WANTED."

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLES
ARE CUT ON APPROVED SCIENTIFIC PRINCIPLES AT RIGHT ANGLES TO THE AXIS OF THE CRYSTAL.

IN MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES it is not only the pebbles which are perfect. Special attention has also been given to the construction and finish of the frames to ensure the pebbles being placed exactly in the proper position for efficiently correcting the particular anomaly of refraction for which they are designed.

MENIST'S PERFECT PEBBLE SPECTACLES stand unrivalled, and command the highest price, but for those who desire it, we supply also ordinary glass and Pebble Spectacles, at Rs. 3 and Rs. 6 per pair, respectively.

MARCKS AND COMPANY Ld.

THE FUND FOR THE CELEBRATION OF THE JUBILEE OF THE REIGN OF H. I. M. THE QUEEN-EMPRESS.

SUBSCRIBERS to this Fund who have not yet sent in their contributions are requested to pay such amounts at their earliest convenience to the Bank of Bombay to allow of the early settlement of the accounts.

HENRY MORLAND,
Chairman of the Executive Committee.
Bombay, 19 Feb. 1887.

SASSOON INSTITUTE.

NEW BOOKS.

A. 240—11—13—The Life of Shelley, K. Dowden, LL.D.
240—23—26—Journal of the Reign of Queen Victoria, C. C. F. Greville.
B. 28—15—Guthnan and the Gothamites, H. O. von Karstein.
5—17—Og Gadie'a, Fred Burnaby.
21—2—Kilmeth Queen, Mrs. E. Kennard.
27—20—Lady Honoria's Nieces, Hon. Mrs. H. W. Chewynd.
C. 25—41—R p o t on the Administration of the Madras Presidency, 1885-86.
25—49—Irrigation Revenue Report, Bombay Presidency, 1885-86.

QUEEN'S LEATHER.

A NEW FABRIC for Upholstering purposes, lining of Carriages Bookbinding, &c., is equal in appearance and durability to REAL LEATHER. It is not affected by damp heat, and can easily be cleaned with Soap and water, while the price is less than half of REAL LEATHER. Full particulars may be obtained from

JOHN ROBERTS & Co.

"BOMBAY GAZETTE" JUBILEE REPORTS.—The *Bombay Gazette* of Tuesday last having been sold out early in the day, notwithstanding the issue of a large number of extra copies, the Manager will be glad to buy back the papers of that date. To-day's *Bi-weekly Gazette* will contain a reprint of the whole of the Telegrams and Jubilee matter, and copies of it will be sent to Up-country Subscribers who have ordered the issues out of print.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

BOMBAY.

BIRTH.

DAW—February 17, at Sehore, C. I., the wife of Surgeon A. Daw, M.D., Hospital Satte, and Political Agency, of a son.

DEATHS.

PEEBLES—February 17, at Mahomdnagar, David, son of D. P. Peebles, Sohe Inmaster, Master Road, aged 3 mon hs.
TUCK R—Feb 20, (suddenly), near the Marine Lines Station, Mrs Lucken, wife of Commissioner Tucker, of the Salvation Army.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

AINLEY—February 16, at Nungambaker Park, Madras, the wife of Sam Ainley, Supervisor, Madanapally Taluq, of a son.
CAMPBELL—February 12, at Kennedy Cottage, Simla, the wife of J. S Campb ll, C. S, of a daughter.
MOLBERRY—February 14, at Cawnpore, the wife of Lieutenant G. A. McCarthy, 39th Bengal Infantry, of a daughter.

MARRIAGE.

FOUNDORF—BLANEY—February 14, at Jubbulpore, Albert Foundorf to Mabel Blaney.

DEATHS.

EVANS—February 13, at the Medical College, Calcutta, John Samuel Crofton Evans, late Bengal Police, and of 5, City Road, Allahabad, aged 41 years.

The Bombay Gazette

MONDAY, FEBRUARY 21, 1887.

In these economical times it is curious to note that nothing has been done to work on of the most expensive services somewhat more cheaply. The East Indian Squadron consists of ships of the Royal Navy, manned throughout by British sailors and serving as a means of relieving the Admiralty Budget at the expense of India. Many reasons were given for abolishing the old Indian Navy; but none were really sufficiently strong to justify its abolition, and the result is not beneficial to this country. Why should not the Indian fleet be officered on the same principle as the Staff Corps, viz., by officers drawn from the Royal Navy in their youth and devoting their lives to the service of India? Such officers would be personally better off than they are at present, for Indian allowances are always high. The crews would, however, be formed of lascars instead of blue-jackets, and this would be far more economical and just as efficient for ordinary duties. There is no reason why the lascar should not be as good as the sepoy, and we have long since ceased to distrust the latter. Certainly the inhabitants of Bombay, accustomed to the stalwart forms of the Indian Marine, would feel no serious qualms about trusting the defence of their coast line to men of that stamp. The Indian Marine performs its present duties very effectively, and the service might be extended with advantage. England is too slow to see that India has outgrown its childhood and should be allowed to stand alone as far as possible. We are far too dependent on the Home Government for our finances to stand a fair chance of recovery. If we had our own Navy all the payments would be made in rupees, and we should save the loss by exchange on some of the most considerable of our Government remittances. Nor can the financial question only be considered, for we should be able to make certain of obtaining the vessels we required instead of those the Admiralty choose to send, and our fleet would soon become one of the best in the world instead of being, as far as vessels and material go (for we except the *personnel* of course) in such a state that Lord Brassey describes it in his Naval Annual as being with the exception of the Australian squadron, the worst and weakest squadron in the English navy. Our sailors are the best that can be got, but sailors are of little good without ships and material suitable to modern warfare. England's great naval supremacy is most conspicuous in the speed of her ships, yet with the single exception of the Bacchante, which can, we believe, steam 15 knots, the average speed of the vessels in the East Indian Squadron is about 12 knots an hour, while some, as, for instance the Woodlark, can only move at 10 knots an hour. And these speeds are high speeds, and not those at which the ships ordinarily travel. If one of the 10 knots boats wishes to go 1,000 miles, she must perform that journey at the lightning speed of 14½ knots an hour. We are gradually progressing in Bombay towards a state of preparedness for war, but we are yet a long way from that desirable consummation. It must be confessed that we are often too ready, in India, to be satisfied with inefficient weapons and material, to rest content with Snider rifles and muzzle-loading guns, while other countries have steel breech-loaders and repeating rifles. But we may give our rulers the credit of believing that, if they had an Indian Navy under their own control, they would insist on having only vessels that were suitable to modern conditions of warfare. Besides which the ships could be chosen with a view to the work required of them, certain types being told off to defend the more important harbours, and others formed into a cruising squadron to act where required. The slave-catching might be done by ships of the Royal Navy specially despatched to the African Coast for that purpose, and the Indian fleet would then be at liberty to attend to purely Indian interests. Even the Red Sea cruising might perhaps be more satisfactorily performed by English ships, as the questions that arise on the west coast are Imperial rather that Asiatic; but possibly this pleasant trip would not be much missed. The whole of the trooping service, both home and local, would, of course, be worked exclusively by the new Navy, and here, again, money would be saved by the substitution of lascars for sailors. The warrant officers would of course, all be Europeans, and so would some of the petty officers, but lascars and rescued slaves would form the crew. These latter make good sailors, and being strong, hardy and accustomed to the heat, are extremely suitable for tropical work. We do not, of course, mean to say that the lascar is as good as the blue-jacket, but he is efficient and much cheaper. Economy is the vital question just now as far as India is concerned, and ought to be studied in every way. The employment of lascars is recommended on the principle which has caused the creation of the native army. If instead of 60,000 English troops and 120,000 sepoys, we were to garrison India with 180,000 British soldiers, we should undoubtedly have a more powerful army, but no administrator dreams of such an arrangement, simply because of the enormous expense. Besides which, the best native regiments are fully equal to Europeans for all ordinary duties, and, when led by Englishmen and mixed with British troops, they prove their right to act beside them on the battle field. There can be no reason why the conditions that have proved satisfactory on land should not equally apply to service afloat, and the experiences of the Indian Marine show the value of lascars. If considered necessary, a portion of the crews, say sufficient to work the more important guns might be composed of Europeans, at any rate in each man-of-war almost every duty can be thoroughly carried out by natives, provided they have three or four Europeans among them to give them a lead; and this applies as much to working the guns as to anything else. That Europeans and natives will work together cordially has been proved by the excellence of the mountain batteries where, we find them mixed on parade with good effect, and the same kind of arrangement could be introduced for the Indian Navy. But the work of administration would be greatly facilitated by having the whole of the forces of the Indian Empire under the direct command of its ruler, instead of being obliged to work through a different department, as is now necessary when dealing with Naval affairs in India. The anomaly is one that should no longer be suffered to exist, and, as India grows more and more independent and self-reliant as she becomes more and more, self-supporting the incongruity of a Navy not under the control of the Government of India but borrowed from the mother country, becomes more apparent. A great deal is said, with good reason, about the necessity of supporting local industries and local manufactures; yet one of the most important of the national defences is worked from home instead of being supplied from material in this country. The tremendous loss by exchange, which yearly occurs, and troubles financiers on account of its uncertainty and increasing size, should be reduced by all possible means, and the only way in which the revenue and expenditure can be balanced satisfactorily is by placing everything, as far as possible, on the rupee footing. By making all contracts in rupee the outgoings would be accurately known. Bombay, with an enlarged dockyard, would be quite equal to the maintenance of the Indian Navy, and the more the resources of Bombay are developed from a maritime point of view, the better for the country. Bombay is the maritime presidency, and its advantages should be fully developed. From an economical point of view, if from no other, the proposal we have made is deserving of consideration.

Later intelligence from the Somali country represents the capture of Harrar from the Emir Ali Abdulla as having been effected, not by the Abyssinians, as appeared from news which reached Cairo, but by the forces of Menelek, King of Shoa, who, however, acknowledges the suzerainty of King John. The defeat of the Emir was crushing, and was much more easily effected than it would have been had he adopted a defensive attitude. But hearing of the advance of Menelek's forces he went out to meet him, instead of awaiting the attack within the walls of Harrar, which, relatively to the power of attack of the Shoa forces, are tolerably strong. The Emir fell a victim to the superior strategy of his enemy, who was much too cunning for him. The opposing forces met at the opening of a defile, along which Menelek had sent a portion of his army. The remainder, divided into two bodies, were in ambuscade at the other end of the defile. At first all seemed to go well with the Harrarites. They made the most of the single field piece that they had with them, and after a little fighting the Shoa troops turned their backs upon them, and fled to the mountains. Ali Abdulla, thinking that he had won the battle, pursued the flying Shoaites, just far enough, however, to fall into the trap which had been prepared for him, for he had no sooner passed though the defile than the main body of King Menelek's forces closed in upon him, and nearly destroyed his army, the casualties on his side being reported at about two thousand. The Emir, with his wives and a few followers, escaped, and Harrar is now in charge of an uncle of his whom King Menelek has made governor. Nothing has been heard of the Punjabi police whom the Emir captured at Gildezza, and who since last May are understood to have been in captivity in Harrar. It is to be hoped that no time will be lost in negotiating either with the King of Shoa or with his representative at Harrar, first for the surrender of these men, who are the subjects and the servants of the British Government, and then for the opening up of the road to Harrar. So long as this is closed, as it has been for nearly a year past, it will be difficult if not impossible to make the Somali coast pay the cost of administration.

We have already made mention of the efficiency with which the Bombay police controlled the immense carriage traffic which passed along the illuminated streets on the evening of the Jubilee Day. It is satisfactory to be able to add that during that memorable day and evening there was not a single breach of the peace or of any police regulation, and that there were no complaints whatever from or against the police. Seeing that the population of Bombay numbers eight hundred thousand, and that the neighbouring villages and towns had contributed largely to the throng, the admirable order and amenity which prevailed throughout in the crowded streets and open places are deserving of note and record. Sir Frank Souter and the Assistant Commissioner, Mr. Gell, have reason to satisfied with the discipline and intelligence with which the police guided the street processions and safeguarded the pedestrians on that occasion. Bombay has a right to applaud the love of order and the unfailing good humour which characterised its varied populations, made up of such diverse races and religions, throughout the demonstration of loyalty which called them into the streets.

As the affairs of the Frere-Fletcher School are before the public it may be well to quote the warm tribute paid by Mr. T. B. Kirkham, Educational Inspector, C.D., to the labours of Miss Prescott. It is contained in the report of the Educational Department just published. The Inspector is quoted at page 53 as follows:—"The Frere-Fletcher School was in its normal condition of great efficiency as an educational institution, though not conforming in all respects to our codes and standards. The school loses for a time, if not for good, the simply invaluable services of Miss Prescott, who has been the life and soul of it from the beginning, and who has exercised a beneficial influence over the girls and women in hundreds of native homes in Bombay during the last quarter of a century, which I am sure, will never be lost or forgotten." It is to be hoped that the organization of an institution which could elicit such a testimony as this from a Government official will not be lightly tampered with.

We understand that Sir Dinshawjee Manockjee Petit, Sheriff of Bombay, has offered Government the handsome sum of Rs. 1,25,000, to be used either in establishing a Medical College in connection with the Cama Hospital, or in the enlargement and improvement of the Sir Jamsetjee Jeejeebhoy Hospital.

DEPARTURE OF THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF FOR ADEN.

His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, Commander-in-Chief of Bombay, accompanied by the Duchess, left, yesterday afternoon, by the Indian Marine steamer Lawrence, Captain Paget Jones, for Aden. Shortly after 5 p.m., the Commander-in-Chief and the Duchess of Connaught drove to the Apollo Bunder in a carriage-and-pair, escorted by his body-guard. His Royal Highness had been pleased to dispense with the attendance of the heads of departments and a guard of honour. Among the gentlemen present at the pierhead to see their Royal Highnesses off were Admiral Sir Frederick Richards, the Naval Commander-in-Chief, Captain Moore, of the Admiral's flagship Bacchante, Captain Herbert, Aide de-Camp to the Commander in Chief, and Mr. Tyrrell Leith, Barrister-at-law. After shaking hands with them, their Royal Highnesses put off from the bunder in the steam launch Wren, for the s.s. Lawrence. The Commander-in-Chief was accompanied by Lieutenant-Colonel Becher, Equerry in Waiting, Lieutenant-Colonel and Mrs. Cavaye, Major O. C. Hannay, A.-D.-C., and Mrs. Hannay, and Surgeon-Major Keith, members of the Personal Staff; also Brigadier-General C. B. Knowles, Adjutant General, Colonel F. Adam, Officiating Quartermaster-General, and Colonel W. Borrodaile, Assistant-Adjutant-General, members of the General Staff. Immediately on their Royal Highnesses boarding the Lawrence, she weighed anchor and steamed out of the harbour. The usual salute of fifteen guns will be fired at sunrise to-day to announce the departure.

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Can you tell me why Mr. Robert Anstruther Dalyell should advocate—as a member of the Indian Council, mind you—the establishment of the Imperial Institute in England? Is it that the influential people seeing it impossible to get the thing out of the hands of the South Kensington clique, are treating the subject so coldly that the latter are again about to perform their famous Indian juggler's trick? "No rupee! No rupee!! hey—" tuck-a-tuck-a tido—"rupee here, rupee there, rupee everywhere, *Indian rupee*"!!

Her Majesty the Empress—God bless her—has the welfare of her subjects generally more at heart than fifty Imperial Institutes. Not that one would object to the latter in any way, nor decline to pay fairly for it—and as one of those subjects and a taxpayer, I protest most emphatically against a member of the Indian Council urging rich England on behalf of poor India to adopt a

TELEGRAMS.

REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.

THE STATE OF IRELAND.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

The state of disorder in Ireland and the resistance of authority are daily on the increase.

The Right Reverend Dr. T. W. Croke, the Roman Catholic Archbishop of Cashel and Emly, has written a letter in which he advises the Irish people to refuse to pay taxes.

A parcel of dynamite with a lighted fuse attached was yesterday found outside the window of a magistrate at Kildysart. A catastrophe was averted by the fuse being put out before an explosion took place.

THE BURMO-CHINESE FRONTIER.

In the House of Commons last night, Sir James Fergusson, in reply to a question, said that the state of Burma had prevented the Government negotiating in respect to the delimitation of the Chinese frontier. The Government, he said, was however mindful of the matter.

THE SUEZ CANAL.

The directors of the Suez Canal Company announce that from the 1st March steamers carrying the electric light will be allowed to pass the Canal at night.

THE NAGPORE RAILWAY SCHEME.

The Nagpore Railway, with a capital of three millions, will be launched by the Messrs. Rothschild.

THE CAMBAY INQUIRY.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 20.

At the conclusion of the evidence for the defence, Mr. Wilson was asked a number of questions by the Commissioners. His examination was finished late in the evening. One of the questions put to Mr. Wilson was, why he, being so fond of gardening, should have selected for the purpose of training one who had only one arm, or why he did not employ a competent gardener. Mr. Wilson replied that at that time he was Assistant Collector, and did not think of spending much money on a competent gardener, as no man was available as a gardener in Kaira at the time. Jahlia was recommended to him by one of his caste-fellows. Mr. Wilson had sent the gardener on to Cambay because the other servants and peons were useful in camp, and said there was necessity for sending some one on to make arrangements. It did not strike him as unusual and calling for notice that no festivities were held during his stay in Cambay.

The Commissioners said it seemed to them most extraordinary that Mr. Wilson, in his position as Political Agent, should have permitted the Dewan to submit to him the draft of a testimonial for himself. Mr. Wilson replied he had promised the Dewan at Kaira to give him a testimonial, and thought that a draft was sent to remind him of his promise. He had altered what he thought was not proper in the draft testimonial. One of the questions was this:—"Your reply to Shamrao's charge against you contained in his letter of the 29th November appears to the Commissioners not to have been written under that burning sense of indignation and injury which an officer in your position would be expected to feel when a false charge of so infamous a character is unexpectedly preferred against him, your delay even for one day in answering that letter is remarkable;—still more so your delay of five days in reporting the matter to Government,—what explanation have you to offer in answer?" A.—"When I received the letter I was astounded at the charge, and I took a little time to consider what I should do. I had much work to do that day, because I was unable to do anything the day before. I was not free till the evening, and wrote a reply at night, and dated it when I despatched it the next day. I intended to inform Government when I went to Bombay, and I knew I was going down there almost immediately. I was very anxious not to have my name mixed up with such a scandal, and I should have preferred to have an apology, and therefore thought it right to leave a *locus penitentiæ* for Shamrao to make an apology, without writing himself down as the maker of an infamous charge." When asked what grounds Mr. Wilson had for supposing that Mr. Sheppard was not a particular friend of his, Mr. Wilson replied: "We are not on cordial terms. He has rather a bullying way of talking to his Assistants. I do not say he is an enemy of mine. He is friendly, but not cordial." To the question, "If you thought that the letter was only a sort of an apology, as you very soon afterwards telegraphed to the private secretary, why did you accept it?" A.—"When I accepted it I was in great distress of mind, and I was in a great hurry to go to Mr. Sheppard, and I accepted it without sufficient consideration. Cowasjee also persuaded me that it was an apology. I accepted it as an apology and showed it afterwards to Mr. Sheppard as such. It was Mr. Sheppard who pointed out to me that it was only a sort of apology. I had not thought so up to then."

The Commission will sit on Monday at the Bombay Secretariat to hear Mr. Mehta's address.

NEWS FROM UPPER BURMA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MYINGYAS, FEB. 17.

A gathering of dacoits, under Prince Sakyadoung, is reported on the north of the Yendoe hills. A column of 90 Rifles and 25 Lancers under Captain Keene is being sent to co-operate with a force from Pienzimyo.

Boh Shwe Sah and 11 dacoits, with a quantity of arms, have been captured by Lieut. Williams at Simmay.

MYOUNGWYI, FEB. 10.

A successful attack has been made on the Yatsouk Tsawbwa. There was no resistance.

SADAUNG, FEB. 11.

The 7th Bengal Cavalry have encountered a body dacoits and taken 8 prisoners.

The Thathanabaing returned to Mandalay on the 18th from Lower Burma.

THE POONA CATTLE AND POULTRY SHOW.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 18.

In the Poultry Show, the Governor's prize of Rs. 50 for the best pen of Dorkings was awarded to Mr. Crawford.

Sir C. Arbuthnot's prize of Rs. 50 for the best Cochins was awarded to Mr. Kyte. General Knowles' prize of Rs. 50, for the best Brahmahs, was awarded to Mr. Crawford. The Society's prizes for the best Spanish was taken by Mr. Crawford, who also won the Society's prize of Rs. 50 for the best Crevecœurs. Mr. Naylor's prize of Rs. 25 for the best Malays or game was awarded to the Rev. Mr. Higgins.

The following won the Society's prizes:—Crossbred Brahmahs, Mr. Carvalho, first; Mr. Kyte second. Crossed Cochins, Mr. Kyte. Crossed Shanghais, Mr. Fleeker. Buntams and Brahmahs, Mrs. Maloney. Chinas, Mr. Collett and Bai Dosibai Mottabhoy. Silk Japanese, Hiraji Cassum. Country fowls, Miss Randall. Frizzled fowls, Shaik Chand Turkeys, Ahmedabad, Mr. Kyte; Goa, Mr. Kyte; locally-bred, Mr. Fernandes. Geese, Toulouse, Mr. Russell; Suez, Hiraji Cassum; Country, Dastoor Hoshang Jamasp. Ducks, Aylesburg, Muktu Margin. Guineafowl, Mr. Fernandes. Pigeons, Mr. Collett, who was also awarded special prizes for showing fifteen varieties. A special prize was also awarded to the Rev. Mr. Higgins for Bombay Japanese bronze pigeons.

Mr. Crawford's prize of rupees fifty, for Busrahs, was divided between Mesdames Naylor and Dowling.

SERIOUS FIRES IN CALICUT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALICUT, FEB. 18.

There was a fire in Vythery yesterday afternoon, the whole bazaar being burnt.

In the fire in the Palghaut Bazaar on the 15th, the damage is estimated at about two lakhs of rupees.

GAZETTE OF INDIA NOTIFICATIONS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 19.

The Hon. Mr. Oldfield, Judge, High Court, Allahabad, is allowed to resign.

Messrs. Lamb and Morrison, Bombay, are appointed Supernumerary Deputy Commissioners, Burma.

Mr. Hughes, Geological Survey, is transferred temporarily to Hyderabad (Deccan).

Colonel Magrath, Madras, is appointed Magistrate of Bangalore.

Furlough and Leave:—Colonel S. Trevor, two years; Colonel Biscoe, 19th Lancers, two years; Colonel Shepherd, Public Works, one year and 243 days; Colonel Tucker, Punjab, one year; Major Talbot, Ajmere, one year; Captain Anderson, Ordnance Department, 182 days; Surgeon-Major Keefer, Port Blair, one year; Colonel Jacob, 38th Bengal Infantry, one year; Colonel Strow, General List, one year; Major Richardson, 18th Bengal Lancers, one year.

Extension of Furlough:—Colonel Corbyn, Staff Corps, six months; and Surgeon Hancock, 183 days.

Major-General Carnegy, Bombay, is placed on the list of Lieutenant-Generals.

Colonel Dunsterville, Bombay, is placed on the list of Major-Generals.

Mr. Swappe, Executive Engineer, Midland Railway, is allowed furlough for two years.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

THE MAILS.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

The Bombay Mails of the 4th instant arrived at Brindisi to-day.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Dacca left here for Calcutta, Madras and Colombo this afternoon.

SUEZ, FEB. 18.

The B. I. S. N. Co.'s steamer Rewa, outward bound for Calcutta and Colombo, left here this evening.

PENANG, FEB. 18.

The P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Khiva (extra) left here for Bombay to-day.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

The Liverpool Cotton market closed steady.	
Good Fair Dhollera	4
The Manchester market has been quiet.	
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	70⅞
4½ per cent. "	72½
3 per cent. Consols for account	101
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	100⅛
4½ per cent. French Rentes	107½
Bar Silver	46 11-16

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

LONDON, FEB. 18.

Total Week's sales of Cotton		61,000	bales.
" " "	Surats	4,000	"
" "	Imports of Cotton	84,000	"
" " "	Surats	3,000	"
" Stock of Cotton		913,000	"
" "	Surats	54,000	"
" Stock of Cotton in London		9,000	"

H. E. THE GOVERNOR will preside at the meeting to be held at the Secretariat at 5 p.m. to-day, to further the work of the St. John's Ambulance Association in Bombay. The meeting will be of a private character, but every one who takes an interest in the movement is invited to attend.

THE Most Rev. Dr. G. Porter, S.J., Archbishop Elect of Bombay, and the Right Rev. B. Linden, S.J., Bishop Elect of Poona, with the Very Rev. Jos. A. Willy, S.J., Pro-Vicar Apostolic of Bombay, left yesterday evening for Allahabad.

ARRANGEMENTS have now been finally made for holding the Volunteer Jubilee Tournament on the 9th and 10th proximo.

WE are sorry to state that Mrs. Tucker, wife of Commissioner Tucker, of the Salvation Army, died last night at 12 o'clock, near Marine Lines Station.

THE Public Service Commission will commence its sittings in Calcutta on the 21st, by which time the President, Sir Charles Aitchison, will have rejoined his colleagues.

ONE of the most notable celebrations of the Jubilee was that in Peshin, where the ceremony consisted in sending an engine for the first time over the four miles of tunnels and viaducts that take the railway through the Chuppar rift, and over the Chuppar bridge a work 600 feet long and 300 high. Captain B. Scott, R.E., was the Engineer in charge.

THE Provincial Committee, which has been sitting at Lahore on the Punjab Tenancy Bill, has sent in its report on the Tenancy Bill, and by this time has probably finished with the Land Revenue Bill.

THE quantity of tea exported from China and Japan to Great Britain from the commencement of the season to the 1st of February was 147,039,919 lbs., as against 146,314,463lbs. in the corresponding period of last season. The exports to the United States and Canada during the same period were 87,401,596lbs., as against 76,666,582lbs.

IT appears from a despatch from the Secretary of State in November last that the *khaki* uniform question is by no means as yet settled. His Lordship remarks that "the pattern of both cloth and garments is liable to be changed at any moment, and it is by no means certain that the War Office pattern of either would be approved by the Government of India."

As a proof of the little control exercised by the Chinese authorities in Yunnan, the Tsungli-Yuunan have notified to the Foreign Minister, that although China is bound by treaty to protect foreigners travelling in Yunnan, they should avoid passing through the region bordering on Tonquin and Burma, where the natives are extremely lawless. The Chinese Government, it is added, cannot be responsible for anything that may happen in that part of the country.

THE Punjab Government have given orders for the preparation of a survey for a line of railway between Puttiala and Batinda, and Mr. W. Macdonald, Executive Engineer, has been deputed to start operations at once. The ground is described as being peculiarly favourable for such a work, there being absolutely no rivers or streams of any magnitude in the entire length of one hundred miles.

THE Viceroy will probably pay a visit to Dehra Dun on his journey up-country to Simla.

THE Commander-in-Chief has issued to the army a General Order deploring the death of Sir Charles MacGregor.

MAJOR COOPER, Aide-de-Camp to the Viceroy, proceeds home on short leave next month owing to ill-health.

GENERAL CHESNEY goes to Peshin towards the end of March, in time to meet the Commander-in-Chief there.

THE Commander-in-Chief leaves Calcutta on the 24th. He goes first to Pindi and Peshawar, and then going down to Beluchistan visits the new cantonment in the Bori Valley, Peshin, the Khojak, and Quetta.

MR. RAMACHUNDRA AIYAR, of Cuddalore, has been admitted to the Statutory Civil Service, and appointed Assistant Collector of Madras.

COLONEL SIR EDWARD BRADFORD, K.C.S.I., Chief Commissioner of Rajputana, who succeeds the late Mr. A. Moore, C.B., as Secretary in the Secret and Political Department of the India Office, is an officer of the Madras Army. He served with the 14th Light Dragoons in the Persian campaign from 21st of February till 18th June 1857; served in the Jubbulpore district during 1857 and afterwards in the North-Western Provinces in 1858—with General Michel's Force in Mayne's Horse against Tantia Topee in 1858; was present at the general action of Scindwa and the action and pursuit at Karai; and served with General Napier's columns in Mayne's Horse from December 1858 to September 1859, and was present in several actions with the enemy (twice thanked in despatches, medal).

THE Chief Commissioner of Assam has called the attention of the Commissioner of the Assam Valley Districts and Deputy Commissioners of all tea districts to the necessity for inspectors insisting on having brought before them all labourers whose contracts are to be verified. An order is already in existence directing inspecting officers to muster all coolies whose contracts were to be verified, but it appears from some late inspection reports that this procedure has not been regularly followed. It has therefore become necessary to issue more explicit instructions for the guidance of the inspecting officers. The employer is now required to produce all coolies whose contracts are to be verified; while the number of contracts that are registered and not yet verified are to be filled in by the inspector before the notice is issued.

THE JUBILEE.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS.

THE REJOICINGS AT BROACH.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BROACH, FEB. 18.

The Jubilee rejoicings at Broach began on Tuesday with a cricket match between the High School and the Ripon Club.

On Wednesday the programme commenced with the release of prisoners, followed by the distribution of sweetmeats to the boys and girls of all the schools at High School, whither they marched in procession with music and banners.

A fair in the Fort, on the plan of the Reay Market at Poona, attracted numerous crowds, for whom all sorts of novelties and amusements were provided.

Grain and clothing were distributed to all the poor applicants at the Municipal Hall.

In the evening the whole city become a fairy scene, the main streets and the public buildings especially the Municipal Hall, being beautifully illuminated.

A grand display of fireworks on the river was witnessed by all the city.

The mills, under Mr. Greaves and Mr. Sorabjee Setna, were illuminated, the station road was ablaze with light from many decorated arches, and the railway station and tower illuminations, inside and out, had a most brilliant effect.

The Deputy Collector's, Messrs. Chunilal Venilal's and Bomanjee Mody's, Mr. Greave's, and Mr. Kalianrai Desai's houses were conspicuous for their splendid illuminations.

Prayers and thanksgivings were made by each community.

An address by the Municipality and the inhabitants in a beautiful inlaid silver casket of Surat workmanship was sent to the Queen-Empress on Thursday. Capital sports come off on the river bank. They attracted many enthusiastic competitors. The spectators numbered nearly 10,000. Many Parsee ladies graced the scene. Broach never saw such a gathering. The behaviour of the crowd, was remarkably good.

The festivities fittingly terminated with magnificent illumination of the Edgha by the Mahomedan inhabitants, and a grand reception in a highly decorated pavilion by Kazi Nawab and other Mahomedan gentlemen of the representatives of all classes.

Mr. Allen, Collector, read by request the Mahomedan address to the Queen-Empress, which was couched in the most loyal terms.

The Edgah fireworks were much admired There were illuminations from the Edgah to the Municipal Hall.

Mr. Mody's entertainment closed the rejoicings.

Great credit is due to Mr. Wilson, president of the Municipality, for his zeal and public spirit; to Messrs. Sorabjee, Settna, and especially Mr. Sorabjee Pallonjee, municipal secretary, for his indefatigable industry and excellent taste in devising and carrying out the illuminations, the fair, the fireworks, and the sports; to Mr. Parvatishanker for managing the children's fête; to Mr. Summers for superintending the races; and to Messrs. Allen and Stewart for the warm interest they took in the whole proceedings.

THE ILLUMINATIONS AT CALCUTTA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, FEB. 19.

The illuminations in Calcutta were vastly superior to any previous exhibition of the kind, and the procession was one of stupendous proportions.

The Fort, the High Court, Government House, the Post Office, the Telegraph Office, and the Bengal Secretariat were among the principal attractions, but the shipping and the Hughli Bridge, the immense line of Chowringhi, and the Esplanade, bordering the Maidan, and the route of the procession through the native city, were all illuminated in the most gorgeous manner.

The trades premises were in many instances a fine sight. Prominent among these were the displays of Messrs. Hamilton and Co., and Messrs T. E. Thompson and Co.

THE FESTIVITES AT HUBLI.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

HUBLI, FEB. 18.

The Jubilee was celebrated here with the greatest rejoicings.

A pubic meeting was held under the presidency of Mr. Gamble, Assistant Collector, in the splendid pavilion erected in the centre of the town. The president in a short but able speech brought to the minds of the public the importance of the occasion

Dr. Selke commemorated the occasion by a munificent gift for founding annual prizes to the school boys.

Rao Saheb Rodda very eloquently spoke about the benefits derived under British rule.

Messrs. Janardan and Apte spoke to the same effect.

Khan Saheb Vaddo read an eulogestic address in Persian

The schoolboys sang prayers for her Majesty.

Rao Bahadoor Bayahati translated the President's speech. The National Anthem was read out, the whole assembly standing.

Great credit is due to Rao Sahebs Jashi, Mamlatdar, and other members of the Jubilee Committee and especially to Dr. Selke, for the admirable arrangements that had been made.

Prizes to the girls were distributed by Rao Saheb Marate and athletic sports were held.

The whole town was brightly illuminated. A ground display of fireworks terminated the festivities.

AN ORPHANAGE AND SCHOOL OF ARTS AT JHALLAWAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

JHALRAPATAN, FEB. 19.

The Jubilee celebrations commenced at noon on the 16th by the firing of a salute of 101 guns from the Jhallawar Fort, followed in the evening by grand and effective illuminations and fireworks. The Jhalrapatan city, the cantonment, and the public buildings in the Jhallawar district were beautifully illuminated and decorated with triumphal arches and suitable inscriptions.

A pavilion was erected in the centre of the city where nautch girls amused thousands by their light fantastic movements. In addition to bearing all the expenses of these displays, his Highness the Maharaja Rana has decided to open an orphanage and school of arts as permanent memorials in honour of the auspicious occasion.

THE MHOW FESTIVITIES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

MHOW, FEB. 18.

The procession here last night of the native population, headed by regimental bands, was an imposing affair.

Rs. 3,000 have been collected for the benefit of the poor. More funds are pouring in.

Mr. Dhanjishaw Cowasjee erects a Victoria Fountain at a cost of Rs. 3,000. Two Hindu gentlemen have offered Rs. 3,000 for the Victoria Vernacular School. These spontaneous movements are praiseworthy.

Last night the European officers had a grand dinner and ball, the toast of her Majesty's health was proposed by General Gillespie and drunk with full honours. Great enthusiasm prevailed.

THE JUBILATION IN SOUTHERN INDIA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, FEB. 19.

Telegraphic reports of the Jubilee festivities in the Mofussil show that everywhere the occasion was marked by joyful and enthusiastic meetings of all classes. The Queen's portrait is being carried in procession through many towns.

The affair passed off without mishap or accident.

NATIVE CHILDREN'S FETE AT POONA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, FEB. 18.

The native children's *fete* was held this afternoon in the Reay Market. Over eight thousand children were present. The market was decorated with flags. There were many visitors, both European and natives present.

The arrangements were scarcely adequate to control so large a number, and there was much crushing and confusion among the boys, nearly causing an accident. The girls were perfectly orderly and well disciplined. The first entertainment was that of native conjurors, followed by Professor Rollings' ventriloquial exercises, which were much marred by the noise. Girls danced, beating time with tipparees or drumsticks. Christy Minstrels were also present. The Municipal School girls sang the National Anthem in Marathi, the tune being that of the English anthem. This was enthusiastically received. It was followed by cheers for her Majesty. The Gayan Samaj next sang the National Anthem with great spirit. They were loudly applauded. This terminated the proceedings. Swings, merry-go-rounds, and other amusement outside the market were largely patronised during the evening.

The market was brilliant illuminated at dusk.

Mr. Crawford was to have distributed prizes, but that part of the programme was postponed owing to the lateness of the hour.

The fair last night included several new features Mr, Theodore Cook gave a scientific lecture. A dancing saloon was well patronised. Professor Rollings gave three performances during the evening. The Stars Minstrels also gave two entertainments.

The Soldiers' sports terminated yesterday, During the two days everything passed off most pleasantly and successfully. The boys' races attracted a good many entries. Two boys fainted from exhaustion in a quarter mile race.

MAHOMEDAN JUBILEE SCHOOL AT POREBUNDER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POREBUNDER, FEB. 19.

The Jubilee festivities passed off with great *eclat*. They were organized by a committee including representatives of all classes.

A Durbar was held by the Administrator, Mr. Lily, in the girls' school, which was gaily decorated. Colonel Hancock, Captain Fenton, Dr. Tully and a number of English ladies were also present. Rao Bahadur Jayashankar, president of the committee, read an address, which was replied to by the Administrator, who expressed regret at the unavoidable absence of the Rana Saheb. The principal streets were illuminated and decorated with flags, &c. Fireworks were displayed on the sea-shore.

A feast was given to the poor, and sweetmeats were distributed to the children of all the schools.

Four prisoners were released.

On Thursday, Mr. Lily laid the foundation-stone of the Jubilee School to be built by the Mahomedan community. All classes vied with one another to do honour to the day.

ABOLITION OF TRANSIT DUTY.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RADHANPUR, FEB. 19.

Transit duty will be abolished in this State in honour of the Jubilee.

CARRYING THE QUEEN'S PORTRAIT IN A PALANQUIN AT SIRSI.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIRSI, FEB. 18.

There was a large gathering at the request of Kanara Vana Dukha Nivrani Subha in the Mari Temple for the celebration of the Jubilee.

Charity in the shape of clothing, grain and money was distributed to the maimed and the poor.

Mr. Sheshagirirao Isloor presided at a meeting, at which Mr. Mahableshwar Bhat, pleader, gave in Canarese an eloquent history of the Empress and the benefits of her benign rule. Sanscrit poems, composed by Mr. Mahableshwar Bhat with the assistance of some pandits, and Marathi poems, composed by Mr. Balwantrao, were sung melodiously.

The Queen's photo. was carried in an open palanquin in procession throughout the whole town, and was placed in the library.

The whole town was illuminated, every one praying for the long life and prosperity of the Empress.

Special preparations were made in different parts of the town in addition to the arrangements of the Municipality and the Subha.

(FROM ANOTHER CORRESPONDENT.)

SIRSI, FEB. 18.

The valleys and hills round Sirsi resounded with the re-echoing of 101 rockets that announced the dawn of the Jubilee Day. The chiming of the bells in the Church and Hindu temples at sunrise was loud and great.

A Victoria Jubilee Girls' School was opened by Mr. MacGregor at 8 a.m. Sweetmeats were distributed to the girls and boys of the schools and town.

The National Anthem was recited by the girls and boys in the schools.

Thanksgiving ceremonies and prayers for the long life and prosperity of the Empress were offered in every Hindu temple and Mahomedan mosque.

High Mass was celebrated and a *Te Deum* sung at the Catholic Church.

Kumblees, dhotar, corn and rice were distributed to the poor.

All the public buildings and all houses in the town were illuminated and decorated.

Huge processions with the picture of the Empress in an ornamental palanquin, with flags and banners, and with native music and tomtoms started. There were beautiful and grand fireworks and nautch parties and singing on pendals especially erected and decorated. The ceremonies closed at a very late hour with the distribution of perfumes, pan supari and flowers.

Poems in Sanskrit, Kanarese and Marathi, specially composed for the occasion, were sung with loud cheers.

Rich and poor, without distinction of caste or creed, joined in the grand festivities, which will be remembered for many years to come.

FREE EDUCATION IN KANAKA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIRSI, FEB. 19.

Yesterday afternoon there was a competitive musical performance by the native *bajawalas* and pipers, &c., lasting for three hours. The winner was a varied assortly silver armlet and the next in order of merit received rich dhoturs. These competitions were very attractive to the people, who assembled in thousands to witness them.

At 8 p.m. there was special nautch party provided at Mr. Sheshagirirao Isloar at the Vishnu temple. The party broke up at 3 o'clock. There were also two very popular Kanarese dramatic performances for the haviks and the rural population, which lasted till dawn.

At a gathering of the Kanara Vana Dukha Nivrani Subha on the 16th for the celebration of the Jubilee, it was proposed that a fund should be collected for giving free education to the poor havik population. The proposal was carried unanimously. Promises to subscribe a sum exceeding a lakh were made on the spot.

THE FESTIVITIES AT TRAVANCORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

TRIVANDRUM, FEB. 19.

The celebration of her Majesty's Jubilee took place on the 16th at Trivandrum.

Early in the morning the Maharajah telegraphed congratulations to her Majesty.

At 6-30 a.m. his Highness reviewed the troops under the command of Col. W. D. Brodie Ketchen. They were drawn up in review order the Cavalry on the right of the line. They marched past his Highness and performed some revolutions. At the end of the review the troops gave three cheers for her Majesty and three for his Highness.

The Maharajah complimented Col. Ketchen on the smart appearance of the troops. An Imperial Salute of 101 guns was fired, and 21 for the Maharajah on his arrival and departure.

At 11 a.m. a public breakfast was given at the Dewan's residence to Hindu gentlemen. 300 sat down.

At 4 p.m. the Maharajah held a public Durbar to receive a *kareeta* from the Viceroy. All the European and native officers at the capital and outstations, the Anglican, Roman Catholic and Syrian Bishops, missionaries, merchants and planters were invited. The troops paraded in front of the Durbar Hall, with State elephants in their rear.

Mr. J. C. Hannyngton, British Resident, with Mrs. Hannyngton, arrived under the escort of the Maharajah's Body Guards, and was received under a salute of 13 guns. The troops presented arms. When the viceroy's *kareeta* was read a salute of 31 guns and *feu-de-joie* were fired, the troops cheering by command of his Highness.

The new Dewan, Mr. T. Ramarow, impressively read an effective address, expressing his Highness's feelings on the occasion.

At the close of the Durbar a proclamation was read, remitting arrears of revenue amounting over a lakh of rupees, and 12 convicts were released. The gates of the public and private buildings were decorated, and after dark there was the brilliant illumination of the roads, palaces, offices and dwellings, extending over several miles.

At 8 p.m. there was a State dinner to Europeans. The Durbar hall and dining room were splendidly lit up. The latter was tastefully decorated under the direction of Col. Ketchen. Covers were laid for 80.

The Maharajah proposed her Majesty's health in a short but telling speech, which was enthusiastically responded to.

A brilliant display of fireworks after dinner was witnessed by an immense crowd. No accidents occurred.

The poor were fed, and funds provided for a treat to the school children in Trivandrum and all the principal towns.

The Maharajah has contributed Rs. 10,000 to the Imperial Institute, London, and Rs. 2,000 to the Victoria Institute Madras.

Rs. 50,000 have been allotted for a local memorial in Travancore. At Neyoor a Victoria Reading Room is to be provided, and at Alleppy hospital wards are to be erected by private subscription aided by the State.

A large and influential meeting, presided over by Mr. Hannyngton, was held last Saturday to concert measures for an address of congratulation from the people of Travancore to be presented in June in a suitable casket. A congratulatory telegram was despatched on the 16th, and contributions were made to the Imperial Institute and a local memorial by public subscription on the 17th.

The Resident gave a public dinner. He proposed her Majesty's health, which was enthusiastically received, the company singing "God Save the Queen. Mr. Hannyngton next gave his Highness's health, which was also warmly responded to. The Maharajah returned thanks in a few words. In the afterwards there were rope dancing and acrobati, performances in the public gardens.

At 9 p.m. the Garden with the Museum and the Chinese Pagoda were brilliantly illuminated appropriate mottoes and monograms being conspicuous. Thousands attended.

Dancing was kept up with spirit on a dancing platform till 2 p.m.

There were local celebrations at Alleppy, Quilon, Cottayam, Nagercoil and Neyoor.

THE JUBILEE STATE BALL.

THE State Ball given by Lord and Lady Reay in honour of the Jubilee came off on Wednesday night, when Government House at Malabar Point was the scene of one of the most brilliant assemblages that have even been witnessed in that charming gubernatorial retreat. Several hundred invitations had been issued, and as the ball was an event of historical interest, very few of the a were declined. The Governor's residence at Parel—now about to be devoted to the purposes of a Technical Institute—has hitherto been the scene of State balls and kindred functions, and in the matter of accommodation it certainly is better adapted to the purpose than the Malabar Point residence; but the latter has many compensating advantages, and at Parel the guests would have missed the delicious breeze that played through the rooms and along the corridors at Malabar Point and made dancing a pleasurable pastime on Wednesday evening. The guests, on alighting from their carriages, ascended a flight of stairs carpetted with crimson, and, passing along a corridor between two files of the Governor's Body Guard, who looked splendid in their uniforms of scarlet and white, were received by Lady Reay. Their Royal Highnesses the Duke and Duchess of Connaught were among the earliest arrivals, and they prolonged their stay to a late hour. Lord and Lady Brassey, who are at present enjoying the hospitality of Lord and Lady Reay at Government House, also attended. The various rooms were thronged with guests, but, thanks to the excellent arrangements that had been made, there was an absence of anything like crowding. The grounds surrounding the bungalow had been illuminated with multi-coloured lamps and Chinese lanterns, almost down to the water's edge, the effect produced by their soft and subdued radiance being singularly enchanting. Throughout the evening fireworks were displayed from boats moored in the Back Bay at a short distance from the shore. Supper was laid in a long tent specially erected in the grounds. The music was supplied by H. E. the Governor's band, under the conductorship of Herr Zimmer. The following is a list of the guests:—

T R H the Duke and Duchess of Connaught
Abercrombie, Mr and Mrs
Adam, Colonel
Adam, Mr and Mrs Forbes
Adams, Mr and Mrs
Addison, Dr C J
Aguiar, Mr F
Alexander, Miss
Alston, Mr & Mrs John
Anderson, Mr W C
Anderson, Mr
Andrews, Mr
Armstrong, Mr
Arnold, Dr and Mrs
Arthur, Mr
Aspinwall, Mr
Atkins, Mr J DeC
Atmaram Pandurang, Dr and Miss
Baggallay, Mr and Mrs
Baker, Mr G W
Baker, Dr and Mrs
Baker, Mr T S
Baker, Mr and Mrs B H
Bailey, Mr F G
Bapty, Miss
Barclay, Miss
Barnett, Mr, Mrs and the Misses
Barrow, Mr H W
Batchelor, Mrs
Bayley, Mr Justice
Beane, Capt and Mrs
Beaumont, Mr H L
Beaumont, Miss
Becher, Col, Mrs and Miss
Begbie, Mr
Begbie, Mr J H
Begbie, Mr and Mrs
Benn, Mr and Mrs
Bennett, Mr T J
Berg, Mr L
Berry, Mr De
Best, Mr, Mrs and Miss
Betham, Mr
Beville, Col, and Officers, Marine Battalion
Biddle, Miss
Birdwood, Mr and Mrs
Birdwood, Capt and Mrs
Birley, Mr C W
Biscaldi, Mr A
Bland, Mr
Bognoll, Mr and Mrs
Boyd, Col, and Mrs
Boyd, Dr and Mrs
Bozzoni, Mr and Mrs F C
Brassey, Lord and Lady
Brassey, The Hon. Miss
Bremner, Mr A S
Breul, Mr and Mrs
Brooks, Mr Dallas
Brown, Mr
Bruce, Deputy Surg-Gnl
Brunton, Mr and Mrs
Buckland, Mr H W
Burder, Mr H C
Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, Sir
Byrne, Mr and Mrs C H
Bythell, Mrs & the Misses
Campbell, Mr R S
Campbell, Mr and Mrs Macleod
Campbell, Mr and Mrs I N
Carlisle, Mr
Carnegy, Genl
Carnegy, Capt
Cassels, Miss
Cavaye, Colonel and Mrs
Chalk, Mr and Mrs
Chalmers, Mr
Chambers, Mr Charles
Charles, Mr and Mrs
Chope, Mr H
Cobbold, Mr
Conder, Miss
Constable, Captain
Cooper, Mr C P
Cotton, Mr
Cox, Mr and Mrs
Cowasjee Jehangeer, Mr and Mrs J
Crawley, Mr and Mrs
Crockett, Mr, Mrs and the Misses
Crogie, Lieut-Col and Mrs
Cuffe, Mr
Curjel, Mr & Mrs Harald
Curwen, Mr H
DaCunha, Dr J Gerson
DaGama, Dr and Mrs J A
Davies, Mrs and Miss
Deane, Mr H E
DeCunha, Mr John
Deimler, Rev and Mrs S G
DeQuadros, Mr and Mrs
DeQuadros, Dr & Mrs M A
DeSouza, Dr and Mrs P C
Dick, Mr Bachanan
Dinshaw Maneckjee Petit, Sir
Dixon, Mr Allan
Dixon, Mr and Mrs
Doderet, Mrs and Miss
Donald, Mr and Mrs James
Donald, Mr James
Dosabhai Framji, Mr, Mrs and Miss
Doesgne, Mr
Douglas, Mr James
Duff, Mr
Duncan, Mr
Duxbury, Mr
Dymock, Brig-Surgn
Edwards, Mr
Elliston, Major
Elton, Mr
Even, Captain and Mrs
Fanshawe, Capt, and Officers, H M S Jumna
Fanshawe, Capt
Farnham, Mr C F
Farran, Mr and Mrs
Farran, Mr G H
Fintner, Mr J
Firebrace, Major
FitzGibbon, Mr and Mrs
Fleming, Mr John
Fletcher, Mr Grant
Flower, Mr P M
Flynn, Mr and Mrs
Flynn, Jun, Mr and Mrs
Follet, Mr and Mrs
Follet, the Misses
Follet, Mr A H
Forrest, Mr L R W
Fox, Mr C E
Fowler, Mr
Fowler, Mrs
Fuller, Captain and Miss
Francke, Mr A
Fraser, Mrs Henry
Freeborn, Captain
Frere, Mr V R
Frith, Captain and Mrs
Gadaden, Mr & Mrs A
Gallagher, Mr and Mrs
Galpine, Mr
Garrett, Mr A I
Gaye, Dr and Mrs
Geary, Mr & Mrs Grattan
Gell, Mr H G
Gilbert, Mr and Mrs
Gilder, Rev C
Gill, Mr
Glade, Mr and Mrs
Goodfellow, Major-General
Gott, Mr and Mrs
Graham, Mr
Graham, Mr F S N
Gray, Dr J Temperley
Greaves, Mr and Mrs
Greenway, Mr and Mrs
Greig, Rev and Mrs
Griffiths, Mr John
Groom, Mr
Gubbay, Mr A M
Gungburg, Baron de
Gunpatrao Bhasker, Rao Bahadoor
Gyoffy, Miss
Hallowes, Colonel and Mrs
Hannay, Major and Mrs
Hanson, Miss
Hardeck, Mr Julius
Harrison, Mr and Mrs
Hart, Mr W E
Hathornthwaite, Mr & Mrs
Hay, Mrs
Hayne, Mr H A H
Haygartti, Cmdr, & Officers H M S Penguin
Heathcote, Brig-Genl
Henning, Mr H J Randolph
Herbert, Mr
Hervicks, Mr G K
Hewlett, Dy Surgn-Genl
Hewett, Mr and Mrs J B
Hewit, Mr John
Hore, Mr Alfred E
Hibbert, Lt-Col and Mrs
Hill, Mr
Hoare, Major
Hodgkinson, Capt
Hoffer Mr O Van
Hojel, Dr, Mrs and Miss
Holland, Mr
Hore, Mr and Mrs
Howliston, Mr and Mrs
Hudson, Mr W
Hughes, Mr and Mrs W C
Hutchison, Capt
Inzoli, Mr L G
Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Sir
Jardine, Mr Justice
Jardine, Mr and Mrs
Jervis, Mr W H
Jones, Mr James
Johnson, Mr J R K
Johnson, Mr and Mrs G F
Kane, Mr C E
Keatinge, Genl and Mrs
Kettridge, Mr F
Keyser, Mr and Miss
King, Mr Harold R
King, Mr, Mrs and Miss
Kingcome, Mr
Kingsley, Mr
Kirkwood, Mrs
Knowles, Brig Genl
Kreyer, Mr and Mrs
Laidlaw, Mr W M
Lang, Mr and Mrs Basil
Lang, Mr and Mrs
Langley, Dr and Mrs
LeBreton, Major and Mrs
Leighton, Mr
LeQuesne, Mrs
Leith, Mr E Tyrrell
Le

immediate observation. But it gives him great pleasure to add that he is assured that the same enthusiastic display of loyalty, and the same orderly behaviour characterised the celebration of the Jubilee in every city and town in this Presidency.

JUBILEE NEWS. LETTERS FROM THE MOFUSSIL.

THE CELEBRATION AT AHMEDABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AHMEDABAD, FEB. 17.

The Jubilee here has been a marked success, the entire population giving themselves up to the enjoyment of the two days' holiday. The first entertainment given was a treat to all European children on the afternoon of the 16th, at which all the residents of the city and camp were present. A very fine tea was provided, with a profusion of cakes, sweets and other good things. Colonel James kindly lent the band of the 2nd P. W. O. Grenadiers for the occasion. About forty children sat down to tea, after which various amusements were provided for them, the rides on the elephants attracting most attention.

On the 16th a grand parade of all the troops was held, and a salute of 101 guns was fired by the battery with the usual *feu-de-joie* from the infantry. A very large number of people collected to witness the parade, who afterwards proceeded to see the children's fête, near the Collector's compound. Here 9,000 children were entertained and feasted with sweetmeats, &c. From 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. the whole of the poor in this large town were fed, and seemed to appreciate very much the kindness shown them.

About 4 p.m. the Talookdars' procession got under way. They started from the Punch Koova Gate and entered the Three Gates by the Hickey Road, and then passed into the Dariya Kal Road, from whence they proceeded direct to the Collector's compound, which they reached at 4 p.m., all the principal residents, both European and native, being collected at the Jail to see the procession pass. The whole thing was very pretty, the elephants with their trappings, flags and howdahs (one of the howdahs being of silver valued at Rs. 20,000), the Native Chieftains in their picturesque attire followed by their own cavalry in most instances, formed an effective *tout ensemble*. Patri, the Kathiawar Chief, attracted most attention. He was succeeded by a band and a large police escort, and over his head was a very handsome umbralla, and at his side a Jan, both most beautifully worked in gold and silver. His carriage was followed by his own cavalry.

The Durbar was held in the Collector's compound at 5 p.m., in a very large tent. Seats were provided for about one thousand people. The whole place was most beautifully decorated with flags and evergreens. The entry was lined by a guard of honour of the 2nd P. W. D. Grenadiers. On a raised dais, at the end of the tent, a handsome engraving of her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen was mounted, over it being hung the Queen's Colour of the 2nd P. W. D. Grenadiers. The portrait was guarded on each side by havildars of the regiment.

The proceedings commenced by the Collector announcing the reason of the Durbar.

Mr. Dalpatram Dayabhai Khaveshwar, C.I.E., the poet laureate of Guzerat, then recited an ode in honour of her Majesty, the repeated loud applause testifying to the loyal manner in which it was received. The poet was afterwards presented with two handsome Cashmere shawls; also pan, gree and a beautiful scarf.

Mr. Reid, the Collector, then read the following speech in English and Guzerati:—

We are met to-day to celebrate the joyous anniversary of the 50th year of the reign of her Most Gracious Majesty Victoria, Empress of India. It has been given to few sovereigns to reign for half a century. Perhaps no sovereign has ever witnessed during her reign such a marvellous growth in the civilization of the world and in the gradual steady improvement in the condition of her own dominions at home or abroad, and it is with grateful hearts that we acknowledge to-day that while her Majesty's reign has been one of great prosperity, and great happiness to her subjects scattered throughout the world, that prosperity and happiness is due to her Majesty's character and her personal virtues. Neither the tradition and romance nor the history of India is wanting in bright examples of the womanly virtues, but no woman in the history of India or of the world has occupied for so long so conspicuous a place in the eyes of men. That fierce light which beats upon a throne, and blackens every blot, has only added fresh lustre to the name of Victoria as wife, as mother, and as Queen. Every year that passes seems to deepen the sympathy that our Gracious Empress feels for all her Indian subjects, and she has always evinced a special interest in the welfare of the women and children of India, and we may feel assured that no movement will be more grateful to her than that noble work initiated by Lady Dufferin, and in which we have taken our part by devoting our Jubilee Memorial Fund to a Jubilee Victoria Dispensary. We are accustomed at meetings in Ahmedabad to see the European and native officials and the shets and other gentlemen of the city, but to-day, owing to a happy inspiration of the Talukdari Political Officer, Mr. Peston ji Jehangirji, C.I.E., we have to-day the pleasure of welcoming to Ahmedabad a very large gathering of the Talukdars of Gujarat. These gentlemen represent the ancient, noble and in some cases the royal families of the country. The ancestors of the Waghelas of Koth and Gangad, of the Chudasamas of Gamph and Amod reigned as the last Hindu kings of Gujarat and of Junagadh. I believe that the aristocracy of Gujarat yield to no class of her Majesty's subjects in their devotion to her person and throne. In the name of the citizens of Ahmedabad I thank them for the great pleasure that the people have derived from the picturesque procession which paraded our streets, but their best recompense or any trouble and expense they have incurred is their own satisfaction at fulfilling their duty as loyal subjects. Gentlemen, you know that it is the custom at Durbars and public meetings in India for garlands to be distributed by the host to his guests, but here to-day there are strictly speaking no guests and host—we are all assembled as faithful subjects to do honour to her Majesty. It has therefore been arranged that the only honours shall be shown to her Majesty's symbol represented in this case by the Queen's colour of one of the most distinguished regiments of the Bombay Army, which bears the honourable title of the Prince of Wales' Own Grenadiers. I will therefore ask the company to rise while garlands are presented to the Queen's colour by the Thakurs of Koth, Amod and Gamph on behalf of the Talukdars, by the Desai Sahib of Patri, and on behalf of the citizens of Ahmedabad by the son of our Nagarseth, and pan is offered before the picture of her Most Gracious Majesty, which has been presented to the regiment by their Colonel, her son, his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

Garlands were then placed on the Queen's colour by the Chiefs of Patri, Koth and Amod (Broach)on behalf of the talukdars, and on behalf of the residents of Ahmedabad, by Mr. Premshahi, whom every one was also delighted to see appear once more in public as it was generally feared that old age and bad health would have prevented his attendance. After this "pan-supari" was laid on a small table in front of the Queen's color. This closed the Durbar.

Amongst the Chiefs present not previously mentioned, were Gamp, Bappo Moah, Ganga Kerwara and Ootelia, the whole of whom were very beautifully dressed and formed an object of much attraction to the Europeans, Ootelia, a very small boy, receiving most attention. The whole Durbar was a great success and was very picturesque, the Parsee ladies with their pretty coloured dresses making a charming ground.

The ladies, both European and Parsee, and background gentlemen adjourned to Mr. Reid's house, where refreshment was provided, and where the band played a select programme of music.

At 7 p.m., the illuminations commenced and were kept going until a late hour. Hutti Singh's temple and residence just outside the Delhi Gate were very pretty, the whole being covered with flags and different coloured lights. Here we alighted and visited the nautch given by the assembled Talukdars, but were unable to stop long owing to the crowds of European visitors who kept pouring in. From thence we went on to the Delhi Gate beautifully hung with lamps, and then to the Jail, passing on the road many private residences of native gentlemen nicely illuminated. The scene near the Jail was very striking, the building itself being one mass of light. The Keerany Gardens in front were covered with variegated lights. In the distance, the three gates made a sight not easily to be forgotten. These gates had portraits of the Queen-Empress and family on them,—a very pretty idea, and one much appreciated. The whole of the main streets of the town had been tastefully decorated and illuminated. The band of the 2nd P. W. O. Grenadiers played at the Gardens until a late hour, and the music was evidently appreciated by the thousands who crowded around it. The streets were very crowded, the people generally determining to make the best of their holiday. In the Camp the only decoration worth noticing was that of the Post Office. Much trouble had been taken with it, and it was a great success. This brought to a conclusion the first day's holiday.

I should have stated, that in the early morning the whole of the prisoners in the jail were released, and the Jail left clean swept and empty.

The second day commenced with a fair at the Kanthria Tank. Amusements of every description were provided,the merry-go-rounds and swings being greatly in demand. The booths arranged alongside the roads and the decorations all over the tank, especially those on the island in the centre, made a pretty and effective sight. Sports were provided for the amusement of the people, and for the benefit of the European and native soldiers, who entered largely for the prizes given. The greasy pole caused a great sensation, being a novelty to most of the assembled crowd throughout the day. The Tank was crowded with natives, all bent on enjoyment.

In the evening the whole island was perfect in its decorations and illuminations. Here all the leading people, both European and native, were collected, and the band of the 2nd P. W. O. Grenadiers added to the general enjoyment, by playing a charming selection of music.

About 7-30 the fireworks were let off amidst general enthusiasm, all being of one mind that the display was most effective. The whole Tank was one of the most beautiful sights ever witnessed, the water being covered with floating covered lights. Upwards of 50 thousand people were present throughout the evening.

The Municipal sub-committee deserve great credit for the effective manner in which they carried out the two days' entertainments. The second day was concluded with a grand dinner at the Collector's residence. It was attended by all the European residents.

This brought to a conclusion the Jubilee entertainment. It was one that will last long in the memory of all, both Europeans and native alike, in this ancient capital of Guzerat, where one and all of her Majesty's loyal subjects wish her long life, health and prosperity.

THE BERARS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AMRAOTI, FEB. 16.

For the last two days the gentlemen composing the managing committee have had an arduous time of it, meetings being held several times during the day to discuss and carry out the necessary arrangements. The Rev. Father Donewyer celebrated High Mass in the Roman Catholic Chapel in honour of the auspicious day at which all the congregation assisted. Among those present were noticed a few Parsee ladies and gentlemen. The edifice was decorated with flags and the altar adorned with massive gilt candlesticks, flowers and all the other paraphernalia used on festive and joyous occasions. Benediction of the Most Holy Sacrament followed Mass, during which the Te Deum was impressively intoned by the priest and responses sung by the choir. The singing was led by Mr. Alberts, who with his usual ability conducted the choir, who sang admirably, albeit they had some new hymn to get through. The ceremony ended with the choir singing "God Save the Queen," the congregation, including the Parsees, reverentially standing up, and all singers among the congregation joining heartily in the time-honoured Anthem. The singing of the National Anthem in a sacred edifice was very strange and novel and moved all.

The Rev. Mr. Metcalfe, the chaplain of the Province, also had a thanksgiving service at which almost the whole station were present. The service, lasted almost two hours and ended with Mrs. Bullock, pianist of the Amraoti Church, playing the National Anthem.

The Resident has vetoed the proposal of the Major Commandant of the Local Volunteer Corps to hold a Jubilee Camp-of-Exercise, and the project has therefore collapsed all of a sudden and in a most unexpected manner. In communicating this decision Mr. Cordery states he is unable to sanction six days' leave to clerks and other employes of Government to attend the camp when the Supreme Government have only authorized two days to be observed as holidays.

AURANGABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AURANGABAD CAMP, FEB. 17.

The celebration yesterday of her Majesty the Queen-Empress's Jubilee, in which all classes joined, went off with great *eclat*. The review of the H. C. troops, the feeding and clothing of 800 indigent persons and the illuminations took place yesterday. To-day, a treat for the school children in the station hall at 2 p.m., the inter-regimental sports at 4 p.m., and a public dinner at 5 p.m., in the H. C. Mess, terminated the festivities. In the city of Aurangabad last night all the public places were illuminated.

BELGAUM.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BELGAUM, FEB. 17.

Our Jubilee programme for yesterday was a great success. There was a grand parade in the morning; Christians, Hindus, and Mahomedans held thanksgiving services in their respective places of worship in the day; and in the evening open-air addresses were delivered. General Carnegy's speech was the most effective, his stentorian voice rising equal to the occasion. Later on there was a grand display of fireworks, and the whole city was one great blaze of light. The houses of the rich merchants, the public buildings, and the Fort walls were conspicuous in the illumination.

The programme for to-day includes sports for the soldiers and sepoys, alms to the poor, treats to school children, and nautches and pan-supari meetings. A permanent memorial will shortly be decided upon.

The thanks of the community are due chiefly to General Carnegy, Mr. Fulton, the District Judge, and Mr. Shirpad Chhatre, the secretary to the managing committee. The unavoidable absence of Mr. Muir, the Collector, is greatly regretted. But before he left for the districts he gave a princely entertainment, at which all sections of the community were represented. It concluded with fireworks and illumination, in which the "Jubilee Year" shone forth resplendent.

VICTORIA JUBILEE DISPENSARY AT DHARAMPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

DHARAMPORE, FEB. 17.

Early in the morning loud reports of guns discharged in honour of her Imperial Majesty the Queen-Empress, and the music of all kinds of instruments announced the advent of Jubilee Day. The Durbar place and premises, all the public offices, religious places, and the houses of the leading inhabitants were decorated with buntings, foliage, flowers, &c.

The first ceremony that took place in honour of the Jubilee was the laying of the foundation-stone of "The Victoria Jubilee Dispensary" designed by Mr. Harivandenram Maniram, L.C.E., the advising engineer of the State. After breakfast H. H. the Maharana, accompanied by his Princes, Sirdars and all the State officials, went in procession to the site of the new dispensary and held a "Kachery" in a shamiana specially erected for the occasion. After observrias the foundation-stone of the Victoria Jubilee Dispensary was laid by H. H. the Maharana himself, and thirteen guns fired in honour of the occasion.

A children's fete followed, after which a sowari procession, consisting of H. H. the Maharana, members of his family, the Sirdars, the Dewan, and other officials of the State, went as far as the Agent's residence. Stopping there for a while, pan, goolab, bouquets, &c, were distributed and the procession returned.

After tea H. H. the Maharana held a Durbar in a specially built mandup, Koomar Mohundewjee, the heir-apparent, though ill, was present. A *khurita* from H. E. the Governor was presented by Mr. Mugatlal Gokaldas, an Agency official, sent by Mr. W. B. Mulock, the Agent. Two very interesting speeches followed,—one by Mr. Damodherdas Haridas, the Dewan, and the other by Mr. Khandubhai Makonjee the headmaster of the Narayan Deojee A. V. School.

Twelve prisoners, of whom two were life convicts were released in honour of the Jubilee. Subsequently there was dancing and a grand pyrotechnic display, which lasted for at least two hours. After the distribution of pan, goolab, &c., the assemblage dispersed, and with it the proceedings of the day also closed.

On the same night the Durbar palace and surroundings, the Agent's residence, all the public offices, religious and other houses in the town were very brilliantly illuminated, and triumphal arches had been erected at various points at a distance of about forty yards from one another.

The people of the town also took part in the rejoicings very enthusiastically; they lighted their houses as they do during the Dewali holidays, and prayed to the Almighty for the long life and prosperity of the Queen-Empress and the Royal family.

To-day the poor were treated to dainties.

KARMALA.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

KARMALA, FEB. 18.

On the 16th fireworks were let off and pan supari distributed to the multitude which had assembled to witness them. On the following day, a meeting was held in the school-room, where prizes, in the form of books and sweetmeats, were awarded to the children. Several speakers descanted on the benefits accruing from British rule, after which prayers were offered for the continuance of her Majesty's life. Subsequently fireworks were discharged, and illuminated balloons liberated.

MORVI RAISED TO THE RANK OF A FIRST CLASS STATE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MORVI, FEB. 17.

The Jubilee of her Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress was celebrated here yesterday with great and characteristic pomp. In response to the invitations profusely issued by H. H. the Thakore Saheb, precisely at 9 a.m. a large concourse of the officers and the Shethias of the town began to muster in the spacious Durbar Hall. Among the former Mr. W. H. White, C.E, Executive Engineer, and Mr. Barker, Locomotive Superintendent of the Morvi State Railway were present, besides numerous native officers respresenting the different departments of the State. No Political Officer from the Agency could be spared an I so none attended this Durbar. When H. H. the Thakore Saheb Waghji took his seat on an exquisite golden sofa, and all present had done the same according to their respective positions, Mr. Dullabhji D. Ved, Sir Nyayadhish, rose and read an address in English on behalf of his Highness. The address was then translated into Gujerati for the benefit of those who did not understand English. Native musicians of his Highness then entertained the audience with choice music, which amply added to the glee of the occasion. As mentioned in the address, his Highness has spontaneously undertaken three public works of great utility to commemorate this auspicious event. They will all bear the name of her Majesty's Jubilee, which will thus be perpetuated in the memory of future generations of the subjects of this State. The Durbar lasted for more than a hour and a half, at its close pan supari, uttar and goolab were distributed, and a Royal Salute of 101 guns was fired. The regular manner in which the guns loomed as they were fired did credit to his Highness's artillery. In the spacious compound in front of the Durbar Hall his Highness's troops, police and the rest of the Sirbundhy attended in uniform and the band played "God Save the Queen" on both occasions. Here hundreds of people had assembled to witness the ceremonies and show their joy and delight. Their loyalty to the Empress seemed to know no bounds. A little before 11 a.m. the Durbar broke up amidst the cheers and applause of the people, who evinced a high sense of attachment to the Empress and her Throne. Sweatments were then distributed to all the boys and the girls in the different schools, which have of course a couple of holidays in honour of this memorable event. Eleven prisoners were liberated from the Jail, where they were undergoing different periods of imprisonment.

In the Mahals and Bhayati villages the proceedings were similar.

At 5 p.m. his Highness, accompanied by his officers, laid the foundation-stone of the Jubilee Fountain in the centre of the town. This was done with all the pomp and circumstance becoming the occasion. Thence the party proceeded to lay the foundation-stone of the Jubilee Grain Market near the Nagar Gate. After this had been done his Highness returned to his palace through the newly-built bazaars, which had been splendidly illuminated.

The scene in the Durbar was unique and grand, the whole of it being lighted by electricity. The lamps shone like bright moons, which spread their effulgence around. A great concourse of the people assembled to see the spectacle, which was a great novelty in Kathiawar. A grand display of fireworks took place on the opposite bank of the Malokhoo river. At about 9 p.m. all the people returned home, many of them being in a state of bewilderment, such rejoicings and such spectacles not having been witnessed here before. His Highness the Thakore Saheb received a telegram from H. E. Lord Reay, congratulating his Highness on the fact of the State having been raised to the rank of a first-class State. Another Durbar was immediately summoned, and it was attended by all the officers, mahajans and the representatives of the different communities. The hall was crowded. The telegram was read and explained to the audience, who hailed the announcement with great applause.

To-day again sweetmeats were distributed to the school children and sugarcandy to those who attended the Darbar. All the State servants are to be feasted, and the holiday making is to be extended for two days more in honour of the Morbi State having attained the dignity of a first-class State. His Highness fully deserved the distinction which has now been conferred on him. He not only claims high descent, but he is one of the most progressive of the Kathiawar princes, and has introduced many reforms.

PALGHUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PALGHUR, FEB. 17.

The Palghur station on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, mile 57 from Bombay, was very beautifully illuminated last night with over 1,000 lights.

The children of the Railway employés were presented with sweetmeats and coppers by Miss Mary Wharton. There were about 400 children present besides servants. Mr. Wharton delivered a speech explaining the circumstances connected with the Jubilee. Three hearty cheers were given by all present for her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India.

PANWEL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

PANWEL, FEB. 18.

A meeting of about 1,000 persons was held on Wednesday evening in the dispensary compound for the commemoration of the Queen's Jubilee. The speeches delivered evoked feelings of loyalty and devotion to the Throne and admiration for the personal qualities of her Majesty. The school boys and girls sang songs in her pmise. Sweetmeat and pan supari, attar, and gulab were distributed. The meeting dispersed to see the fireworks.

NEW MADRASSA FOR POREBUNDER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POREBUNDER, FEB. 20.

A large meeting of the Mahomedan inhabitants of this place was held here this morning, in a shamiana specially constructed for the occasion, for the purpose of laying the foundation-stone of a Madrassa which the Mahomedans propose to build for the education of their children, and in honour of her Majesty's Jubilee. Mr. F. S. P. Lily, C.S., the Administrator of the State, with Mrs. Lily, Col.-Hancock, president of the Rajsthanick Court, Kathiawar, with Miss Hancock, Captain Fenton, Survey Superintendant, Kathiawar, Mr. Juyashanker L., Personal Assistant Administrator, and Mr. Ranchoddas, Sir Nayadhish, as well as the members of the Rajasthanick Court and other officials of the State were among those present.

Mr. Lullabhai A. Desai, Pleader, read the following address in English and Gujarati:—

"We, the members of the Mahomedan community of the State of Porbunder in the Province of Kathiawar, desire with feelings of the deepest and most affectionate reverence towards your Majesty's throne and person, to offer our respectful and loyal congratulations on the auspicious occasion of your Majesty's Jubilee. We beg permission to assure your Majesty that under your benign guidance we, in Kathiawar, have been enjoying innumerable advantages to our trade and safety. Life and property is protected, education encouraged, sanitation promoted, main roads constructed, railways opened, and the means of communication made easy; and during the fifty years of your Majesty's reign the province of Kathiawar has enjoyed the blessings of tranquillity and thus been enabled to turn her attention to prove her social and commercial position. We recall with pride the fact that ten years ago when your Majesty was pleased to assume the title of Empress of India, and the continued interest you have always graciously evinced to your Indian subjects has been shown by the visit of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales and the recent appointment of his Royal Highness Prince Arthur Duke of Connaught to the command of your Majesty's forces in the Bombay Presidency. In memorial of the auspicious event we are now about to celebrate, and knowing the deep interest felt by your Majesty in the education of your subjects, and in order to perpetuate your Majesty's name in Porbunder, we, the Mahomedan members of the State in meeting assembled, have decided to erect a suitable building for a Madrassa for the education of Mahomedan youths, and we humbly beg your Majesty to allow us to associate your name with our project by styling the building "The Victoria Jubilee Madrassa," the foundation-stone of which will be laid on the 16th by your Majesty's representative, F. S. P. Lily, Esquire, C.S., Administrator of the State of Porebunder.

"On this the 50th anniversary of your Majesty's reign we offer to Almighty God our earnest prayer that He will grant your Majesty a continued and glorious reign over the countless nations and races who in every quarter of the globe enjoy peace and prosperity under your Majesty's wise and benign rule; among whom your Majesty has no more faithful and loyal servants than the Mahomedan subjects of his Highness the Rana of Porebunder. And we pray that the great British Empire of which we are proud to call this State an appanage may from age to age grow in power, in prosperity and in the mutual confidence, esteem and goodwill of its federated members, since its existence, we feel is a cause and a security of human progress, liberty and happiness."

The address was handed over to Mr. Lily for transmission to her Majesty. Mr. Lily performed the ceremony of laying the foundation-stone of the new building, which is to be styled *Victoria Jubilee Madrassa*, and he replied to the address of the Mahomedans in appropriate terms.

RADHANPORE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RADHANPORE, FEB. 17.

Our Jubilee day went off very successfully. It opened with a Imperial Salute of 101 guns, and the release of fifteen prisoners. At 9 a.m. the Hindu and Mahomedan population with H. H. and Roya Family assembled, the former in the temples, the latter in the Juma Mosque, to offer devotions and prayers and thanks givings.

At 2 p.m. a procession of school children, attended by music and carrying flags, paraded the streets.

At 4 p.m. Mr. Lester, Assistant Political Superintendent, with other European officers and members of Royal Family attended the school, when the National Anthem and some special poems in Gujarati were chanted by the boys and girls, to whom sweetmeats were afterwards distributed.

At 6, Durbar was held in the spacious state hall of the palace. There was a brave display of flags and pennons. The gateways of the palace and Durbar hall were decorated with arches beautifully designed. The hall was also splendidly lighted and decorated. With the beautiful banner presented by the Queen-Empress, the Royal arms of England in blue and silver with the words *esto perpetua* and two shields in green and yellow, with appropriate sooplets.

The Durbar closed with the presentation of a Khurita, by Mr. Lester, on behalf of Government, to His Highness who gave a suitable reply and announced that a building to be called the Victoria Jubilee Institute will be built in commemoration of this event. After the distribution of attar, pan, flowers, the company moved to the balcony of the palace to witness splendid pyrotechnic display, after which the party of European guests drove through the city which was all ablaze with the illuminations.

The proceedings terminated with a dinner to Mr. Lester and European officers.

THE FESTIVITIES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RAJKOT, FEB. 19.

This place is so well practised in getting up public demonstrations on a large and liberal scale that it is not necessary to say the celebration of the Jubilee of her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress in Rajkot has been a complete and most unqualified success.

The proceedings yesterday commenced with a parade of all the troops in garrison on the Race-course, under the command of Col. Fellows, commanding the station, the men consisting of a squadron of the 2nd Bombay Lancers and the 8th Regiment N.I. Lieut Brown, in the absence of Col. Morse, in command, fell in at 8 o'clock, the Cavalry to the right and the Infantry in line at open order. The *feu de joie* was fired very creditably by the Infantry, and after three cheers had been given for the Queen-Empress the troops marched to quarters to the music of the band.

At 9 o'clock a Durbar was held by Col. Wodehouse, Acting Political Agent of Kathiawar, in the hall of the Alfred High School, which is generally used for such purposes. The hall was tastefully decorated, and matchlocks, shields, swords and spears were a prominent feature on the walls. At the further end of the hall, on a dais covered with red cloth, was placed a State chair plated with silver, and to the right of this were seated Harisingji, Thakore Saheb of Dhrol, Bawajeraj, Thakore Saheb of Rajkot, the Talukdars of Jitpur and Virpur, the Chief of Jhasdan and other minor Chiefs, with their kiasbaris. To the left sat the Civil and Military officers of the province now in the station, the native officers of Cavalry and Infantry, and the principal native officers and subordinates connected with the Agency, also the vakils and merchants and other principal inhabitants of Rajkot town and Civil station. European ladies and the pupils of the Rajkumar College were accommodated in the gallery. Precisely at the time appointed the Acting Political Agent arrived, accompanied by Col. Fellows, commanding the 8th Regiment N.I., under a salute of 11 guns, the band of the 8th Regiment N.I., which was stationed outside, striking up "God Save the Queen." He was met at the entrance by the principal Chiefs and officials present, and escorted by them to the State chair on the dais. All having taken their seats, Mr. Bhanji Prabhudas, the representative in Rajkot of Junagarh, the premier State of the province, stepped forward and addressing Col. Wodehouse in Gujerati, expressed the desire of the Chiefs to present an address to her Majesty the Queen-Empress on the occasion of the Jubilee. Assent have been given, a superb gold casket of Indian design and workmanship, containing the address, was produced. The Thakore Saheb of Rajkot then read the address in English, which was as follows,—

We, the Chiefs, and Talukdars, ruling in our respective States in this ancient Province of Sourashtra, now called Kathiawar, in Western India, and allied to the Throne of Great Britain by the ties of respect and friendship, beg to tender to your Imperial Majesty our warm and heartfelt congratulations on the happy completion of the Fiftieth Year of your sovereignty over the British Empire.

During the long period of half a century over which your Majesty's benevolent rule has spread, the vast dominions which acknowledge your sway have experienced almost uninterruptedly the blessings of a wise, just, and enlightened administration. The progress of Science and Art, the development of national industries, and the prosperity of the myriads of mankind who are fortunate in being your subjects, have steadily advanced; and while wars and differences with foreign nations have been as far as practicable avoided, and cordial relations established abroad on a firmer and broader basis than had ever been known before, the unceasing solicitude and maternal interest evinced for the welfare of your own peoples by your Gracious Majesty have mainly contributed to the peace, the contentment and the devotion to your person and throne which distinguish them in all parts of the globe on which the banner of Britain floats. For half a century past your happiness has claimed their delight and your sorrow their sympathy, nor has there been during all that period one event of public rejoicing, whether national or local, when the glad greeting of their Queen has not responded to the joy of their hearts, nor befallen one sorrow which has not awaken spirit of perfect woman's heart has not been freely poured ont to alleviate.

Although placed at a distance of thousands of miles over land and sea from your Majesty's capital, the various nationalities of this continent which, owning your sway, have been fortunate enough to partake of this communion with their Sovereign, have for years past, under all discussions of custom and creed, over all natural differences of thought and feeling, to unite with your other subjects in the one common pursuit of dedicating to your Majesty their sincere tribute of loyalty, reverence and affection. Your Majesty has rewarded these sentiments on various occasions, some of which are now matter of history, by manifesting especial solicitude for the peace and prosperity of Hindostan, and when ten years ago this fact was proclaimed to the world by your assumption of the title of Kaisor-i-Hind, the whole Empire resounded with the joyful tumult of popular applause.

We, among the other Native Chiefs of India, have always exercised our privilege of sharing at such times the sentiment prevailing in the land; now on this auspicious occasion, we wish to commingle our voices with that of an Empire which extends from sunrise unto sunrise to hail with delight the completion, by God's blessing, of half a century of a reign unsurpassed for the brilliancy of its achievements and the humanity of its actions by any other recorded in history.

This ancient Province, since remote times the home of our forefathers, which had previous to the settlement of Colonel Walker now eighty years ago and the establishment of the British Agency fourteen years after, been the theatre of the varying fortunes of a succession of adventurers and invaders has since that time secured under the protection of your Majesty's Government the blessing of tranquility and made steady progress in the path of peace and good order. The expenditure of money and other resources which would have been entailed had not the undisturbed possession of our territories been thus guaranteed to us, is now diverted to the more beneficial purpose of developing the prosperity of our subject peoples. As a natural consequence, Education, Science, and Arts have made rapid strides here, and our land has become the seat of many useful institutions, thus presenting a relief of that waste and elevating force which has told its work in the adjoining Provinces under the direct rule of your Majesty for the past half century.

In order to give a tangible shape to our sincere feelings of joy and gratitude, we have resolved to commemorate the happy remembrance of your Jubilee by erecting at the British head-quarters of the Province a Public Hall, to contain a Museum, at a cost of one lac and sixty thousand rupees. This Institution will further serve the very useful purpose of furnishing a means whereby the present as well as future generations of our subjects will derive valuable knowledge of the arts, industries and products of other territories besides their own, and as such we trust will commend itself to the gracious approval of your Majesty, whose untiring exertions for the promotion of knowledge among your own subjects have been so widely admired and imitated.

We pray that it may please the Almighty to preserve your Majesty for many long years to come in unimpaired health of body and mind, so that the noble charity of a blameless life and the rare benevolence of a magnanimous reign may continue to bless the subjects of the British Empire, and to exalt them among the nations of the earth.

It was afterwards read in Gujerati by Mr. Suntakram Mahdowji, representative of the Bhownagar State in Rajkot. The Acting Political Agent then replied, his words being afterwards given to the assembly in Guzerati by Khan Bahadur Dhunjishah Hormusjee, Deputy Assistant Political Agent and Station Magistrate of Rajkot.

Col. Wodehouse said:—Thakor Sahibs, Talukdars, Mukhis, Gentlemen,—The Chiefs of Kathiawar have very properly taken the occasion of the Jubilee Durbar held at Rajkot, the head-quarters of the Province, to read and present through their representatives the loyal address which they as a body have prepared for presentation to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress on the happy occasion of her attaining the fiftieth year of a long and prosperous reign. Most of these Chiefs are at the present moment holding Durbars at their own capitals in honour of this auspicious event, which is a cause of rejoicing both for those directly under her Most Gracious Majesty's benign away, and also for the Native Chiefs and their subjects whose interests are so intimately mixed up with and dependent on those of the Paramount Power. That loyalty of the Chiefs of Kathiawar is one of warm affection: the way in which they always welcome the representative of the Queen in the Presidency and still more the enthusiastic reception which was so recently accorded to his Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, the third son of the Queen-Empress, whom she has appointed to command the forces in this Presidency, amply testify to this; every thing indeed connected with her Most Gracious Majesty touches a chord in their hearts which gives a ready and hearty response. This is the right spirit which should and does exist, and long may it continue to do so growing in strength and vigour with the lapse of years. In the address which has been read a short comparison is made between the state of things existing when the British connection with this Province commenced and the present; nor is it overdrawn. In no part of India perhaps has a more radical change for the better taken place. Chiefs and their people have increased an hundredfold in wealth and prosperity, and the tide of improvement steadily advances with but few checks. The healthy progress of the native Chiefs in India is a cause which it is well known the Queen-Empress has greatly at heart, and that they are ruling their States well and thus ensuring the happiness of their subjects is to her a cause of real pleasure and solicitude. I am sure she will be gratified to hear that the Chiefs of this Province not contented with mere ephemeral rejoicings have clubbed together to erect in the shape of a Hall and Museum a permanent and handsome edifice in commemoration of this ever-to-be remembered Jubilee year; and that this happy idea may be carried to a satisfactory conclusion and be of real benefit to the people is the hope of every well wisher of the Province. It will give me as the representative of the British Government in Kathiawar, the very sincerest pleasure to forward the address together with the beautiful casket in which it is enclosed through the proper channel to her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen-Empress. The feelings of loyalty and devotion manifested therein cannot fail to be gratifying, and the record of the advantages of her rule are so vividly recognized in the Province of Saurashtra, one so conspicuous for its ancient history and interesting associations, will be recognized as no unimportant link in the chain which binds the people of India to the British Crown.

This concluded the proceedings, and after distribution of attar, pan and bouquets to the principal Chiefs and Talukdars by Mr. MacKay, Superintendent of the Agency Police, to the European officers by Dr. Barker, Civil Surgeon, and to the minor Chiefs and native gentlemen by the Agency officials, Col Wodehouse left the hall, being escorted to the entrance by the principal Chiefs and Talukdars and the European officials, as at his entrance. The band struck up "God Save the Queen" and a Salute of 11 guns was again fired. After an interval of five minutes an Imperial Salute of 101 guns was fired.

At the conclusion of the Durbar, Mr. Dinshah, Station Magistrate and Jail Superintendent, proceeded to the Jail and released fourteen prisoners. One of these was a notorious outlaw who was working out a sentence of fourteen years, but as one arm had been cut off, and his remaining hand was much maimed in the last affray he figured in, it is confidently expected that he will not return to his evil ways. All the other prisoners had part of their sentences remitted.

About an hour afterwards a distribution of four-anna pieces and sweetmeats was made to all the children attending schools in the Rajkot Civil Station and the regimental lines. This was done by Mrs. Macnaghten to the girls, by Mr. Navabram Luxmiram, Principal of the Male Training College, Rajkot, to the boys, and by Colonel Fellows to the regimental boys.

A feast was then given in the dhurumsala to about nine hundred blind, lame, and poor persons, under the supervision of Mr. Dunjishah, Station Magistrate, who also distributed blankets and clothes to five hundred according to their different necessities.

At noon a short service was held in the church, at which most of the people of the station were present, when the prayers appointed for the day were read and the congregation joined with one voice in singing "God Save the Queen."

During the afternoon a fancy fair was held on the Maidan between the Barton Female Training College and the Rajkumar College, which was very well supported, and a brisk trade was done in the numerous sweetmeats and other shops. "Merry-go-rounds" and "boats"—dear to the youth of all nations—were kept fully employed, and it required very little effort on the part of the members of the Jubilee committee—Col. Fellows, Mr. Macnaghten and Khan Bahadur Dhunjishah Hormusji, who were present—to keep the company amused.

In response to Col. Wodehouse's invitation, all the European community of Rajkot, to the number of about 26, assembled at the Kothi at the hour appointed for the dinner to celebrate her Majesty's Jubilee, and it need not be said that ample justice was done to the carefully prepared feast which had been provided. At the conclusion of the dinner Col. Wodehouse proposed in a few well-chosen words suitable to the occasion the toast of her Majesty the Queen-Empress, which was responded to most heartily. All, both ladies and gentlemen, then joined in singing with great spirit—led by Capt. Sandwith—the first verse of the National Anthem.

A move was now made for the carriages, which had been kindly provided by Col. Wodehouse, and the whole company proceeded by a circuitous route through the illuminated streets to the Race-course, where a display of fireworks was to close the day's proceedings.

The illumination of the public buildings had been entrusted to the Acting Agency Engineer and Mr. Dhunjishah, Station Magistrate, and the result of their labours was a most effective display. The Kothi, the Alfred High School, the Lang Library and all the Government Offices stood out against their dark background in lines of fire, and it was a pity that a slight wind rather marred the effect by putting out some of the lights. The College, also the Post Office, and several utaras and other important private buildings were brilliantly lighted up, and the vestas of lights along some of the principal streets were very beautiful.

The Race-course formed an excellent field for the display of the fireworks, and the Race-stand afforded a commanding position from which to view them. The stand was full and all around it crowded with carriages, and on the Maidan there was a compact multitude of those who could not boast of a better equipage than "shanks his pony." The first item of the programme was a set piece of the word "Jubilee," in Letters of fire, and after the usual display of other fancy set pieces, rockets, bombs, Roman candles, &c., the set piece "Long Live the Queen-Empress" intimated that the day's proceedings were over. Not quite over for the European residents of the station, for whom a supper was very kindly provided at the Mess by the officers of H. M.'s 8th Regiment N. I. and their invitation was very well responded to.

A short description of the casket which conveys the congratulations of the Chiefs of Kathiawar to her Majesty the Queen-Empress on the attainment of her Jubilee will perhaps be acceptable. It is, as was said before, a magnificent specimen of Indian art work thoroughly indigenous in style and most exquisitely worked out. The casket itself is a cylinder, sixteen and a half inches long and three and a quarter inches broad, of gold, with a lid hinged along its length and not varying in design from the body of the cylinder. The casket is very plain generally, but at each end there are two rich foliated bands in gold separated by an interval of about half an inch. The ends of the cylinder are ornamented with rich massive raised work in gold—the device at one end being the royal arms of Great Britain and the other the monogram V. R. I. On the top of the lid is a raised star of eight points of gold, on which a miniature cushion of purple velvet, and on this rests a small Imperial gold crown with a cap

NOTICES.

A BOON TO THOUSANDS!

HEALTH, STRENGTH AND THE VIGOUR OF LIFE RESTORED

BY THE USE OF

THE ONLY INFALLIBLE REMEDY FOR NERVOUS DEBILITY.

Loss of Energy and Appetite, Mental and Physical Depression, Incapacity for Study or Business, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Female Complaints, Flatulence, Dyspepsia, Shortness of Breath, Eruptions of the Skin, Impoverished Blood, Premature Decline, and all Disease, caused by residence in tropical climates.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is a marvellous medicine for renovating impaired and broken-down constitutions. It operates on the system without exciting care or thought upon the individual as to the process. It moves the lungs, liver, heart, kidney, stomach, and intestines, with a harmony, vigour, yet mildness unparalleled in medicine.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Gives back to the human structure, in a suitable form, the phosphoric or animating element of life, which has been wasted, and restores manhood to the most shattered and debilitated constitution, from whatever cause arising.

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is patronized by Aristocracy and the *Elite*, extensively used in the Army and Navy, and highly recommended by the leading Medical Practitioners.

☞ CAUTION.—DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE.

The ONLY medicine of that name granted certificates by Her Majesty's Registrar of Trade Marks. Beware of VILE worthless Imitations made up to trade upon the Reputation of DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE. Therefore ask for DR. BRIGHT'S, and refuse Useless Substitutes

DR. BRIGHT'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold in CASES by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the Globe.

Full Directions for use in 16 Languages accompany each case.

WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR INDIA:—BOMBAY—Kemp & Co. CALCUTTA—Smith, Stanistreet & Co.; Bathgate & Co.; Scott, Thomson & Co. MADRAS—Barrie & Co. SIMLA & LAHORE—Plomer & Co: Gillon & Co

GRIMES' TEN GUINEA OUTFIT FOR INDIA.

A MARVEL OF CHEAPNESS AND EXCELLENCE

A DINNER SERVICE in best stone China.
A BREAKFAST and TEA SERVICE in Porcelain.
A COMPLETE SERVICE OF TABLE GLASS in finest Crystal, elegant shapes.
(All the above complete for twelve persons.)
A TOILET SERVICE of superior quality.
A handsome DUPLEX TABLE LAMP.
All Packed complete in iron-bound case,

GRIMES' CANTEEN containing Electro-plate and Cutlery for 12 persons £16-16-0.

T. R. GRIMES & SON,
53, NEW BOND St., LONDON, W.

Orders may be sent direct (enclosing remittance) or through Messrs. William Watson & Co., Bombay, where an outfit can be seen.

JOHNSON & COMP'Y'S CANTERBURY PALE ALE

TREACHER & COMP'Y
SOLE AGENTS
BOMBAY & POONA

ATKINSON'S ENGLISH PERFUMERY,

renowned for nearly a century, surpasses all others for its lasting and natural fragrance.

THREE GOLD MEDALS—
PARIS, 1878, CALCUTTA, 1884,
for pre-eminent excellence of quality.

Atkinson's Newest Perfume
FAORLA & CYRENDIUM
are of rare and peculiar fragrance, and being registered can be obtained only of the Inventors or their Agents.

ATKINSON'S QUININE HAIR LOTION
Unsurpassed for promoting the growth and improving the appearance of the hair. Guaranteed perfectly harmless.

ATKINSON'S FLORIDA WATER
an exceptionally fine perfume for the handkerchief, distilled from the choicest exotics.

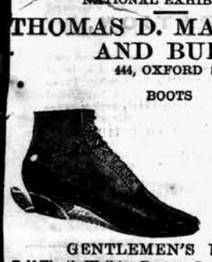
Of all Dealers, and of the Manufacturers—
J. & E. ATKINSON,
24, Old Bond Street, London.
Trade Mark—A "White Rose" on a "Golden Lyre."

AWARDED GOLD MEDAL, AND FIRST CLASS CERTIFICATE AT THE CALCUTTA INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL AND BURT,

444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON.

BOOTS POST FREE FROM LONDON TO INDIA.



GENTLEMEN'S BOOTS.

Calf Elastic Walking Boots. Patent Elastic Dress Boots. Parade Elastic Boots, Patent or Calf. Balmoral Boots. Button Boots. — Superior in style and excellent in quality, 25s. — Finest quality we can produce 35s.

Grain Hide Shooting Boots, 42s.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUES POST FREE.

LADIES' WALKING BOOTS.

ELASTIC OR TO BUTTON.

Excellent quality, much approved ... .. 18s. 6d.
Very superior ... ... 21s. 0d.
Finest possible quality ... ... 26s. 0d.
Satin, Kid, and Patent "Louise" Evening Shoes ... ... 10s. 6d.
Morocco Oxford House Shoes ... ... 5s. 6d.
Do. with French heels ... ... 7s. 0d.
Merino Slippers, all colors ... ... 4s. 6d.

FOR LONG WALKS.

HYGEIA BOOTS.

(Registered.)

With specially adapted Soles, Heels, Materials, and Form.

LADIES' 30s. GENTLEMEN'S 35s.

Fully described in New Catalogue. Every order, *accompanied by remittance for the price nett*, will be sent POST PAID, and if possible despatched by the first mail after its receipt.

The Hygeia Boots being so highly approved T. D. M. and B. are making Children's boots on the same principle.

A worn Boot or Shoe is the best possible guide for the size, and the next best is a paper pattern of the sole of a boot that fits. Pattern boots should be marked with name of sender, and sent separately from letter and remittance.

Remittances may be made in Government of India notes, which will be taken at the highest current rate of Exchange.

THOMAS D. MARSHALL & BURT,
444, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, W. S.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & CO., LD.,

ENGINEERS, BOILER-MAKERS, IRON AND BRASS FOUNDERS, SHIP AND MILL-WRIGHTS.

CONTRACTORS for the supply of Machinery and erection of the Buildings for Cotton Flour, Sugar, Oil Mills, Distilleries, &c., for a lump sum, or on commission. Special Financial facilities afforded to approved parties.

(We have erected and successfully started several excellent-going Spinning and Weaving Mills in different parts of the country, and our Mr. Alcock has in addition been the responsible adviser throughout in the erection, starting and working of many more.)

Manufacturers of all kinds of cast and wrought iron work of the heaviest description Cotton Presses and Hydraulic Machinery, Mill and Rope Gearing, Ornamental Gates and Railings, Road Rollers kept in stock. Wheels made by Machinery up to 4 feet diameters Cutters for Wheel-cutting Machines.

To enable us to meet all Engineering and Trade requirements we have lately added to our works some of the largest and heaviest tools in India, and grands extended and improved our Foundry.

We are also prepared to furnish designs for Bridges, Girders, Roofs, &c., and to manufacture nd erect same in any part of India.

Importers of Machinery, Agents for Linen and other Belting, the "Kerlew" Patent Oil Gas Apparatus, Baird's Sight Feed Lubricators, etc.

Sole Agents for the Celebrated Valvoline Cylinder Oil, and specially prepared Valvoline Ring Spinning Spindle Oil (a trial solicited).

Plate, Bar and Angle Iron of the largest sections, also Diamond and Silver Steel, and Engineer's Stores and Requisites of all descriptions kept in stock.

ALCOCK, ASHDOWN & HEPWORTH,
Secretaries and Manager.

Works and Offices—Mazagon.

BADHAM, PILE AND CO., LD.

WE have pleasure in informing our constituents that we have JUST RECEIVED the following NEW GOODS in great variety, and most fashionable make for gentlemen.

BLACK, (PURE) SILK SOCKS; Embroidered Fronts; for evening wear, latest designs, ...per [pair	Rs.	11	8
BLACK AND COLORED PURE SILK SOCKS, with Clocks	„	9	8
WHITE KID, BLACK POINTS, 2 Buttons, best quality only	„	3	12
WHITE SILK HANDKERCHIEFS, Orleans Bordered ... each	„	3	0
SILK WINDSOR TIES, Light Colors ... ... from	„	1	4
WHITE SILK AND SATIN PIN SCARVES; Very elegant and richest quality	„	2	8

And a large Selection of Silk Squares, Mufflers, &c.

HOSIERS, GLOVERS, AND SHIRT-MAKERS,
BOMBAY & SECUNDERABAD.

THE SYMPATHETIC PIANOS,

IS ACKNOWLEDGED BY HUNDREDS OF PURCHASERS AND THEIR FRIENDS TO BE THE VERY BEST PIANO THAT CAN BE BOUGHT FOR USE IN INDIA AND THE TROPICS GENERALLY.

The term "Sympathetic" was first used to designate the character of tone. The word has been made use of by others without scruple, and many purchasers have paid for "Sympathetics" of a most doubtful quality which are not entitled to the name, and are merely inferior imitations.

INTENDING PURCHASERS SHOULD INSPECT THE SUPERIOR FINISH AND CONSTRUCTION OF OUR INSTRUMENT, AND JUDGE THE BEAUTY OF TONE AND TOUCH BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE.

Drawing of this Piano with Lists of all Musical Instruments and Sheet Music Post Free.

SOLE AGENTS FOR INDIA,
HAROLD AND CO., CALCUTTA, AND
S. ROSE & CO., BOMBAY.

THE
INDIAN TRAVELLER'S GUIDE
FOR FEBRUARY 1887.

CONTAINING ALL THE

SPECIAL TIME AND FARE TABLES
OF ALL THE
INDIAN RAILWAYS,
WITH
ABSTRACT OF RULES AND REGULATIONS
THE ROUTE ROUND THE WORLD
THROUGH ROUTES AND FARES FROM
BOMBAY TO PLACES IN INDIA & ABROAD
POSTAL AND TELEGRAPHIC INFORMATIONS,
STEAM-BOATS AND DAK COMPANIES
BULLOCK TRAINS & TRANSIT COMPANIES
AND THE
ROUTES BETWEEN THE PRINCIPAL TOWNS OF NORTHERN CENTRAL, SOUTHERN, AND WESTERN INDIA.
WITH A NEW COLOURED MAP OF INDIA
SHOWING EVERY RAILWAY STATION ON THE INDIAN LINES.
PRICE EIGHT ANNAS. ANNUAL SUBSCRIPTION RS. 5.
Postage Free.

Corrected up to the last day of going to press, and published on the 1st of every month at the BOMBAY GAZETTE Office.

☞ The GUIDE for February has been thoroughly revised and systematically arranged, and considerably enlarged, and the attention of travellers is particularly directed to the table of through-routes and fares from Bombay to places in India and abroad, which shows at a glance how a tourist making Bombay his starting-point can spend his time to the best advantage. Short descriptive notices of all places of interest, the hill sanitaria, &c., are also given.

This Guide, having a large monthly circulation throughout India, forms a very good medium for advertisers. For Rates, &c., apply to the Manager "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

GANDY'S AMERICAN COTTON BELTING

TO those having the use and care of machinery it is of the greatest importance to know what is the best belting to use to transmit power. To such and to all the answer is, USE THE GANDY BELT.

It has imitators, and this is the strongest proof possible, that is an article that is worth spending cash on to imitate. If it were a worthless article, or one that had not been VERY SUCCESSFUL, no one would go to the expense and trouble to imitate it. Imitation is the strongest form of flattery, and those who imitate the "GANDY" belt are proclaiming to all belt users, that the GANDY belt is the best that has ever been put before the public.

The GANDY belt has acquired such a deservedly high reputation, that belt users, after having tried all others, come back to Gand and declare that, notwithstanding the difference in price, they find it to their advantage to the American Cotton Belt made, only by the inventor and patentee.

MAURICE GANDY
130, Queen Victoria-street, London.

GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION.

AS A DRINK, one table-spoonful in a tumbler of water, GUYOT'S TAR SOLUTION purifies the blood, increases the appetite, and has the greatest efficacy against complaints of the chest, colds, coughs, and diseases of the skin, PRICKLY-HEAT, boils, etc.

Owing to the carbolic acid it contains it is the best hygienic and preservative drink in hot climates in cases of epidemics, fevers, and cholera, as it destroys all bad germs impure water.

AS A LOTION, either pure or mixed with a little water, it give immediate relief in all diseases of the skin, PRICKLY-HEAT, itch, boils carbuncles, and mosquito-bites.

Each label bears E. GUYOT'S signature printed in three colours.

Manufactory—19 Rue Jacob, Paris.

AGENTS IN BOMBAY:—Messrs. KEMP & Co., TREACHER & Co., THOMSON TAYLOR COOPER, MADON & Co.

SCHWEITZER'S COCOATINA.

Anti-Dyspeptic Cocoa or Chocolate Powder.

GUARANTEED PURE SOLUBLE COCOA OF THE FINEST QUALITY, WITHOUT SUGAR OR ADMIXTURE.

COCOATINA is the best Cocoa for INDIA and the COLONIES, *keeping for years in all climates*, being in a concentrated form. Made instantaneously with boiling water, and palatable without milk.

The FACULTY pronounce it the "most nutritious, perfectly digestible beverage for *Breakfast, Luncheon, or Supper*;" and invaluable for Invalids and Young Children. Being absolutely "all Cocoa," with the excess of fat extracted, is four times the strength of preparations thickened yet weakened with arrowroot, starch, &c., and in reality cheaper than such mixtures, a teaspoonful to a breakfast cup costing less than one halfpenny.

Celebrated for remarkable Sustaining Properties. Specially adapted for Early Breakfasts.

Adopted as a Medical Comfort in the Royal Navy.

Retailed by Chemists, Grocers, &c., in Air-tight Tins, at 1s. 6d., 3s., 5s. 6d., &c.

WHOLESALE BY THE SOLE PROPRIETORS.

H. SCHWEITZER & Co., 10, Adam Street, Strand, London, W.C.

AND ALL WHOLESALE HOUSES.

S. & H. HARRIS'S

HARNESS COMPOSITION (Waterproof) IN CONSTANT USE FOR 50 YEARS THROUGHOUT THE UNITED KINGDOM.

EBONITE BLACKING (Waterproof) FOR BOOTS, SHOES, HARNESS AND ALL BLACK LEATHER ARTICLES.

SADDLE PASTE (Waterproof).

JET BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS.

HARNESS LIQUID or Self-shining Jet.

POLISHING PASTE FOR CLEANING METALS.

Sold by all Saddlers, Ironmongers and Storekeepers,
Manufactory: 57, MANSELL STREET, LONDON, E.

Special Representative for all India, from whom Catalogues and full particulars can be obtained—

F. T. ATKINS, ALLAHABAD.

NEW YARN BALANCE,

FOR THE USE OF
SPINNERS, DOUBLERS, & YARN BUYERS.
Shows EXACT Counts at a GLANCE.

KNOWLES'S PATENT.
ACCURACY. PRECISION. SPEED.
MADE ALSO AS A
CHEMICAL AND DISPENSING BALANCE.

Dispenses with the small weights, which give so much trouble, yet weighs with certainty to *One-thousandth of a grain* or *One ten-thousandth of a grammo*. The Balance is so well constructed that it may be used in the *Chemical Laboratory* and *at the Dispensing Counter alike*.

PRICES ON APPLICATION.

THOMAS KNOWLES, Chapeltown, Turton, Near BOLTON, ENGLAND.

FREEMAN'S CHLORODYNE

TRADE MARK. REJECT SUBSTITUTES

Sold Everywhere ORIGINAL in Bottles at 12 Annas & Rs. 1/8 to Rs. 10.

CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA. AGUE, CRAMP, COLIC, NEURALGIA, and DENGUE FEVERS.

SOLE WHOLESALE AGENT FOR INDIA, W. T. ATKINS, Allahabad.

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL

KNIGHT OF THE ORDER OF LEOPOLD OF BELGIUM
KNIGHT OF THE LEGION OF HONOUR

THE PUREST. THE MOST PALATABLE. THE MOST DIGESTIBLE THE MOST EFFICACIOUS.

Incontestably proved by Thirty Years' Medical Experience to be

The only Cod Liver Oil which produces the full curative effects in

CONSUMPTION AND DISEASES OF THE CHEST, THROAT AFFECTIONS, GENERAL DEBILITY DISEASES OF THE SKIN, WASTING DISEASES OF CHILDREN, RICKETS AND ALL SCROFULOUS DISORDERS.

SELECT MEDICAL OPINIONS.

Sir G. DUNCAN GIBB, Bart., M.D.,
Physician to the Westminster Hospital.

"The value of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL as a therapeutic agent in a number of diseases, chiefly of an exhaustive character, has been admitted by the world of medicine; but, in addition, I have found it a remedy of great power in the treatment of many Affections of the Throat and Larynx, especially in Consumption of the latter, where it will sustain life when everything else fails."

Dr. SINCLAIR COGHILL,
Physician to the Royal National Hospital for Consumption, Ventnor.

"I have convinced myself that in Tubercular and he various forms of Strumous Disease, DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL possesses greater therapeutic efficacy than any other Cod Liver Oil with which I am acquainted. It was especially noted, in a large number of cases in which the patients protested they had never been able to retain or digest other Cod Liver Oil, that DR. DE JONGH'S OIL was not only tolerated, but taken ally, and with marked benefit."

JOSEPH J. POPE, Esq., M.R.C.S.
Late Staff Surgeon Army, Professor of Hygiene, Birkbeck Institution.

"I found during my Indian experience that the worth and character of DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL remained unchanged by tropical heat or foreign climate, and it was from its uniformity of character, particularly adapted for long-continued administration. The value of 'hydro-carbons' in all debilitated states of the system is now becoming thoroughly recognized; and it is, without doubt, from the animal oils and fats, rather than from their vegetable substitutes, that we may hope to derive the surest benefit. The Oil of DR. DE JONGH places in everyone's reach a reliable and valuable remedy, one that cannot be, too widely recognized."

Dr. R. C. CROFT,
Author of "Handbook for the Nursery."

"DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is almost a specific in many of the Diseases peculiar to Infancy and Childhood, and I have seen marked benefit produced by its use. Patients prefer it to the Pale Oils, and are able to retain it more comfortably."

DR. DE JONGH'S LIGHT-BROWN COD LIVER OIL is supplied ONLY in IMPERIAL Half-Pints, Pints and Quarts, sealed with BETTS' Patent Capsule impressed on the top with DR. DE JONGH'S Stamp, and on the side with his Signature, and the Signature of ANSAR, HARFORD & Co.; and bearing under the wrapper a Label with the same Stamp and Signatures.

WITHOUT THESE MARKS NONE CAN POSSIBLY BE GENUINE.

Sold by all respectable Chemists, Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

SOLE CONSIGNEES,
ANSAR, HARFORD & Co., 210, High Holborn, London.

POMMERY AND GRENO,

EXTRA SEC.

WE keep in stock supplies of this First-class Champagne.

Per case of 1 doz. quarts.....Rs. 70
Per case of 2 doz. pints .....Rs. 73
LESS 5 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.

CUTLER, PALMER & CO.,
BOMBAY.
BY SPECIAL APPOINTMENT TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE VICEROY.

BOURNE & SHEPHERD,
PHOTOGRAPHERS,
ESPLANADE ROAD.

Studio open from
9 a.m., to 4 p.m.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is the only Patent Medicine of the kind or name awarded Certificate of Merit at the Calcutta International Exhibition, 1883-4; and the only trade Mark—"PHOSPHODYNE"—Registered and Protected under the Trade Marks Act, 38 and 39 Vic. 91. Certified by the Registrar of Trade Marks, London.

HEALTH, STRENGTH, & ENERGY

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

For TWENTY-FIVE YEARS has maintained its world-wide reputation as the ONLY SAFE, RELIABLE, PHOSPHORIC REMEDY ever discovered for the Permanent Cure of Brain Wreckage, Paralysis, Sleeplessness, Harassing Dreams, Premature Decay of Vital Power, and all Functional and Diseased Conditions of the system dependent upon the deficiency of the Vital Forces.

It Cures Dyspepsia, Nerve, and Heart Disease.
Cures Kidney and Liver Complaints.
Cures all Disorders of the Blood.
Cures Depression and Loss of Appetite.
Cures Consumption and General Debility.
Checks all Wasting of the Vital Forces
From whatever Cause arising.

The EFFECT of this Standard Phosphoric Remedy in Nervous Debility and its Kindred Evils is immediate and permanent, all the Miserable Feelings and Distressing Symptoms disappearing with a rapidity that is REALLY MARVELLOUS.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE,

Whilst Pleasant to the Taste and Agreeable to the Stomach, never fails to Purify and Enrich the Blood, and thoroughly invigorate the Brain, Nerves, and Muscles. Its energising effects are shown from the First Day of its administration by a remarkable Increase of Nerve and Intellectual Power, with a feeling of Courage, Strength, and Comfort to which the Patient has long been unaccustomed. Digestion is invigorated. The Appetite increases wonderfully. The Bowels become regular. Sleep becomes calm and refreshing. The Face becomes fuller, the Lips red, the Eyes brighter, the Skin clear and healthy, and the Hair acquires strength showing the importance of its action in the Organs of Nutrition.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Actually creates New Nervous Fluid and Brain Matter by supplying the Blood with its Electric Life Element Phosphorous, "*the very Clive and Centre of the Brain itself*;" and kindles afresh the Fire of Life from the Sole of the Foot to the Crown of the Head.

The unequalled Curative Properties of this Preparation has spread its fame throughout every Nation and Country in the World as the only medicine of real efficacy for Renovating Broken-down Constitutions. Restoring the fullest and most Vigorous Conditions of Robust Health and Manhood under every circumstance, and at very age, by nourishing, fertilising, and developing all the powers of every necessary part of the human organisation, thus ensuring a sound and permanent restoration of the impaired organs wherever a deficiency of natural vigour has for years existed, so that all the duties of life may be pursued with Confidence and Pleasure.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE.

Thousands of unimpeachable Testimonials from all parts of the World, and from the highest Medical Authorities, prove conclusively the verdict universal that in the world of scientific research no other Phosphoric Preparation has received such exalted praise and distinguished recognition.

The very remarkable cures effected by DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE has induced numbers of Physicians to prescribe and use it in their own families, and in several of the London Hospitals.

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE

Is sold in Bottles at 4s. 6d and 11s., by all Chemists and Druggists throughout the World.

Full Printed Directions for the guidance of Patients in the Self-Treatment of the above Diseases are enclosed with each Bottle.

MANUFACTURED ONLY AT

DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE
LABORATORY.
HAMPSTEAD, LONDON, N. W.

BEWARE OF VILE IMITATIONS.—*NONE IS GENUINE UNLESS* every Bottle bears the British Government Stamp with the words DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE, London, England, engraved thereon. The great Popularity of DR. LALOR'S PHOSPHODYNE has raised up Miserable Imitations in India and the Colonies, made up from cheap, useless Drugs by Ignorant Pretenders. See that the above words are on the Government Stamp before you purchase, and thus avoid dangerous consequences by the use of Spurious imitations.

AGENTS—TREACHER & CO.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

AUTHORISED
BUGGY, SHIGRAM AND VICTORIA FARES,
With an alphabetical index of Buildings and Places mentioned in the Fare list,
with number of Stand, &c.
Complete and easy reference
Size 3 inches by 4½ inches.
Can be easily carried in the waistcoat pocket.
Cloth Limp Cover.
Price, Annas 4.
To be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Press

PHOSPHORUS THE GREAT REMEDY
FOR DISORDERS OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM.

IT is agreed by all Medical authorities that PHOSPHORUS plays a very important part in the NUTRITION OF THE BRAIN and NERVE-TISSUE, and possesses SPECIAL CURATIVE VITALIZING and ENERGIZING PROPERTIES.

In OVER BRAIN WORK, MELANCHOLIA, EPILEPSY, HYSTERIA, NEURALGIA, LOSS of NERVE POWER, and other Manifestations of NERVOUS EXHAUSTION PHOSPHORUS IS INVALUABLE.

DR. WOOD says: "PHOSPHORUS in NERVOUS EXHAUSTION, whether involving the cerebra or special centres, is of GREAT VALUE. I have seen marked benefit from its use when the symptoms were not severe enough to indicate *organic lesion*, but the most remarkable results have been in cases in which the structure of the centre was apparently deeply indicated. In threatened BRAIN SOFTENING it is the ONLY drug that can ARREST THE DISEASE. In NEURALGIA its use is commended by reason as well as by experience and gives SPEEDY RELIEF."

DR. PEREIRA says: "PHOSPHORUS excites the nervous vascular and secretory organs, increases the fullness and frequency of the pulse and heightens mental activity and muscular power.

H. AND T. KIRBY & CO.'S PREPARATIONS OF PHOSPHORUS are made according to Dr. Kirby's Formulæ, and it is admitted that in NO OTHER FORMS can PHOSPHORUS be administered so safely or effectually, Syrups and all Liquid Preparations being either INERT or DANGEROUS. The following combinations are largely prescribed —

IN NERVOUS DEBILITY, SCIATICA AND NEURALGIA PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS GIVE SPEEDY RELIEF.

This valuable combination of two powerful tonics is a very useful restorative, and is found most beneficial in the treatment of diseases of a low type in CONVALESCENCE from FEVERS and other acute exhausting diseases. As a tonic and antiperiodic it is largely used in India in some stages of fevers and to counteract the exhausting influence of the excessive heat of the climate

IN LOSS OF NERVE POWER PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND STRYCHNIA PILLS ARE INVALUABLE

as also in all cases of MAL-NUTRITION, whether the consequence of acute diseases, such as FEVERS, BLOOD POISONING or result of OVER WORK, DISSIPATION, Indulgence in ALCOHOLIC STIMULANTS or excess of any kind, and in cases of WAKEFULNESS, FEEBLENESS of MEMORY, GIDDINESS and TREMBLING of the VOLUNTARY MUSCLES on EXERTION and some forms of SKIN DISEASE.

EARLY DECAY OF MENTAL VIGOUR AND PREMATURE OLD AGE.

LOWNESS of SPIRITS and ATONIC DYSPEPSIA arising from OVERWORK and IMPOTENCE IN OLD or DEBILITATED SUBJECTS, are much alleviated by a course of PHOSPHORUS and NUX VOMICA PILLS.

IN BRIGHT'S DISEASE,

after the acute symptoms have subsided PHOSPHORUS and CANTHARIDES PILLS act very beneficially, as also in ATONY or PARALYSIS OF THE BLADDER, producing INCONTINENCE of URINE.

The abovementioned preparations are largely prescribed, together with other combinations described in Dr. Kirby's Work on the REMEDIAL VALUE of PHOSPHORUS, which may be obtained from any of the Agents mentioned below.

CAUTION.—Messrs. H. & T. Kirby & Co. caution the medical profession and public against imitations of their preparations. Some are Exceedingly Dangerous and others Inert. Every Bottle of the Genuine Pills bears their Trade Mark. Sold in Bottles, price Rs. 2, Rs. 3-8, and Rs. 6-8 each. The large Bottles contain sufficient for a course of Phosphorus extending over 3 to 6 weeks.

AGENTS IN INDIA.

Messrs. Smith, Stanistreet and Co., Calcutta; Messrs. Treacher and Co., Bombay and Poona; Messrs. Cooper Madon and Co., Bombay; Messrs. Lyell and Co., Allahabad; Messrs. W. E. Smith and Co., Madras; Messrs. Bull Hobson and Co., Umballa and Kasauli.

SARSAPARILLA.

Wilkinson's Essence or Fluid Extract of
RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA

Is the ONLY PREPARATION RECOGNISED by the FACULTY as a WONDERFUL PURIFIER of the HUMAN BLOOD

It is not too much to say that those suffering from the effects of TROPICAL CLIMATES, such as TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ATTENUATION of BODY ERUPTIONS, LASSITUDE, &c., will by taking this extraordinary ESSENCE of RED JAMAICA SARSAPARILLA, soon find relief and ultimately a cure. It is asserted by those who take a little DAILY the system becomes less liable to attacks of illness.

"We cannot speak too highly of it."—*Lancet.*
"We recommend our *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla*."—*Medical Review.*
"The only preparation for removing what may be called the Sequelæ of a mercurial course."—*Sir R. Martin.*

The late Lord Clyde, writing for a further supply of Wilkinson's *Sarsaparilla*, says, "I am never without it, for when feeling depressed or out of sorts from anxiety or fatigue, a dose or two animates me."

"Your Essence of *Red Jamaica Sarsaparilla* CURED me of a Torpid Liver after all other remedies failed."—*Earl of Aldborough.*

PREPARED ONLY BY
THOMAS WILKINSON (Member of the Pharmaceutical Society), 270 Regent St., London.

Sold in small, medium and large bottles.

CAUTION.—Many spurious, worthless, and injurious preparations are offered, to the Public; see that both Bottle and Label have the Name and Address also Trade Mark W, in a diamond) at the bottom of the bottle.

WILKINSON'S
BRONCHIO-THORACIC LOZENGES.

AGENTS: TREACHER AND Co. KEMP AND Co ROGERS AND Co BOLTON AND Co., and PHILLIPS AND Co., Bombay, and all respectable Firms in India.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE.

The Rates of Subscription to the *Bombay Gazette* are as follows:—

To SUBSCRIBERS IN BOMBAY—*Delivered free.*

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 48	Per Annum	Rs.
Half-yearly	„ 25	Half-yearly	„ 26
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 13
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 6

To SUBSCRIBERS—UP-COUNTRY.

In Advance.		*In Arrear.*	
Per Annum	Rs. 52	Per Annum	Rs. 56
Half-yearly	„ 26	Half-yearly	„ 28
Quarterly	„ 13	Quarterly	„ 14
Monthly	„ 5	Monthly	„ 7

These Up-country Rates include Postage Rates.

SINGLE COPY ..... As. 4.

Price for Back Numbers varies according to lapse of time between As. 8 and Rs. 2.

TERMS FOR ADVERTISEMENTS.

Ten Lines and under—
First insertion ..... Rs. 1 0
Second do. ..... „ 0 12
Third do. ..... „ 0 8
Fourth and succeeding insertions ..... „ 0 4
Each line but no Advertisement counted as less than eight lines.

All Advertisements are charged according to the space occupied. Nonpareil or smallest type, 12 lines of which make an inch.

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.
First insertion ..... 3 As. per line.
Second do. ..... 2½ „ „
Third and succeeding ..... 2 „ „
In the Native Languages, double the above.

For Advertisements which are to be inserted for considerable time special contracts may be made

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES: EACH—TWO RUPEES.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisements of two or three lines relating to such matter as Small Sales, Business Cards, Situations Wanted, or Servant Required, Houses or Lodgings, to the Change of Residence, Articles Lost or Found. The scale for Advertisements belonging to any of these classes is as follows:—

Not exceeding three lines ..... Re. 1.
Each succeeding line ..... „ 0-6

Advertisements exceeding five lines will be charged at our present ordinary rates.

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than one rupee, and payment must in all cases be made in Cash.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
BI-WEEKLY EDITION.

To SUBSCRIBERS

IN BOMBAY.		UP-COUNTRY.	
Per Annum	Rs. 12	Per Annum	Rs. 16
Half-yearly	„ 6	Half-yearly	„ 8
Quarterly	„ 3	Quarterly	„ 4

BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY
Post Free.

Per Annum ..... Rs. 1
Half-yearly ..... „
Quarterly ..... „

BOMBAY GAZETTE
WEEKLY BUDGET,
Post Free.

Per Annum ..... Rs.
Half-yearly ..... „ 0
Quarterly ..... „ 1 3

CHEQUES, MONEY ORDERS, and other Remittances should be made payable to the "Proprietors" of the *Bombay Gazette*.

With the Compliments of the Government of Maharashtra
on 27 June, 2017

A HIGH-CLASS ANTI-CORROSIVE

LUBRICANT

("ENGELBERT'S LUBRICATOR")

FOR CYLINDERS, VALVES, SHAFTING, BEARINGS, &c.

LEAVES NO DIRT OR DEPOSIT. CANNOT "GUM" OR CLOG.

Price Rs. 3.8 per Gallon.

PATENTEES AND SOLE MANUFACTURERS,

ENGELBERT & CO.,

BISHOPSGATE, LONDON.

AGENT—J. B. K. MACBETH, ENGINEER, BOMBAY.

"MOLLISCORIUM."

For Softening, Preserving and Waterproofing

HARNESS, BOOTS AND SHOES, &c.,

ALSO FOR OILING CARRIAGE AXLES.

HARNESS COMPOSITION.

For Nourishing the Leather and producing a Brilliant Polish.

BLACK OIL FOR HARNESS

For Maintaining a Beautiful Black.

May be ordered through any House in the Trade, either here or in the United Kingdom.

VANNER & PREST, Manufacturers and Patentees, London.

MRS. LAKE

BALL, DINNER, AND VISITING DRESSES. TRAVELLING, WALKING, AND DRIVING COSTUMES.

PARIS BONNETS AND HATS

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

WEDDING TROUSSEAUX

Mourning orders carefully and promptly executed.

FRENCH FLOWERS, FEATHERS, CORSETS, AND NOVELTIES.

INFANT'S HOODS, HATS, PELISSES, CLOAKS, &c.

MRS. LAKE.

MAISON DE MODES,

BOMBAY.

EVERY REQUISITE FOR LADIES' AND CHILDREN.

LADIES' OWN MATERIALS MADE WITH CARE AND TASTE.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S

Pickles, Sauces, Jams, Jellies, Tart Fruits, Potted Meats.

PURVEYORS BY APPOINTMENT TO HER IMPERIAL MAJESTY THE EMPRESS OF INDIA.

Preserved Fish, Soups, Game, Sausages, Hams, Bacon and Cheese

May be obtained of all Storekeepers throughout India.

ALL GENUINE GOODS ARE LABELLED

CROSSE & BLACKWELL,

PURVEYORS TO THE QUEEN,

SOHO SQUARE, LONDON.

SPECIAL AGENTS FOR

LEA & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE.

ORIGINAL BOTTLING (★ .. ★★ .. ★★★)

OF THE CELEBRATED

"JOHN JAMESON WHISKEY"

THE LEADING BRAND OF IRISH.

Observe that the **SPECIAL EXPORT LABEL** bears the Signature—

John Jameson & Son

SOLE EXPORT BOTTLING AGENTS to Messrs. John Jameson & Son, Dublin,

CHARLES DAY & CO., LONDON.

TREACHER & Co., Ld.. AGENTS. Bombay, Byculla, and Goa.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

In consequence of Imitations of THE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE which are calculated to deceive the Public, Lea and Perrins have to request that Purchasers see that the Label on every bottle bears their Signature thus—

Lea & Perrins

without which no bottle of the original WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE is genuine.

Ask for LEA and PERRINS' Sauce, and see Name on Wrapper, Label, Bottle and Stopper. Wholesale and for Export by the Proprietors, Worcester; Crosse and Blackwell, London, &c., &c.; and by Grocers and Oilmen throughout the World.

DINNEFORD'S

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

AGENTS—TREACHER & Co., Bombay.

„ KEMP & Co., Bombay.

"CARLTON" WHISKEY.

CARLTON RICHD MATHEWS & Co. LONDON TRADE MARK WHISKEY.

GOLD MEDAL, CALCUTTA EXHIBITION, 1884.

We guarantee the respective ages of the two qualities we ship as 11 and 5 years old, but owing to new regulations on the part of the London Custom House, we are now *compelled* to Label our Brand as follows:—

The oldest and best (11 Years Old) } as "AWARDED GOLD MEDAL," *White Capsule.*

The next best (5 Years Old) } as "OF GREAT AGE," *Red Capsule.*

WE HAVE NOT VARIED THE QUALITY ONE IOTA, NOR SHOULD WE HAVE, WITHOUT COMPULSION, MADE ANY ALTERATION IN LABEL.

CAUTION.—Owing to the popularity of our Whiskey, fraudulent imitations of our Label are not uncommon, and these are placed on bottles containing the most objectionable liquid. So that our Friends and the Public will do well to ascertain that our TRADE MARK appears engraved on CORKS, CAPSULES, and LABELS as per sketch above.

RICHARD MATHEWS & Co., Shippers, London.

CUTLER, PALMER & Co., Agents for India.

CARRIAGE OR PALKI CLOCKS.

SO called because, having watch movements, and being fitted into a handy, portable form of case, they are perfectly adapted to the requirements of Travellers by sea or by land. They all go for eight days, or in otherwords, require to be wound once a week. They go in any position, and are unaffected by rough or violent movement. *They are protected by strong leather cases fitted with hand straps for carrying them about.* The frames are of solid bronze richly gilded, or of nickel, or enamelled, having thick plate-glass panels all round with polished bevilled edges, and fitted so accurately that neither dust nor damp can enter. Those that strike are spoken of as Clocks, and those without striking parts as Time-pieces.

3½ Inch high, cylinder Time-pieces	Rs. 35
4½ do. do.	„ 45
Medium size, 4½ to 5 inch high, Time-piece, nickel and gilt, sound cylinder movement	„ 55
The same with alarum	„ 65
4½ Inch high, plain gilt Time-piece with lever movement	„ 70
The same with alarum	„ 80
4½ In. high clock, with superior horizontal movement,	„ 90
The same with lever movement	„ 100
5½ In. high do.	„ 115
The same with repeater actions	„ 125
The same repeater and alarum Rs. 130 &	„ 140
Do. nickel and gilt, extra finish	„ 200
Lever Escapement, alarum with two Bells striking quarters	„ 225
Highly finished Fancy Enamelled case, chiming quarters on two gongs with alarum	„ 275
Largest size, 15 inch high, chiming quarters on four bells, and striking the hours on a gong	„ 450
The Mignon Carriage Time-piece, 2½ in. high, with enamelled or gilt dial, smallest size	„ 120
Do. do. extra Finish	„ 150
Enamel case, 3 in. high, cylinder	„ 75
The Mignon Carriage Clock, in Enamelled case, with Lever movement, highest quality, extra finish	„ 280

THE ARMY AND NAVY CLOCK.

Like the Carriage Clock, has a watch movement. The objects chiefly aimed at, are still greater portability and subordinating decorative appearance altogether to utility. It has a strong, well-finished solid brass Lever movement, 5-inch Enamelled dial with bold figures, going Eight Days, striking hours and half-hours, in solid plain case with lock and key. A sound and serviceable article on which dependence can be placed Rs. 75

The same as above 6-inch dial	„ 80
Do Time-piece with seconds hand.	„ 65
Second quality Time-piece with 5-in. dial	„ 35
Do. do 3½-in. dial	„ 30
Small Drum Time-pieces and Clocks, in brass or nickel, of various qualities, with Watch movements Rs.	to 60

Price List of Wall Clocks, Bracket Clocks, Hall or Library Clocks, post free on application to

MARCKS AND Co., LIMITED,

(OPPOSITE UNIVERSITY CLOCK TOWER,)

BOMBAY.

CALCUTTA FAVRE-LEUBA & Co. SECUNDERABAD

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.'s

CAMPAIGN KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES,

IN METAL CASES.

Open-face,	Hunting,	Cut-hunting,
Rs. 25.	Rs. 28.	Rs. 30.

IN STERLING SILVER CASES.

Open-face,	Hunting,	Cut-hunting,
Rs. 40.	Rs. 45.	Rs. 50.

ARE ACKNOWLEDGED

To be the best and most suitable Watches for rough and daily use procurable.

2 Years' Guarantee.

FAVRE-LEUBA & Co.

BOMBAY

Not an Emulsion and consequently does not contain an equal quantity of, (or any) water charged for at the price of Oil.

MÖLLER'S

MOLLER'S COD LIVER OIL TRADE MARK REGISTERED

COD LIVER OIL.

Has the natural very pale colour & the slight taste, a pleasant one.

Preserved in its pristine purity by Gaynald bottles.

The pure world renowned Oil, perfected in one operation, consequently needing no after manipulations—usually covers for imperfections.

Apenta

THE ONLY TASTELESS APERIENT.

HUNGARIAN NATURAL MINERAL WATER.

Highest Award at the International Medical Exhibition, London, 1881.

ÆSCULAP GIVES IMMEDIATE RELIEF AND ULTIMATE CURE IN ALL CASES OF CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, AFFECTIONS OF THE STOMACH AND LIVER, GOUT, HEADACHE, RHEUMATISM, SCIATICA, NEURALGIA, GRAVEL AND KIDNEY AFFECTIONS.

INVALUABLE FOR CORRECTING THE ILL EFFECTS OF ERROR OR EXCESS IN DIET.

ÆSCULAP COMBINES IN THE HIGHEST DEGREE THE APERIENT PROPERTIES OF ALL OTHER MINERAL WATERS WITH GREATER ALKALINITY AND NONE OF THEIR DEBILITATING INFLUENCE AND UNPLEASANT TASTE.

ÆSCULAP IS UNSURPASSED FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN. AND BUDA PESTH.

THE ÆSCULAP BITTER WATER COMPANY, LIMITED, 38, SNOW HILL, HOLBORN VIADUCT, LONDON, E.C.

AGENTS:—KEMP & Co., Ld., for Bombay and the Presidency.

ACTON & BORMAN'S

SPECIALITIES:

"PROTECTOR" KNIFE POLISH,

In 3d Packets And 6d 1s 2s 6d Tins EVERYWHERE

"ROYAL LUSTRE" BLACK LEAD

In Packets, 1d. & 2d. ONE TRIAL SOLICITED

ALSO

"GENUINE" EMERY-EMERY AND GLASS CLOTHS.

"ROYAL PATENT" FLEXIBLE GLASS PAPER.

BLOCK BLACK LEADS, KNIFE BOARDS, &c

72, SHOE LANE, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1781.

MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY, SPECIALLY FOR HULLING AND CLEANING RICE.

YARROW'S

SMALL STEAMERS AND STEAM LAUNCHES.

Screw Steamers with speeds ranging up to 26 miles an hour.

Paddle Steamers with draft ranging down to 6 inches of water.

Stern Wheel Steamers with very shallow draft especially suitable for river navigation.

MACHINERY CONSTRUCTED FOR BOATS BUILT ABROAD.

YARROW & CO., POPLAR, LONDON, E.

Builders of the Stern Wheel Steamers used by the British Government for the Nile Expedition.

Cuticura

Eczema on Scalp.

A POSITIVE CURE

for every form of

SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASE

FROM

Scrofula on Neck.

PIMPLES TO SCROFULA

DISFIGURING HUMORS, Humiliating Eruptions, Itching and Burning Skin and Scaly Tortures, and every species of Itching, Scaly, Pimply, Inherited, Scrofulous, and Syphilitic Diseases of the Blood, Skin and Scalp, with Loss of Hair, from infancy to old age, are cured by CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, internally, and CUTICURA and CUTICURA SOAP, the great Skin Cures and Beautifiers, externally.

Agonizing, Itching, and Burning Skin Diseases, Eczema, Tetter, Ringworm, Psoriasis, Lichen, Pruritus, Dandruff, and Delicate Irritations peculiar to both sexes, instantly relieved by a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP and a single application of CUTICURA, the great Skin Cure. This repeated daily, with three doses of CUTICURA RESOLVENT, will speedily cure Itching Diseases of the Skin and Scalp, when all other means fail.

A Magnificent Popular Work on the Skin, with Engraved Plates, is wrapped about the RESOLVENT. Also, one hundred Testimonials, solemnly sworn to before the British Consul, which repeat this story: I have been a terrible sufferer for years from Diseases of the Skin and Blood; have been obliged to shun public places by reason of my disfiguring humors; have had the best physicians; have spent hundreds of dollars, and got no relief until I used the CUTICURA REMEDIES, which have cured me, and left my skin and blood as pure as a child's. Send address with stamp to either of the wholesale druggists named in the opposite column, for "How to Cure Skin and Blood Diseases."

CUTICURA RESOLVENT, the new Blood Purifier, Diuretic, and Aperient, cleanses the Blood and Perspiration of all Impurities and Poisonous Elements, and thus removes the CAUSE. Hence it cures speedily, permanently, and economically.

Cuticura, the GREAT SKIN CURE (a Medicinal Jelly for external use), instantly allays Itching and Inflammation, clears the Skin and Scalp of Humors, Sores, and Dandruff, destroys Dead Skin and Flesh, heals Ulcers, Sores, and Old Running Wounds, restores the Hair, and beautifies the Skin.

Cuticura Soap, an exquisite Skin Beautifier and Toilet Requisite, prepared from CUTICURA, is indispensable in treating Skin Diseases, Baby Humors, Skin Blemishes, Prickly Heat, Rashes, Sunburn, and Rough, Chapped, or Greasy Skin.

Cuticura Remedies are the only real Blood Purifiers and Skin Beautifiers free from mercury, arsenic, lead, zinc, or any other mineral or vegetable poison whatsoever. Guaranteed absolutely pure by the Analytical Chemists of the State of Massachusetts.

For Sale by all Chemists in India. Price, CUTICURA, 50cts.; large boxes, $1.00. CUTICURA SOAP, 25 cts. CUTICURA RESOLVENT, $1.00.

Wholesale Agents: Treacher & Co., Bombay; Smith, Sanistreet, & Co., Calcutta.

PREPARED BY THE

Potter Drug & Chemical Co., Boston, U. S. A.

TILES & MOSAICS of all description for ENTRANCE HALLS, VERANDAHS Ornamental Glazed Tiles for covering Walls, Baths, &c. &c.

THE CAMPBELL TILE Co.

206, G.t PORTLAND St. LONDON

SPECIAL DESIGNS and Catalogues free on Application

MANUFACTORY STOKE ON TRENT, ENGLAND.

DUBLIN 1872 VIENNA 1873 PARIS 1878 MELBOURNE 1880

ASK FOR

LIEBIG COMPANY'S EXTRACT OF MEAT

And see that each Jar bears Baron Liebig's Signature in Blue Ink across the Label.

J. de Liebig

FINEST AND CHEAPEST MEAT-FLAVOURING STOCK FOR SOUPS, MADE DISHES AND SAUCES.

Invaluable for India as an Efficient Tonic in all cases of Weakness.

Keeps good in the hottest Climates, and for any length of time.

To be had of all Storekeepers and Dealers throughout India.

Cookery Books Post Free on Application to the Company.

LIEBIG'S EXTRACT OF MEAT Co., Limited, Fenchurch Avenue, London, England.

W. G. BAGNALL,

CASTLE ENGINE WORKS,

STAFFORD, ENGLAND.

MANUFACTURER OF

LIGHT RAILWAYS AND TRAMWAYS.

FOR ESTATES, PLANTATIONS, MUNICIPALITIES, BRANCH LINES,

PRIVATE PASSENGER LINES FOR NATIVE PRINCES.

As a guarantee of quality, it may be mentioned that W. G. BAGNALL manufactures and supplies these to H.M. Government for use in India, the Soudan, the Suakim-Berber Railway, and in all parts of the world.

Being the ACTUAL MANUFACTURER, lowest prices and reliable and suitable work are ensured.

Mr. W. G. BAGNALL will be glad to enter into correspondence and send full particulars to gentlemen requiring these, or to Merchants and others able to influence business.

W. G. BAGNALL,

CASTLE ENGINE WORKS, STAFFORD, ENGLAND.

Rowlands' Macassar Oil

has been known for nearly 120 years as the best and safest preserver, restorer and beautifier of the human hair; it is warranted free from any lead or mineral ingredients, of which most hair preparations are composed and which ruin the health (vide Medical papers). It keeps fresh and sweet in the hottest climates and has a delicate and fragrant bouquet or rose; it prevents hair falling off or turning grey, frees it from weak hair, eradicates scurf or dandriff, and renders the hair soft, curly, or crisp, as desired; it also stimulates the growth of whiskers and moustaches. It is especially recommended for children as forming the basis of a beautiful head of hair, and can also be had in

GOLDEN COLOUR,

which, after great time and trouble, has been especially prepared for the use of golden-haired children and fair or grey-haired adults. Sizes 3s. 6d.; 7s.; family bottles, equal to four small, 10s. 6d.; and double that size, 21s.

ROWLANDS' KALYDOR is a healing and refreshing preparation for the face, hands, and arms; it eradicates freckles, tan, sunburn, redness, roughness of the skin, pimples, flushings, and cutaneous eruptions etc., and produces a beautiful and delicate complexion.

ROWLANDS' ODONTO whitens the teeth, prevents and arrests decay, strengthens the gums, and gives a delightful fragrance to the breath. Ask anywhere for ROWLANDS' articles, at 20, Hatton Garden, London, and avoid spurious imitations under similar names.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL AGENTS:—

TREACHER & Co., BYCULLA AND FORT, BOMBAY.

NEAVE'S FOOD FOR INFANTS

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST FARINACEOUS FOOD

GROWING CHILDREN

FIRST ESTABLISHED 1825

INVALIDS & THE AGED

CHILDHOOD PROMOTES ROBUST HEALTH NEAVE'S FARINACEOUS INVALIDS' FOOD TRADE MARK.

LANCET—"Carefully prepared and highly nutritious."

BRITISH MEDICAL JOURNAL—"Well adapted for Children, Aged People, and Invalids."

IN ONE-POUND CANISTERS, ONE SHILLING EACH.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

WHOLESALE OF THE MANUFACTURER.

J. R. NEAVE & CO., FORDINGBRIDGE, ENGLAND.

THE BECK-REECE PATENT ICE MAKING AND REFRIGERATING MACHINES.

For the Manufacture of Transparent Block Ice or for all Refrigerating Purposes on the Anhydrous Ammonia Absorption System.

ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF LIQUID AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT 900 UNITS OF HEAT.

ONE POUND IN WEIGHT OF ETHER WILL ABSTRACT ONLY 163 UNITS OF HEAT.

MADE BY THIS SYSTEM, AMMONIA WILL ABSTRACT NEARLY SIX TIMES AS MUCH HEAT AS ETHER UNDER SIMILAR CONDITIONS.

NO AIR PUMPS! NO VAPOR PUMPS!! NO BRINE PUMPS!!

A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine will make	10 lbs.	of Ice with an expenditure of	One Pound of Coal.
A 20 „ „ „ „	15 lbs.	„ „ „	One Pound of Coal.
A 10 Ton Size ETHER Machine makes	5 lbs.	„ „ „	One Pound of Coal.
A 20 „ „ „ „	6 lbs.	„ „ „	One Pound of Coal.

A 10 Ton Size BECK-REECE Machine requires a steam engine of 3 horse power.

A 10 „ ETHER „ „ „ 30 „

In selecting a Freezing Machine these advantages undeniably point to the great superiority of Anhydrous Ammonia by the BECK-REECE *Patent System over Ether or other Refrigerants.*

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS OR FOR CATALOGUES APPLY TO

W. H. BECK, 116, Cannon Street, London, E.C.

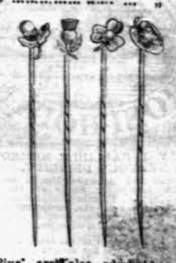
NOTICES.

INDIA—ENGLAND—SCOTLAND—IRELAND.

A SET OF FOUR GOLD "NATIONAL PLANT" SCARF PINS,

REPRESENTING

INDIA	by the Lotus.
ENGLAND	„ Oak.
SCOTLAND	„ Thistle.
IRELAND	„ Shamrock



These Pins are also admirably adapted for LADIES' USE, and are, indeed, fashionable for the purpose being worn in the bonnet strings and dress.

CASH PRICES.

The Acorn and "Thistle" pins Rs. 16 each.
The Lotus and "Shamrock" pins „ 12 „
If the set of 4 be purchased Rs. 50, supplied in Morocco case holding the set.

PEARL PINS.

Rs. 10 cash. Rs. 11 cash. Rs. 10 cash. Rs. 13 cash.

GIPSY LACE BROOCHES.

These Pearl-set Brooches are the height of the fashion. The settings are of 18-carat gold; the designs are exquisite; and the finish unsurpassed. Ladies wear any number up to half-a-dozen in the dress and bonnet strings.

Rs. 30 cash. Rs. 12 cash.
Rs. 16 cash. Rs. 11 cash.
Rs. 16 cash. Rs. 10 cash.

LAWN-TENNIS PRESENTATION BROOCH

A PRETTY GOLD AND PLATINUM BROOCH, Set with Pearls.
Rs. 35 cash.
Without the Pearls, Rs. 27 cash, complete in Morocco Case.

GOLD KEY BROOCH.
Set with Pearls. Rs. 40 cash.

SPLINTER BAR AND HORSE-SHOE GOLD BROOCH
Rs. 27 cash.
Ditto set with Diamonds.
Rs. 113 cash.

HAMILTON AND COMPANY,

JEWELLERS AND WATCHMAKERS,

RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

A LAXATIVE AND REFRESHING FRUIT LOZENGE, most agreeable to take, does not interfere with business and pleasure.

TAMAR INDIEN GRILLON

FOR

CONSTIPATION,

Hæmorrhoids,

Bile, Headache,

Loss of Appetite,

Gastric & Intestinal

Troubles.

Sold by all Chemists and Druggists.

E. GRILLON, 68, QUEEN STREET, CHEAPSIDE, LONDON.

Gold Medal Paris, 1878

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S STEEL PENS.

Sold by all Stationers throughout the World.

These world-famous Pens are of the highest possible quality; for sixty five years universally applied the "Best in the World."

For further information, address—

Mr. T. CROWDER,

3, Churchgate Street, Bombay.

PERRY DAVIS' PAIN KILLER

IS A PURELY VEGETABLE REMEDY For INTERNAL and EXTERNAL Use.

PAIN KILLER has never failed when used according to directions. In proof of this assertion, every bottle, and its genuine article, is warranted to be the most concentrated, the strongest, and the best.

PAIN KILLER is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Colds, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, and all Bowel Complaints.

PAIN KILLER IS THE BEST remedy known for Sick Headache, Pain in the Back or Side, Rheumatism, and Neuralgia.

PAIN KILLER is unquestionably the BEST, Liniment MADE. It gives speedy and permanent relief in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Burns, Scalds, &c.

PAIN KILLER is the well-tried and trusted friend of the Mechanic, Sailor, Farmer, Planter, Settler, and in fact all classes wanting a medicine always at hand, and ready to use internally or externally with certainty of relief.

☞ No family can afford to be without this invaluable remedy in the house. Its price brings it within the reach of all, and it will assuredly save many times its cost in doctor bills.

Directions in 15 languages.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, Providence, R. I., Proprietors.

GENERAL AGENT AT BOMBAY:

RSUFALLY HIPTOOLA,

No. 9, Poer Market near Jumma Musjid.

Printed and Published by an Proprietor, GRATTAN GEARY, at the Bombay Gazette Steam Press, No. 7, Rampart Row, Fort, Bombay.

AGENTS.—LONDON: GEORGE STREET & Co., 30, Cornhill, E. C.—PARIS: Messrs. GALIGNANI & Co., 224, Rue de Rivoli.—GENEVA: Messrs. TRIPLER & Co.